REQUEST FOR APPLICATIONS *Agriculture and Food Research Initiative Competitive Grants Program Foundational and Applied Science Program*

FUNDING YEAR:	Fiscal Year (FY) 2025-2026
APPLICATION DEADLINE:	Varies by Program Area (see <u>Part I § C</u>)
ANTICIPATED FUNDING:	\$300,000,000
FUNDING OPPORTUNITY NUMBER:	USDA-NIFA-AFRI-011134
ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER:	10.310
LETTER OF INTENT DEADLINE:	Varies by Program Area (see <i>Part I § C</i>)

INITIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

National Institute of Food and Agriculture United States Department of Agriculture

Assistance Listing Number: The Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI) Competitive Grants Program Foundational and Applied Science RFA is listed in the Assistance Listings under number 10.310.

Table 1: Key Dates and Deadlines

Task Description	Deadline	
Application:	5:00 P.M. Eastern Time, on the 2025 deadline dates indicated in	
	<u>Part I § C</u>	
Letter of Intent:	If applicable, 5:00 P.M. Eastern Time, on the LOI deadline dates	
	indicated in <u>Part I § C</u>	
Applicants Comments:	: Within six months from the issuance of this notice	
	(NIFA may not consider comments received after the sixth month)	

Advancing Diversity, Equity, Inclusion, and Accessibility (DEIA). The National Institute of Food and Agriculture (NIFA) recognizes research, education, and extension efforts will have the greatest impacts when programs are grounded in DEIA. NIFA is committed to enhancing diversity, equity, inclusion, and accessibility of programs and encourages individuals, institutions, and organizations from underserved communities to apply to funding opportunities as lead, co-lead, or subaward recipient(s), and to engage as leaders in the peer panel review process to support the development of strong networks and collaborations. NIFA encourages applications that engage diverse communities and have broad impacts through research, education, extension, and integrated activities to address current and future challenges.

Stakeholder Input. NIFA seeks comments on all Request for Applications (RFA) so it can deliver programs efficiently, effectively, with integrity, and with a focus on customer service. NIFA considers comments to the extent possible when developing RFAs, and uses comments to help meet the requirements of Section 103(c)(2) of the Agricultural Research, Extension, and Education Reform Act of 1998 (7 U.S.C. 7613(c)(2)). Applicants may submit written comments to <u>Policy@usda.gov</u>. Please use the following subject line: Response to the AFRI Foundational and Applied Science RFA.

Centers of Excellence. Applicants are welcome to visit the NIFA's <u>Centers of Excellence</u> (<u>COE</u>) for information on COE designation process, including COE criteria, and a list of programs offering COE opportunities. <u>Recordings</u> of COE outreach and COE implementation webinars are also available.

Commodity Board Co-Funding Topics. NIFA solicits proposed topics for <u>Agriculture and</u> <u>Food Research Initiative</u> (AFRI) RFAs from eligible state and national commodity boards on an ongoing basis. Topics must relate to the established AFRI six priority areas. Topics submitted by the commodity boards that align with NIFA priorities are chosen for inclusion in selected program areas of AFRI RFAs. Details on general information and topic submission resources for inclusion in future AFRI RFAs can be found at <u>NIFA's Commodity Board Provision website</u>. Applicants are welcome to view AFRI Commodity Board Co-funding Topics (A1811) in <u>Part I §</u> <u>C</u> for additional details on commodity board-specific priorities and submission of applications relevant to these priorities.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This notice identifies the objectives for Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI) Foundational and Applied Science program projects, deadlines, funding information, eligibility criteria for projects and applicants, and application forms and associated instructions.

AFRI is America's flagship competitive grants program that provides funding for fundamental and applied research, education, and extension projects in the food and agricultural sciences. In this RFA, NIFA requests applications for the six AFRI priority areas through the Foundational and Applied Science Program for 2025. The goal of this program is to invest in agricultural production research, education, and extension projects for more sustainable, productive, and economically-viable plant and animal production systems. The global agricultural output needs to be expanded significantly to meet the food needs of the population expected in 2050; thus, it is imperative to develop innovative, safe, and sustainable management strategies for livestock (including poultry and aquaculture species), crops, and critical underlying resources. Applications that address climate change, food and nutrition security, expanding markets for producers, traditional ecological knowledge, and equity for underserved producers are welcome. Also welcome are applications that incorporate virtual learning options, where appropriate and practical for integrated programs.

In 2025, applications are sought in the following priority areas:

- 1. Plant health and production and plant products;
- 2. Animal health and production and animal products;
- 3. Food safety, nutrition, and health;
- 4. Bioenergy, natural resources, and environment;
- 5. Agriculture systems and technology; and
- 6. Agriculture economics and rural communities

This RFA is being released prior to the passage of a full appropriations act for FY 2025. Enactment of a continuing resolution, appropriations act, or other authorizing legislation may affect the availability or level of funding for this program.

The amount available for programs included in the FY 2025 AFRI Foundational and Applied Science (FAS) RFA is approximately \$300,000,000. Funding from FY 2026 appropriations will be used for the programs solicited in this RFA. The amount available to support the AFRI program is anticipated to be approximately \$407,000,000, of which \$300 million will be used to support AFRI FAS programs.

In FY2025, this RFA solicits Standard Grants, Conference Grants, and Food and Agricultural Science Enhancement (FASE) Grants, whereas project types solicited in this RFA are Research, Extension, Education and Integrated Research, Education and/or Extension projects. Grant types and project types solicited vary by program area priority and not all grant types are solicited within each program area priority. See <u>Part I § C</u> (Program Area Descriptions) for grant and project types solicited by each specific program area priority, and <u>Part II § C</u> for a description of each individual grant type and project type.

New in 2025:

A mentoring plan is now required for all AFRI grant applications (excluding conference grants, equipment grants and sabbatical grants) for any project that involves any type of education, training or mentoring of students or other individuals including high school students, undergraduate students, graduate students, professional degree students, postdoctoral scholars, other professionals or any other individual receiving any type of formal, or non-formal or vocational training on the project. For additional important details, see the "FY 2025-2026 Foundational and Applied Science (FAS) RFA Additional Information for Part IV, C" on the AFRI RFA Resources webpage.

Program Area ¹	Program Code	Program Area Priority Name	2025 Review Cycle Deadlines ²
РНРРР	A1102	1a. Foundational Knowledge of Agricultural Production Systems	September 11, 2025
PHPPP	A1103	1b. Foundational Knowledge of Plant Products	August 7, 2025
РНРРР	A1112	1c. Pests and Beneficial Species in Agricultural Production Systems	September 18, 2025
PHPPP	A1152	1d. Physiology of Agricultural Plants	August 14, 2025
PHPPP	A1141	1e. Plant Breeding for Agricultural Production	September 4, 2025
PHPPP	A1113	1f. Pollinator Health: Research and Application	August 21, 2025
PHPPP	A1143	1g. Conventional Plant Breeding for Cultivar Development	August 28, 2025
AHPAP	A1211	2a. Animal Reproduction	August 7, 2025
AHPAP	A1231	2b. Animal Nutrition, Growth and Lactation	August 7, 2025
AHPAP	A1251	2c. Welfare of Agricultural Animals	August 7, 2025
AHPAP	A1221	2d. Diseases of Agricultural Animals	August 7, 2025
AHPAP	A1201	2e. Animal Breeding, Genetics, and Genomics	August 7, 2025
FSNH	A1332	3a. Food Safety and Defense	August 21, 2025
FSNH	A1364	3b. Novel Foods and Innovative Manufacturing Technologies	September 11, 2025
FSNH	A1344	3c. Diet, Nutrition, and the Prevention of Chronic Diseases	August 7, 2025
FSNH	A1343	3d. Food and Human Health	August 7, 2025
FSNH	A1366	3e. Mitigating Antimicrobial Resistance Across the Food Chain	September 18, 2025
BNRE	A1401	4a. Soil Health	September 11, 2025
BNRE	A1411	4b. Water Quantity and Quality	September 4, 2025
BNRE	A1414	4c. Sustainable Bioeconomy through Biobased Products	September 4, 2025
BNRE	A1451	4d. Sustainable Agroecosystems	September 11, 2025
BNRE	A1461	4e. Environmental Justice for Agriculture and Nutrition Security	September 18, 2025

Table 2: Program Area Priorities and Deadlines
The deadlines under this RFA are summarized as follows:

¹ PHPPP=Plant Health and Production and Plant Products, AHPAP=Animal Health and Production and Animal Products; FSNH=Food Safety, Nutrition, and Health; BNRE=Bioenergy, Natural Resources, and Environment; AST=Agriculture Systems and Technology; AERC=Agriculture Economics and Rural Communities; Crosscutting=Crosscutting Programs

² All applications must be received by 5 p.m. EST on the deadline date.

Program Area ¹	Program Code	Program Area Priority Name	2025 Review Cycle Deadlines ²
AST	A1521	5a. Engineering for Agricultural Production and Processing	October 2, 2025
AST	A1531	5b. Biorefining and Biomanufacturing	October 9, 2025
AST	A1511	5c. Nanotechnology for Agricultural and Food Systems	August 21, 2025
AST	A1551	5d. Engineering for Precision Crop and Water Management	October 9, 2025
AERC	A1601	6a. Small and Medium-Sized Farms	September 4, 2025
AERC	A1641	6b. Economics, Markets and Trade	October 2, 2025
AERC	A1642	6c. Social Implications of Food and Agricultural Technologies	October 30, 2025
AERC	A1661	6d. Rural Economic Development	September 11, 2025
AERC	A1651	6e. Environmental and Natural Resource Economics	September 11, 2025
Crosscutting	A1402	7a. Agricultural Microbiomes in Plant Systems and Natural Resources	October 2, 2025
Crosscutting	A1701	7b. Critical Agricultural Research and Extension (CARE)	September 11, 2025
Crosscutting	A1541	7c. Data Science for Food and Agricultural Systems (DSFAS)	November 13, 2025
Crosscutting	A1261	7d. Inter-Disciplinary Engagement in Animal Systems (IDEAS)	October 2, 2025
Crosscutting	A1181	7e. Agricultural Biosecurity	September 18, 2025
Crosscutting	A1721	7f. Regional Partnerships for Extension & Education	September 4, 2025
Crosscutting	A1811	7g. AFRI Commodity Board Co-funding Topics	TBA
Crosscutting	A1712	7h. Rapid Response to Extreme Weather Events Across Food and Agricultural Systems	Accepted on a continuous basis after this RFA is published
Crosscutting	A1741	7i. Reducing Food Loss and Waste across the Supply Chain	July 17, 2025

¹ PHPPP=Plant Health and Production and Plant Products, AHPAP=Animal Health and Production and Animal Products; FSNH=Food Safety, Nutrition, and Health; BNRE=Bioenergy, Natural Resources, and Environment; AST=Agriculture Systems and Technology; AERC=Agriculture Economics and Rural Communities; Crosscutting=Crosscutting Programs ² All applications must be received by 5 p.m. EST on the deadline date.

2025 UPDATES

- 1. This RFA covers the FY 2025 grant application review cycle for which funding from the FY 2026 budget will be used.
- 2. All applicants who meet the eligibility requirement as a New Investigator (see <u>Part II § C</u>), will also be eligible to apply for a seed grant, as well as for a New Investigator standard grant unless they were awarded a seed grant previously, in which case they are eligible to apply for a New Investigator standard grant. While all seed grant applications submitted to a program area priority will be evaluated together, seed grant applications from New Investigators will not compete for funding with applications from strengthening-eligible (see <u>Part II § C</u>) institutions. More information about seed grants is in the "AFRI Grant Types" PDF in the attachments list on the <u>AFRI RFA Resources page</u>.
- Year-round conference grant applications are accepted after submission of the Letter of Intent, see <u>Part 1 § C</u> for more information on which programs accept conference grants. The LOI must be submitted at least 195 days before the start of the conference. The full Conference Grant application must be submitted, at minimum, 150 days before the start of the conference.
- 4. A new cross-cutting program area priority in this RFA is "Reducing Food Loss and Waste across the Supply Chain" (program code A1741), whereas the program area priority "USDA Nutrition Hubs" will not be offered in FY 2025.
- 5. A Mentoring Plan is now required for all AFRI grant applications (excluding conference grants, equipment grants and sabbatical grants) for projects that involve any type of education, training or mentoring of students or other individuals including high school students, undergraduate students, graduate students, professional degree students, postdoctoral scholars, other professionals or any other individual receiving any type of formal, or non-formal training on the proposed project. For additional important details, see the "FY 2025-2026 Foundational and Applied Science (FAS) RFA Additional Information for Part IV, C" on the <u>AFRI RFA Resources page</u>.

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PART I. FUNDING OPPORTUNITY DESCRIPTION

A. Legislative Authority

Section 2(b) of the Competitive, Special, and Facilities Research Grant Act (hereafter referred to as the Act) (<u>7 U.S.C. 3157</u>), as amended, authorizes the Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI), a competitive grant program to provide funding for fundamental and applied research, education, and extension to address food and agricultural sciences in the following six priority areas:

- 1. Plant health and production and plant products;
- 2. Animal health and production and animal products;
- 3. Food safety, nutrition, and health;
- 4. Bioenergy, natural resources, and environment;
- 5. Agriculture systems and technology; and
- 6. Agriculture economics and rural communities.

To the maximum extent practicable, NIFA, in coordination with the Under Secretary for Research, Education, and Economics (REE), will make grants for high priority research, education, and extension, taking into consideration, when available, the determinations made by the National Agricultural Research, Extension, Education, and Economics Advisory Board (NAREEEAB) pursuant to the Competitive, Special, and Facilities Research Grant Act (<u>7 U.S.C.</u> <u>3157</u>). The Secretary delegates the authority to the Under Secretary for Research, Education and Economics in <u>7 CFR 2.21</u>, and the Under Secretary delegates that authority to NIFA.

B. Purpose and Priorities

The purpose of AFRI (listed in the Assistance Listings under number 10.310) is to support research, education, and extension projects that address key problems of local, regional, national, and global importance in sustaining conventional, organic, urban, food and agricultural, and natural systems. These include farm and ranch production efficiency, profitability, and sustainability; bioenergy and bio-based products; forestry; aquaculture; rural communities and entrepreneurship; human nutrition; mitigating impacts of biotic and abiotic constraints on food production; food safety; mitigating food loss and waste; physical and social sciences; rural human ecology; development of circular/regenerative economies, and genetic improvement of plants and animals. In addition, the economic sustainability of food systems is an overarching priority for the projects funded in response to this RFA; therefore, projects focusing on plant or animal species or commodities that are important to underserved communities, farmers, ranchers, or small- or medium-sized farms or ranches are also welcome. Through this support, AFRI advances knowledge in both fundamental and applied sciences important to agriculture. Additionally, AFRI supports work in education and extension activities that deliver sciencebased knowledge to end users, allowing them to make informed, practical decisions. This AFRI RFA provides funding for research-only, education-only, extension-only, and integrated research, education, and/or extension projects addressing six priorities identified in *Part I § A*.

Food and agricultural systems face ever-growing constraints including growing populations; pressure on natural resources; challenges of climate variability and change; and complex demands of ensuring nutritional security and food safety in a global economy. Addressing these challenges requires research, education, extension, and integrated programs in concert with

science-based approaches that increase agricultural and natural resource sustainability. The term 'sustainable agriculture' (<u>7 U.S.C. 3103</u>) means a combined system of plant and animal production practices relevant to site-specific application that will achieve the following long-term goals: 1) satisfy human food and fiber needs; 2) enhance environmental quality and the natural resource base upon which the agricultural economy and rural communities depend; 3) make the most efficient use of nonrenewable resources and on-farm resources and integrate natural biological cycles and controls; 4) sustain the economic viability of farm operations; and 5) enhance the quality of life for farmers and society as a whole. The AFRI program provides unique grant support for projects addressing sustainability of agricultural systems.

Global Engagement. NIFA supports global engagement that advances U.S. agricultural goals. NIFA recognizes that collaboration with international partners may be necessary to attain the agency's goals for U.S. agriculture, promote global competence of our nation's future agricultural workforce, and promote safe and nutritious food security in a growing world. Therefore, although application to this RFA is limited to eligible U.S. institutions, applicants may collaborate with international partners, to include subcontracts to international partners or other institutions. Applications must clearly demonstrate benefits to the United States. Additional guidance on including international activities is provided on the <u>AFRI International Partnerships Page</u>.

Background

AFRI is NIFA's flagship competitive grants portfolio for food and agricultural sciences, and funding is offered through the Foundational and Applied Science, Sustainable Agricultural Systems, and Education and Workforce Development Requests for Applications for addressing critical societal issues.

The Foundational and Applied Science RFA program areas address the following priorities, as well as all included subpriorities:

- A. Plant Health and Production and Plant Products;
- B. Animal Health and Production and Animal Products;
- C. Food Safety, Nutrition, and Health;
- D. Bioenergy, Natural Resources, and Environment;
- E. Agriculture Systems and Technology; and
- F. Agriculture Economics and Rural Communities

This AFRI RFA will support projects that significantly advance foundational and applied sciences for the following USDA priority outcomes:

- 1. Human diversity, equity, inclusion, and access;
- 2. Agricultural practices that provide for adaptation to ecological perturbation and mitigate climate change;
- 3. Rural economic development and post-pandemic economic revitalization;
- 4. Food and nutrition security; and
- 5. Open and competitive markets.

The AFRI Foundational and Applied Science RFA is aligned with the following: <u>USDA Strategic Plan FY 2022-2026</u> goals:

- 1. Strategic Goal 1: Combat Climate Change to Support America's Working Lands, Natural Resources and Communities
- 2. Strategic Goal 2: Ensure America's Agricultural System is Equitable, Resilient, and Prosperous
- 3. Strategic Goal 3: Foster an Equitable and Competitive Marketplace for All Agricultural Producers
- 4. Strategic Goal 4: Provide All Americans Safe, Nutritious Food
- 5. Strategic Goal 5: Expand Opportunities for Economic Development and Improve Quality of Life in Rural and Tribal Communities

USDA Science and Research Strategy, 2023-2026 priorities:

- 1. Priority 1: Accelerating Innovative Technologies & Practices
- 2. Priority 2: Driving Climate-Smart Solutions
- 3. Priority 3: Bolstering Nutrition Security & Health
- 4. Priority 4: Cultivating Resilient Ecosystems
- 5. Priority 5: Translating Research into Action

C. Program Area Description

NIFA is soliciting applications under seven AFRI program areas. The program areas and their respective approximate available funding amounts include:

- 1. Plant health and production and plant products (\$61 million)
- 2. Animal health and production and animal products (\$56 million)
- 3. Food safety, nutrition, and health (\$38 million)
- 4. Bioenergy, natural resources, and environment (\$33 million)
- 5. Agriculture systems and technology (\$36 million)
- 6. Agriculture economics and rural communities (\$30 million)
- 7. Crosscutting programs (\$46 million)

Funding amounts indicated for program areas above include funding that may be allocated to interagency programs for which AFRI engages with other Federal funding agencies and for which applications are solicited through other Funding Opportunity Announcements.

1. Plant Health and Production and Plant Products

Background

Monumental gains in American crop productivity over the past 60 years are the result of innovations in agricultural production practices, plant breeding, and pest management. The goal of the Plant Health and Production and Plant Products (PHPPP) program area is to ensure continued production gains are achieved through break-through discoveries and the translation of these into plant production and protection practices. The outcomes of these projects are expected to increase production efficiencies and combat persistent threats and new challenges, including climate change, that limit the achievement of dependable yields across variable growing conditions.

Plant-based agriculture is changing with the introduction of new engineering, technology, and information tools. Further improvements to plant agriculture will require a greater understanding of complex, inter-related factors, across a wide range of scales. These include investigations of

plant and pest biology at the molecular, cellular, whole-organism, and systems levels to increase performance and provide protection from biotic and abiotic stressors increasingly exacerbated by climate change. New traits are being discovered and varieties developed using gene editing and other advanced breeding methods. Optimal integration of production system components is sought to ensure practices and products are safe for consumers and achieved with good stewardship of natural resources and efficient use of human capital. By supporting extension programming and training the next generation of scientists, new technologies will be made readily available to end-users and put into practice. This strategy will ensure that the United States continues to be a leader in the agricultural sciences and a reliable source for the expanding domestic and global demand for an abundant and secure supply of food, feed, natural fibers, wood, and other plant-based products.

In addition to the program area priorities described in this section, the **PHPPP** program area also supports the following program area priorities:

- a. Agricultural Microbiomes in Plant Systems and Natural Resources (A1402), Agricultural Biosecurity (A1181), and Critical Agriculture Research and Extension (A1701) program area priorities are described in Crosscutting Programs.
- b. <u>Plant Biotic Interactions</u> will be offered through an interagency program with National Science Foundation (NSF); the NIFA program contact is Dr. Amer Fayad, (816) 894-7228 or <u>amer.fayad@usda.gov</u>. For NSF Dear Colleague Letter, see <u>Dear Colleague</u> Letter: Advancing Plant Transformation (nsf23019) | NSF - National Science Foundation.

Total Program Funds: Approximately \$61 million

Key Information (Applicable to **All** Plant Health and Production and Plant Products Program Area Priorities):

- a. All applications must adhere to the requirements in <u>Part IV</u>
- b. Choice of plant species (including crops, trees, and weeds) and objectives must be justified in terms of importance to agricultural food, feed, fiber, ornamental plants (including turf), planted forest, or industrial crop production systems in the United States.
- c. Projects focusing on plant species and commodities that are important to underserved farmers or small- or medium-sized farms are welcome.
- d. Applications from and collaborations with minority-serving institutions, small to midsized institutions, and/or institutions within the <u>Established Program to Stimulate</u> <u>Competitive Research (EPSCoR)</u> states are welcome in this program area.
- e. Applications that include collaborations with international partners may also be submitted. The <u>AFRI International Partnerships webpage</u> contains additional information on international partnerships.
- f. Applications with highly complex, large scale, transdisciplinary, and integrated research, education, and extension projects that incorporate foundational knowledge from this program area should be submitted to the <u>AFRI Sustainable Agricultural Systems program</u> (A9201) described in the AFRI SAS RFA.
- g. An applicant may submit a Conference Grant application anytime during the year. A Letter of Intent (LOI) is required for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must be submitted at least **195 days** before the start of the conference. The full Conference Grant application must be submitted, at minimum, **150 days** before the start of the conference.

Program Area Priorities – Each application must address at least **one of the seven** program area priorities listed below. Details about each of the PHPPP program area priorities are provided later in this section.

- 1a. Foundational Knowledge of Agricultural Production Systems
- 1b. Foundational Knowledge of Plant Products
- 1c. Pests and Beneficial Species in Agricultural Production Systems
- 1d. Physiology of Agricultural Plants
- 1e. Plant Breeding for Agricultural Production
- 1f. Pollinator Health: Research and Application
- 1g. Conventional Plant Breeding for Cultivar Development

1a. Foundational Knowledge of Agricultural Production Systems

Table 3: Foundational Knowledge of Agricultural Production Systems Key Information

Program Code: A1102 Program Code: Foundational Knowledge of Agricultural Production Systems	
Drogram Code Equipolational Knowledge of Agricultural Drogradient Systems	
Program Code Foundational Knowledge of Agricultural Production Systems	
Name:	
Assistance Listing # 10.310	
Project Type(s): Research and Integrated Projects only	
Grant Type(s): a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, Ne	W
Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u>	l
b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and I Grant applications.	FASE
Letter of Intent a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI n	nust
Deadline be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference be	
b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed	
the program contact(s) below	
Application a. 2025: Thursday, September 11, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time	·
Deadline(s) b. 2026: Thursday, September 10, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time	
c. Conference Grants: Submitted after LOI decision response a	nd a
minimum of 150 days before the conference begins	_
Grant Duration: a. 36-60 months for Standard Grants , Strengthening Standar	
Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grant	5
b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants	
c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grantsd. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants	
d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants Maximum Award a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for Research Projects	
Amount(s): b. Including indirect costs: \$750,000 for Integrated Projects	
c. Including indirect costs: \$700,000 for all Seed Grants	
d. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants	
Program Area a. Dr. Mathieu Ngouajio, (202) 570-1915 or	
Priority Contact(s): mathieu.ngouajio@usda.gov	
b. Dr. John Erickson, (816) 283-6422 or john.erickson@usda.go	v

The Foundational Knowledge of Agricultural Production Systems program area supports plant research to advance our knowledge for the wide range of agricultural production systems found across the rural-urban continuum, from conventional or organic open-fields to protected built environments. Research will address critical or process-limiting dynamics that occur among and within the various management components of a production system using experimental manipulations of system components, technological interventions, system analyses, modeling, or agroecological approaches. Results are expected to lead to the development of innovative sustainable solutions to challenges limiting or threatening the productivity, profitability, and good stewardship of natural resources, environment, and human capital. Projects involving the use of traditional ecological knowledge in designing agricultural systems will be appropriate for this program area priority. Also welcome are applications that incorporate virtual learning options, where appropriate and practical for integrated programs.

Applications must address one or more of the following (order does not indicate importance):

- a. Investigate how multiple management components of agricultural production systems can be integrated to enhance soil-crop-atmospheric processes or resilience to various biotic and abiotic stressors including those exacerbated by climate change, and improve product quality and/or productivity;
- b. Determine how production systems, including regenerative systems, can alter the structure of microbial communities associated with plants, soils, or other growing media; the ways alterations affect functions such as plant nutrient uptake/utilization efficiency; and resilience to weeds, insects, diseases, weather extremes associated with climate change, and other stressors that influence productivity and/or product quality (including nutritional quality);
- c. Investigate how changes to cropping systems, including diversification or intensification, affect crop performance, soil health, and other outcomes beneficial to system resilience; or
- d. Conduct syntheses and meta-analyses of existing data or develop new or extend existing models to derive general principles about the function, properties, and performance of agricultural production systems.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Projects focusing on species and commodities that are important to underserved farmers or small- or medium-sized farms are welcome.
- d. Projects supported by Foundational Knowledge of Agricultural Production Systems program area priority can serve as building blocks needed for large inter- and transdisciplinary projects funded by the <u>AFRI Sustainable Agricultural Systems program</u>.
- e. Appropriate plant-based production systems for study include food, feed, fiber, ornamental plants (including turf), industrial crops; harvested forages; pastures; seaweeds; and planted forests. Conventional, organic, and protected systems (including hydroponics, aquaponics, aeroponics, vertical farming, and other controlled environment production systems) are appropriate for study.
- f. The production system studied could include key management components such as:

integrated crop management, soil or other growing media fertility, soil health, agronomic practices, agroforestry, cover cropping, biodiversification, economics, integrated management of target pests (including arthropods, nematodes, pathogens, and weeds), automation, and worker well-being and safety.

- g. Development of innovative production systems to optimize the production of high-valued plant-based products are welcome. Plant-based products may include but are not limited to oil, fiber, nutra- and pharmaceuticals, nutrients, proteins, juices, fragrances, resins, and biopesticides.
- h. Applicants must ensure applications are submitted to the right program or program area priority, for instance:
 - 1) Applications to study management of pests or beneficial species may be more appropriate for the Pests and Beneficial Species in Agricultural Production Systems program area priority (A1112).
 - 2) Applications to study microbiome function may be more appropriate for the Agricultural Microbiomes in Plant Systems and Natural Resources program area priority (A1402 in Crosscutting Programs).
 - 3) Applications to study aquatic animals in aquaponics systems may be more appropriate for the Small and Medium-Sized Farms program area priority (A1601) or the Economics, Markets and Trade program area priority (A1641) described in the Agriculture Economics and Rural Communities program area of this RFA.
- i. The Foundational Knowledge of Agricultural Production Systems program does not support projects focused on livestock. Please refer to the Animal Health and Production and Animal Products program area, described elsewhere in this RFA.
- j. Applications focusing on climate change, ecosystems health, rangelands, or addressing issues at the landscape or regional scale may be more appropriate for the Sustainable Agroecosystems: Health, Functions, Processes and Management Program Area Priority (A1451).
- k. Starting in 2026, priority d (Syntheses and meta data analyses) will not be offered. Applicants should consider submitting to the crosscutting program A1541 "Data Science for Food and Agricultural Systems".

Table 4: Foundational Knowledge of Plant Products Key Information		
Title	Description	
Program Code:	A1103	
Program Code	Foundational Knowledge of Plant Products	
Name:		
Assistance Listing #	10.310	
Project Type(s):	Research Projects only	
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New	
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and	
	Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u>	
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE	
	Grant applications.	

1b. Foundational Knowledge of Plant Products

Title	Description
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to
	the program contact(s) below
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, August 7, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, August 13, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins
Grant Duration:	a. 36-48 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants
	a. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants
	b. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants
	c. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for Standard Grants,
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants, and New Investigator
	Standard Grants; \$800,000 with specific partnerships (see Part II
	<u>§ E</u>)
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants
Program Area	a. Dr. Vance Owens, (816) 283-6925 or <u>vance.owens@usda.gov</u>
Priority Contact(s):	b. Dr. Victoria Finkenstadt, (816) 520-8456 or
	victoria.finkenstadt@usda.gov

The Foundational Knowledge of Plant Products program supports projects to study the biosynthesis of plant-derived, high-value biomolecules for use in foods, pharmaceuticals, and other products. Projects must focus on agriculturally-important plants, but the choice of plant species must be justified. Molecular, biochemical, synthetic biology, or eco-physiological approaches may be used to determine the biosynthetic pathways for industrially-important biomolecules. The intent of this program is for results to be translated into discoveries that help create or meet emerging and future markets and contribute towards long-term demand for agricultural-based products.

Applications must address one or more of the following (order does not indicate importance):

- a. Primary and/or secondary metabolic pathways regulating the biosynthesis of plant metabolites that improve the quality of food and/or feed;
- b. Biosynthetic pathways of metabolites with herbicidal or pesticidal activities;
- c. Improving the production (biosynthesis) of plant-based chemicals that have industrial and/or pharmaceutical relevance; or
- d. Macronutrient and/or micronutrient biosynthesis, accumulation, and/or availability that are beneficial to human health and nutrition.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.

- b. Projects focusing on species and commodities that are important to underserved farmers or small- or medium-sized farms are welcome.
- c. Projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See <u>Part II § E</u> for detailed eligibility restrictions.
- d. Applications that address topics related to medicinal studies or human health are not appropriate for this program area priority.
- e. Applications that address plant physiology or environmental responses may be more appropriate for Physiology of Agricultural Plants (A1152).

	eficial Species in Agricultural Production Systems Key Information
Title	Description
Program Code:	A1112
Program Code	Pests and Beneficial Species in Agricultural Production Systems
Name:	
Assistance Listing #	10.310
Project Type(s):	Research and Integrated Projects (Research and Extension) only
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and
	Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u>
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE
	Grant applications.
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to
	the program contact(s) below
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, September 18, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, September 17, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins
Grant Duration:	b. 36-60 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants
	c. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants
	d. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants
	e. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants
Maximum Award	Including indirect costs:
Amount(s):	a. \$750,000 for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard Grants,
	and New Investigator Standard Grants; \$900,000 with specific
	partnerships (see <u>Part II § E)</u>
	a. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants
	b. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants

1c. <u>Pests and Beneficial Species in Agricultural Production Systems</u> Table 5: Pests and Beneficial Species in Agricultural Production Systems Key Information

Title	Description
Program Area	a. Dr. Emmanuel Byamukama, emmanuel.byamukama@usda.gov
Priority Contact(s):	b. Dr. Vijay Nandula, <u>vijay.nandula@usda.gov</u>
	c. Dr. Ann Stapleton, <u>ann.stapleton@usda.gov</u>

This program area priority supports basic and applied research that advances knowledge of invasive or established plant pests and associated beneficial species and directly leading to the development of innovative and biologically-based applied solutions to managing pests in US agricultural systems. Appropriate plant-based agricultural production study systems include food and fiber crops, ornamental plants (including turf), managed grasslands, rangelands, and planted forests. Conventional, organic, and protected systems (including hydroponics, aquaponics, aeroponics, vertical farming, etc.) are appropriate. Pests may include invertebrates, plant pathogens or their vectors, nematodes and weeds. Beneficial species in this program are restricted to biological control agents and microbes that play a role in pest management. Molecular, organismal, population, and/or community approaches are appropriate to this program. Foundational projects must exhibit a clear link to US agriculture and clearly illustrate how new knowledge generated will directly lead to, novel or improved bio-based, applied tools and approaches to managing plant pests.

Applications must address one or more of the following in the context of enabling the development and evaluation of innovative practices to improve the management of plant pests (order does not indicate importance):

- a. Biotic and abiotic factors, affecting the abundance or spread of agriculturally-important plant pests or beneficial species relevant to pest management; including other plant pests or beneficial species, climate change, plant compounds, pesticides, or toxins;
- b. Behavioral attributes of pests and beneficial species, including intra- or interspecies interactions and/or communication systems, relevant to pest management;
- c. Factors that contribute to invasiveness, including population genetics/genomic approaches or models to predict, prevent or manage outbreaks, or to pinpoint geographic distribution or origin;
- d. Movement or dispersal dynamics of pests (including vectors) or beneficial organisms; including epidemiological factors that influence disease spread, the influence of agronomic practices on weed populations, and research on aspects of weed biology that impact reproductive biology, seed bank dynamics, and other population-level aspects;
- e. Mechanisms of pest resistance to pesticides (fungicides, herbicides, insecticides) or plant incorporated protectants (e.g., Bt toxin) and the development of strategies to mitigate resistance or crop failure;
- f. Use of traditional ecological knowledge in pest and disease control.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- b. Projects focusing on species and commodities that are important to underserved farmers or small- or medium-sized farms are welcome.
- c. Applicants must ensure applications are submitted to the right program or program area

priority, for instance:

- 1) Applications that address topics related to pollinators are not appropriate for this program area priority; consider submitting to the Pollinator Health: Research and Application (A1113).
- Studies involving molecular mechanisms that mediate interactions of plants with their biotic partners may be appropriate for the NSF/NIFA <u>Plant Biotic Interactions</u> program.
- 3) Applications to study <u>microbiome function</u> may be more appropriate for the Agricultural Microbiomes in Plant Systems and Natural Resources program area priority (A1402 in Crosscutting Programs).
- d. Applications to study pests of livestock or humans (e.g., vectors of human diseases or nuisance pests such as flies, bed bugs, cockroaches, and termites) are not appropriate for this program area priority. Instead, consider submitting to the Animal Health and Production and Animal Products program area if you are studying pests of livestock, or to the <u>Crop Protection and Pest Management</u> RFA if your work is focused on nuisance pests in urban or rural systems.
- e. Applications for work on big data analytics and tool development to support the development of a data network and cyberinfrastructure for pests and beneficial species should be submitted to the Data Science for Food and Agriculture Systems (DSFAS) program area priority (A1541 in Crosscutting Programs).
- f. Projects associated with the initiative to sequence 5,000 arthropod genomes (i5K) are recommended to link with the <u>National Agricultural Library's i5k workspace</u>.
- g. Projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See <u>Part II § E</u> for detailed eligibility restrictions.
- h. NIFA is partnering with Ireland and Northern Ireland under the U.S.-Ireland Research and Development Partnership to solicit collaborative research applications in the Pests and Beneficial Species in Agricultural Production Systems program area priority. For more information including FAQs about this opportunity, visit the <u>NIFA</u>, <u>Ireland</u>, <u>and</u> <u>Northern Ireland partnership page</u>. Applicants submitting to this partnership must select "other" in the AFRI Project Type form and type in "Collaborative" and their application title should begin as "TRIPARTITE: [full title]". **Note: Research applications submitted for U.S.-Ireland Tripartite Collaborative grants are ineligible for U.S. funding above the research program maximum of \$750,000**.

1d. Physiology of Agricultural Plants

 Table 6: Physiology of Agricultural Plants Key Information

Title	Description
Program Code:	A1152
Program Code	Physiology of Agricultural Plants
Name:	
Assistance Listing #	10.310
Project Type(s):	Research Projects only

Title	Description
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and
	Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u>
	b. See <u><i>Part II § C.2</i></u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE
	Grant applications.
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to
	the program contact(s) below
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, August 14, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, August 13, 2026 (5;00 p.m. Eastern Time)
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins
Grant Duration:	a. 36-60 months for Standard Grants , Strengthening Standard
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Grants
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants
	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for Standard Grants,
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants, and New Investigator
	Standard Grants; \$800,000 with specific partnerships (see <u>Part II</u>
	$\frac{\delta E}{E}$
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants
.	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants
Program Area	a. Dr. John Erickson, (816) 283-6422 or john.erickson@usda.gov
Priority Contact(s):	b. Dr. Christian Tobias, (610) 312-7619 or <u>christian.tobias@usda.gov</u>

The Physiology of Agricultural Plants program will support projects to improve productivity or other performance factors of agriculturally-important plants (including weeds) using molecular, biochemical, whole-plant, agronomic, or eco-physiological approaches. The genetic basis of important traits identified through these studies are expected to inform breeding efforts towards improved yield or product quality, or growth resilience to adverse environmental conditions including those associated with climate change.

This program area priority will support research in the following areas:

- a. Plant growth and developmental processes, including plant architecture and source-sink relationships;
- b. Mechanisms of plant response to abiotic stresses, including increased water use efficiency; or
- c. Nutrient uptake, assimilation, and/or utilization, particularly increased plant use efficiency for nitrogen, phosphorus, or other supplemental nutrients.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.

- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Projects focusing on species and commodities that are important to underserved farmers or small- or medium-sized farms are welcome.
- d. Relevance to agriculturally-important traits should be clearly justified and specific.
- e. Projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See <u>Part II § E</u> for detailed eligibility restrictions.
- f. For studies that involve microbes in plant nutrient utilization or abiotic stress tolerance, consider the Agricultural Microbiomes program area priority (in Crosscutting Programs) or the NSF/NIFA <u>Plant Biotic Interactions</u> program to determine the best fit for the project.

Table 7: Plant Breeding for Agricultural Production Key Information		
Title	Description	
Program Code:	A1141	
Program Code	Plant Breeding for Agricultural Production	
Name:		
Assistance Listing #	10.310	
Project Type(s):	Research and Integrated Projects only	
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New	
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and	
	Sabbatical) Grants only for Plant Breeding Projects	
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE	
	Grant applications.	
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must	
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.	
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to	
	the program contact(s) below	
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, September 4, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)	
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, September 3, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)	
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a	
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins	
Grant Duration:	a. 36-48 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard	
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants	
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants	
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants	
	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants	
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for Plant Breeding Projects ;	
Amount(s):	\$800,000 with specific partnerships (see Part II, E)	
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants	
Due e vers A	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants	
Program Area	a. Dr. Christian Tobias, (610) 312-7619 or <u>christian.tobias@usda.gov</u>	
Priority Contact(s):	b. Dr. Jessica Shade, (831) 278-2073 or <u>Jessica.Shade@usda.gov</u>	

1e. Plant Breeding for Agricultural Production

Table 7: Plant Breeding for Agricultural Production Key Information

The Plant Breeding for Agricultural Production program will support public breeding efforts to improve crop productivity, efficiency, quality, and performance; and address the public breeding priorities in the USDA plant breeding roadmap (<u>https://www.usda.gov/topics/plants</u>). Research topics that have strong potential to further support or improve rates of genetic gain through their direct bearing on components of the breeder's equation are welcome. This encompasses strategic and cost effective allocation of resources for: (1) generating and/or utilizing useful genetic diversity; (2) improving selection accuracy and intensity through direct or indirect phenotyping across relevant time scales and environments; (3) identifying, modeling, and exploiting, heritable epigenetic and genetic marks associated with desirable trait(s); (4) identifying, modeling, and implementing breeding methods that have potential to reduce the effective generation interval or timeline for cultivar release. The scope may include multiple taxa and may address any phase of the breeding development cycle not covered by other AFRI priorities including building genetic resources, pre-breeding, and improvement phases.

The Plant Breeding for Agricultural Production program encourages proposals that address the following:

- a. Advancing plant transformation to enhance U.S. agriculture. See <u>NSF 24-120</u> for further details. Application titles should be prefaced with "Plant Transform."
- b. Increased resistance or tolerance to economically damaging pests and disease.
- c. Improved tolerance to heat and water stress.
- d. Improved nutrient use efficiency.
- e. Leveraging plant genetic resources.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Projects focusing on species and commodities that are important to underserved farmers or small- or medium-sized farms are welcome.
- d. Plant Breeding projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 for a total of \$800,000. See <u>Part II § E</u> for detailed eligibility restrictions.
- e. Choice of plant species and objectives must be justified in terms of importance to agricultural food, feed, fiber, ornamental plants (including turf), small and beginning farmers, or industrial crop production systems in the United States. Crops and germplasm relevant to tribal food systems incorporating traditional ecological knowledge are appropriate for this priority.
- f. Relevance to cultivar development should be clearly justified, demonstrable, and specific.
- g. Data management plan: The data management plan should delineate responsibilities and actions for managing and stewarding each data type anticipated by the project and should include budgeted plans to increase public access to results, datasets, and metadata consistent with USDA's <u>Public Access and Open Science Policy</u>. Plans for data resulting from utilization of National Plant Germplasm System (NPGS) resources including ex-PVP and crop wild-relatives should include details on how these data shall be integrated

into GRIN-Global through genebank staff. Release or distribution of plant germplasm and other plant materials: Researchers are advised to apply for Plant Variety Protection Certificates or Plant Patents when possible and to report these inventions on iEdison in compliance with the Bayh-Dole Act. Researchers must also confer with the relevant crop curators and Crop Germplasm Committees early in the application development process regarding the desirability of submitting the preceding plant materials generated by NIFA funding into NPGS genebanks and stock centers.

h. Applications proposing data science projects that leverage data sets across multiple disciplines and convert large amounts of data into knowledge and applications through computer analytics, modeling and simulations should submit applications to the DSFAS program area priority (A1541 in Crosscutting Programs).

Applications focused on latter stages of cultivar development, building and strengthening field trial networks, or participatory breeding should be submitted to the Conventional Plant Breeding for Cultivar Development program area priority (A1143).

	Description		
Program Code:	A1113		
Program Code	Pollinator Health: Research and Applications		
Name:			
Assistance Listing #	10.310		
Project Type(s):	Research, Education or Extension and Integrated Projects (Research		
	and Extension only) only		
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New		
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and		
	Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u>		
	b. See <u><i>Part II</i> § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE		
	Grant applications.		
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must		
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.		
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to		
	the program contact(s) below		
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, August 21, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)		
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, August 20 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)		
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a		
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins		
Grant Duration:	a. 36-60 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard		
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants		
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants		
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants		
	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants		

1f. Pollinator Health: Research and Applications

Table 8: Pollinator Health: Research and Applications Key Information

Title	De	scription
Maximum Award	b.	Including indirect costs: \$750,000 for Standard Grants,
Amount(s):		Strengthening Standard Grants, and New Investigator
		Standard Grants; \$900,000 with specific partnerships (see <i>Part II</i>
		<u>§ E)</u>
	a.	Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants
	b.	\$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants
Program Area	a.	Dr. Erica Kistner-Thomas, erica.kistnerthomas@usda.gov
Priority Contact(s):	b.	Dr. Chris Philips, <u>christopher.philips@usda.gov</u>

The pollinator health program area priority supports novel hypothesis-driven research projects focused on improving our fundamental understanding of the factors and underlying mechanisms that drive pollinator declines and to develop innovative applied solutions that mitigate these factors and promote healthy populations of pollinators in agricultural systems. Studies involving ecological (traditional ecological knowledge), behavioral, genomic, physiological, biophysical, sociological, and/or economic approaches will be considered for funding. Targeted multi-year monitoring of selected species in the context of hypothesis-driven research is also appropriate.

Applications must address one or more of the following (order does not indicate importance):

- a. Factors that influence the abundance, diversity and health of pollinators, including biotic, abiotic as well as social, cultural or economic elements.
- b. Functions of the pollinator microbiome in promoting healthy pollinator populations and understanding the impact of changes in bee gut microbial communities on nutritional health, disease resistance, or pesticide susceptibility.
- c. Use of cutting-edge technologies to develop and evaluate innovative tools and practices, including innovative genetic/genomic and breeding tools, diagnostic techniques, alternative chemicals or biologically-based strategies to combat key pests of pollinators, *that are likely to be adopted by stakeholders to ensure healthy pollinators*.
 - Development, implementation or evaluation of management practices of crop pests that also ensures protection of pollinators and other beneficial species (e.g., integrated pest and pollinator management). Involvement of extension leaders with engagement of various types of stakeholders (crop producers, consultants, agribusinesses, non-profit organizations, land managers, beekeepers or others managing native pollinators) is strongly recommended.
 - Experience working with stakeholders to overcome barriers to adoption of integrated pest and pollinator management practices is also recommended.
 - Letters of support or collaboration with stakeholders should be included in the application.
- d. Education-only projects that target K-14 level students to foster a deeper understanding about pollinators in agricultural and associated landscapes through curriculum development, experiential learning projects, learning opportunities that increase scientific knowledge, or other creative projects related to pollinators.
- e. Extension only projects that include informal training, workshops or demonstration projects related to pollinators in agriculture and associated systems.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Projects focusing on species and commodities that are important to underserved farmers or small- or medium-sized farms are welcome.
- d. A broad range of plant systems are appropriate, such as fruit, vegetable, nut and oilseed crops, habitat in conservation reserve programs, cover crops, hedgerows, rangelands, horticultural crops, prairies, forests, agroforestry systems, etc. Rural, semi-rural and urban systems are also appropriate.
- e. Proposals to establish a research coordination network must include a management plan that clearly delineates the specific roles and responsibilities of individuals, agencies or private industries or land managers (e.g., research coordination, leveraging additional funds or other resources, sharing data and information, or citizen engagement).
- f. Projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See <u>Part II § E</u> for detailed eligibility restrictions.

Table 9: Conventional	Plant Breeding for Cultivar Development Key Information	
Title	Description	
Program Code:	A1143	
Program Code	Conventional Plant Breeding for Cultivar Development	
Name:		
Assistance Listing #	10.310	
Project Type(s):	Research Projects only	
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New Investigator,	
	Seed, Equipment, and Sabbatical) Grants only	
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE	
	Grant applications.	
Letter of Intent	a. Not required.	
Deadline		
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, August 28, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)	
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, August 27, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)	
	c.	
Grant Duration:	a. 36-48 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard	
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants	
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants	
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants	
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$500,000 for Standard Grants,	
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants, and New Investigator	
	Standard Grants	
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants	
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants	

1g. <u>Conventional Plant Breeding for Cultivar Development</u>

Title	Description	
Program Area	a.	Dr. Christian Tobias, (610) 312-7619 or christian.tobias@usda.gov
Priority Contact(s):	b.	Dr. Jessica Shade, (831) 278-2073 or jessica.shade@usda.gov

The Conventional Plant Breeding for Cultivar Development program will support public breeding efforts that provide farmers with greater access to locally and regionally adapted cultivars and address the public breeding priorities in the <u>USDA plant breeding roadmap</u>.

Applications for research must address later stages of cultivar development focused on datadriven evaluation of developed materials in established regional trials or cooperative networks with the primary goal of producing distinct, uniform, finished cultivars or heterogeneousvarieties for public release with benefits to either producers or consumers. Research proposals must include (1) how the cultivar will be released and marketed, (2) who owns the intellectual property, (3) letters of support from stakeholders, (4) how the research fits within the overall existing breeding program, and (5) how this support for later stages of cultivar development will enhance and increase the availability of cultivars in the market place within the duration of the award. In addition to the research, proposals may include requests for modern plant breeding equipment (e.g., ranging from field to seed or processing to laboratory) to support plant breeding program infrastructure. Stand-alone equipment proposals are not acceptable. Relevance and need to enhance cultivar development must be clearly justified, demonstrable, and specific. Research that incorporates education of field-based plant breeders is strongly recommended. Breeding for tribal food systems using traditional ecological knowledge is appropriate for this program area priority. Research that results in new cultivars addressing sustainability or climate resiliency goals are also appropriate for this priority.

The Conventional Plant Breeding for Cultivar Development Program welcomes applications that address the following:

- a. Involvement of producers, consumers, or other stakeholders in participatory breeding efforts;
- b. Strengthening multi-environment trials across programs or regions;
- c. Building cooperative networks that efficiently leverage resources across breeding programs to create value to the consumer; or
- d. Applications that will result in and increase the availability of cultivars in the marketplace within the duration of the award.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Projects focusing on species and commodities that are important to underserved farmers or small- or medium-sized farms are welcome.
- d. Release or distribution of plant germplasm and other plant materials: Researchers are recommended to apply for Plant Variety Protection Certificates or Plant Patents when possible and to report these inventions on <u>iEdison</u> in compliance with the Bayh-Dole Act. Researchers must also confer with the relevant crop curators and Crop Germplasm Committees early in the application development process regarding the desirability of

submitting the preceding plant materials generated by NIFA funding into NPGS genebanks and stock centers. More information is available on the <u>NPGS website</u>.

- e. Applications whose primary focus is plant breeding discovery research, pre-breeding, breeding tools and methods, or genetic engineering should be submitted to the Plant Breeding for Agricultural Production program area priority (A1141).
- f. Applications proposing data science projects that leverage data sets across multiple disciplines and convert large amounts of data into knowledge and applications through computer analytics, modeling and simulations should submit applications to the DSFAS program area priority (A1541 in Crosscutting Programs).

2. Animal Health and Production and Animal Products

Background

Animal health and production play critical roles in the sustainability and competitiveness of U.S. agriculture. Livestock, poultry, equine, and aquaculture species contribute significantly to the nation's economy, global food production, and food security. For U.S. agriculture to remain globally competitive, a better understanding of the critical biological and physiological mechanisms underlying nutrition, growth, reproduction, and health in these species is needed, and is especially important in the presence of climate change. Basic and applied research at the genetic, genomic, molecular, cellular, microbiome, and organ systems levels are essential to control and prevent animal diseases, reduce animal health and production costs, enhance nutritional quality of animal products, and mitigate environmental impacts. New knowledge gained from this research will lead to better management strategies for both conventional and organic production systems to enhance production efficiency, improve animal health and welfare, and develop high quality animal products for human use. These strategies may include the application of biotechnology, conventional/classical breeding, and breed development. Recent advances in genome modification technologies, such as genome editing, hold promise as a novel tool for understanding the role of specific genes and gene products in animal biology, physiology, and production traits, as well as precision breeding. NIFA is soliciting applications using genome editing in the program areas below, as well as in the Inter-Disciplinary Engagement in Animal Systems program area priority (A1261). Projects focusing on minor animal species, including but not limited to goats, farmed deer, elk, and bison, as well as animal species and commodities that are important to underserved farmers, ranchers, or small- or medium-sized farms or ranches are welcome in all program areas listed below.

In addition to the program area priorities described in this section, the Animal Health and Production and Animal Products program area also supports the following program area priorities:

- a. Inter-Disciplinary Engagement in Animal Systems (A1261).
- b. Agricultural Biosecurity (A1181)
- c. Critical Agriculture Research and Extension (A1701).

Total program funds – Approximately \$56 million

Program Area Key Information applicable to <u>ALL</u> Animal Health and Production and

Animal Products Program Area Priorities:

- a. All applications must adhere to the requirements in *Part IV*.
- b. Applications from and collaborations with minority-serving institutions, small to midsized institutions, and/or institutions within the EPSCoR states are welcome in this program area.
- c. Applications that include collaborations with international partners may also be submitted. The <u>AFRI International Partnerships webpage</u> contains additional information on international partnerships.
- d. Applicants must justify the use of experimental model systems. Applications that primarily use non-agricultural or non-aquaculture species as models (*i.e.*, encompassing greater than 50% of the work proposed) will not be considered.
- e. Applicants must articulate and demonstrate direct benefit of their proposed project to animal agriculture or aquaculture productivity, economics, sustainability, or rural communities, in addition to identifying relevance to the program area priority.
- f. When appropriate, applicants must include statistical power analyses and describe the experimental design, experimental unit, replication and sample size for each experimental group.
- g. Applications with highly complex, large scale, transdisciplinary, and integrated research, education, and extension projects that incorporate foundational knowledge from this program area should be submitted to the <u>AFRI Sustainable Agricultural Systems program</u> (A9201) described in the AFRI SAS RFA.
- h. An applicant may submit a Conference Grant application anytime during the year. A Letter of Intent (LOI) is required for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must be submitted at least 195 days before the start of the conference. The full Conference Grant application must be submitted, at minimum, 150 days before the start of the conference.

Program Area Priorities – Each application must address at least one of the five program area priorities listed below. Details about each of the Animal Health and Production and Animal Products program area priorities are provided later in this section.

- 2a. Animal Reproduction
- 2b. Animal Nutrition, Growth and Lactation
- 2c. Welfare of Agricultural Animals
- 2d. Diseases of Agricultural Animals
- 2e. Animal Breeding, Genetics, and Genomics

2a. <u>Animal Reproduction</u>

Table 10: Animal Reproduction Key Information

Title	Description
Program Code:	A1211
Program Code	Animal Reproduction
Name:	
Assistance Listing #	10.310
Project Type(s):	Research Projects only

Title	Description
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and
	Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u>
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE
	Grant applications.
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to
	the program contact(s) below
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, August 7, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, August 6, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins
Grant Duration:	a. 36-60 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants
	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for Standard Grants,
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants, and New Investigator Standard
	Grants
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants
Program Area	a. Dr. Kamilah Grant, (352) 805-8872 or <u>kamilah.grant@usda.gov</u>
Priority Contact(s):	b. Dr. Mark Mirando, (202) 445-5575 or <u>mark.mirando@usda.gov</u>

Cellular, molecular, genomic/genetic or whole-animal aspects of animal reproduction relevant to improving reproductive efficiency or enhancing reproductive management, including mitigating reductions in fertility that are exacerbated by climate change, especially focusing on:

- a. Gonadal function (including production, function, and preservation of gametes);
- b. Hypothalamic-pituitary axis;
- c. Embryonic and fetal development (including interaction between the conceptus and its uterine environment); or
- d. Microbiome of the reproductive tract.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Projects focusing on species and commodities that are important to underserved farmers and ranchers or small- or medium-sized farms or ranches are welcome.
- d. Applications to study effects of nutritional plane on reproductive performance are appropriate for this program area priority (A1211).
- e. Applications to study effects of nutritional plane during gestation on subsequent growth performance or lactation of the offspring should be submitted to the Animal Nutrition,

Growth and Lactation program area priority (A1231).

f. Applications to study effects of nutritional plane during gestation on immune function or susceptibility to disease of the dam or offspring should be submitted to the Diseases of Agricultural Animals program area priority (A1221).

Table II: Animal Nutrition, Growth and Lactation Key Information		
Title	Description	
Program Code:	A1231	
Program Code	Animal Nutrition, Growth and Lactation	
Name:		
Assistance Listing #	10.310	
Project Type(s):	Research Projects only	
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New	
	Investigator Standard, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment,	
	and Sabbatical) Grants	
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE	
	Grant applications.	
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must	
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.	
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to	
	the program contact(s) below	
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, August 7, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)	
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, August 6, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)	
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a	
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins	
Grant Duration:	a. 36-60 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard	
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants	
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants	
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants	
	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants	
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for Standard Grants,	
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants, and New Investigator	
	Standard Grants	
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants	
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants	
Program Area	a. Dr. Steven Smith, (202) 445-5480 or <u>steven.i.smith@usda.gov</u>	
Priority Contact(s):	b. Dr. Amber Campbell, (816) 516-1608 or	
	amber.campbell@usda.gov	
	c. Dr. Mark Mirando, (202) 445-5575 or <u>mark.mirando@usda.gov</u>	

2b. Animal Nutrition, Growth and Lactation

Table 11: Animal Nutrition, Growth and Lactation Key Information

Program Area Priority:

Cellular, molecular, genomic/genetic or whole-animal aspects of nutrition, growth and lactation, especially focusing on:

a. Nutrient utilization and efficiency. This may include the influence and impact of the gastrointestinal microbiome and/or mitigation of enteric methane and other greenhouse

gasses;

- b. Innovative approaches to feed formulation or use of novel alternative feedstuffs, especially those that may contribute to reducing emission of methane and other greenhouse gasses;
- c. Improving the efficiency of production or quality of meat, milk, eggs, fish, and animal fiber; or
- d. Metabolic disorders and nutritional deficiencies affecting production of meat, milk, eggs, fish, and animal fiber.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Projects focusing on species and commodities that are important to underserved farmers and ranchers or small- or medium-sized farms or ranches are welcome.
- d. Applications focused on the effects of metabolic disorders (e.g., hepatic lipidosis, ketosis, post-parturient hypocalcemia, displaced abomasum, insulin resistance) and nutrient deficiencies on meat, milk and egg production are appropriate for this program area priority (A1231). Applications focused on the effects of metabolic disorders and nutrient deficiencies on immune function or susceptibility to disease should be submitted to the Diseases of Agricultural Animals program area priority (A1221).
- e. Applications to study effects of nutritional plane during gestation on subsequent growth performance or lactation of the offspring are appropriate for this program area priority (A1231).
- f. Applications focused on effects of nutritional plane on reproductive performance should be submitted to the Animal Reproduction program area priority (A1211).
- g. Applications to study effects of nutritional plane during gestation on immune function or susceptibility to disease of the dam or offspring should be submitted to the Diseases of Agricultural Animals program area priority (A1221).
- h. Projects addressing precision animal management, such as resource-smart feeding and monitoring, should consider the Inter-Disciplinary Engagement in Animal Systems (IDEAS) program area priority (A1261 in Crosscutting Programs).
- i. Applications focused exclusively on post-harvest treatments and their effect on our understanding of the chemical, physical, and biological properties of animal products or methods to improve the safety, quality, shelf-life, convenience, nutrient profile or sensory attributes of animal products, should be submitted to the Novel Foods and Innovative Manufacturing Technologies program area priority (A1364).
- j. NIFA is partnering with Ireland and Northern Ireland under the U.S.-Ireland Research and Development Partnership to solicit collaborative research applications in the Animal Nutrition, Growth and Lactation program area priority. For more information including FAQs about this opportunity, visit the <u>NIFA</u>, <u>Ireland</u>, <u>and Northern Ireland partnership</u> <u>page</u>. Applicants submitting to this partnership must select "other" in the AFRI Project Type form and type in "Collaborative" and their application title should begin as "TRIPARTITE: [full title]".

2c. Welfare of Agricultural Animals

Table 12: Welfare of Agricultural Animals Key Information		
Title	Description	
Program Code:	A1251	
Program Code	Welfare of Agricultural Animals	
Name:		
Assistance Listing #	10.310	
Project Type(s):	Research or Integrated Projects only	
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New	
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and	
	Sabbatical) Grants	
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE	
	Grant applications.	
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must	
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.	
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to	
A 1	the program contact(s) below	
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, August 7, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)	
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, August 6, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)	
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a	
Grant Duration:	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins	
Grant Duration:	a. 36-60 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Creats	
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants	
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants	
	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants	
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for Standard Grants ,	
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants, and New Investigator	
	Standard Grants; \$800,000 with specific partnerships (see <i>Part II</i>	
	(S E)	
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants	
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants	
Program Area	a. Dr. Kamilah Grant, (352) 805-8872 kamilah.grant@usda.gov	
Priority Contact(s):	b. Dr. Mark Mirando, (202) 445-5575 or <u>mark.mirando@usda.gov</u>	

Program Area Priority:

Evaluation (which should include assessment of animal welfare) of current animal agriculture production practices (including those used in aquaculture) and/or development of new or enhanced management approaches that safeguard both animal welfare and adaption to climate change, including but not limited to:

- a. Advance objective measures of animal welfare, including the use of emerging methods and metrics for assessment (e.g., functional genomics; epidemiology; automated, noninvasive methods) for outcome based (health and behavior) welfare assessment criteria.
- b. Alternatives or improvements for painful management procedures; euthanasia and slaughter methods to decrease pain and distress; handling and transportation to decrease

injury and distress (including thermal stress);

- c. Understanding the effect of the microbiome on animal welfare;
- d. Selection methods or experiments for improved robustness, behavior, and/or social effects, including those that may be impacted by climate change (such as thermal stress);
- e. Development of innovative alternatives to replace or reduce the use of animals in agricultural research.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Projects focusing on species and commodities that are important to underserved farmers and ranchers or small- or medium-sized farms or ranches are welcome.
- d. Projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See *Part II* & E for detailed eligibility restrictions.
- e. NIFA is partnering with Ireland and Northern Ireland under the U.S.-Ireland Research and Development Partnership to solicit collaborative research applications in the Welfare of Agricultural Animals program area priority. For more information including FAQs about this opportunity, visit the NIFA, Ireland, and Northern Ireland partnership page. Applicants submitting to this partnership must select "other" in the AFRI Project Type form and type in "Collaborative" and their application title should begin as "TRIPARTITE: [full title]". Note: Research applications submitted for U.S.-Ireland **Tripartite Collaborative grants are ineligible for U.S. funding above the research** program maximum of \$650,000.
- f. Applications that address social science aspects of animal welfare or those that focus on precision animal management of animal welfare should be submitted to the Inter-Disciplinary Engagement in Animal Sciences program area priority (A1261).
- g. Applications that address animal welfare with a significant engineering component such as the design, manufacture, and operation of structures, technologies, machines, processes, and/or systems should be submitted to the Agriculture Systems and Technology program area priority: Engineering for Agricultural Production and Processing (A1521).
- h. Applications that address animal welfare, but work exclusively on prevention, control, or treatment of animal diseases, should be submitted to the Diseases of Agricultural Animals program area priority (A1221).

	Description
Program Code:	A1221
Program Code	Diseases of Agricultural Animals
Name:	
Assistance Listing #	10.310
Project Type(s):	Research Projects only

2d. <u>Diseases of Agricultural Animals</u> Table 13: Diseases of Agricultural Animals Key Information

Title	Description
Grant Type(s):	 a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New Investigator Standard, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and Sabbatical) Grants b. See <i>Part II § C.2</i> for requirements specific to conference and FASE Grant applications.
Letter of Intent Deadline	 a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins. b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to the program contact(s) below
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, August 7, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, August 6, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins
Grant Duration:	a. 36-60 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants
	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for Standard Grants,
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants, and New Investigator
	Standard Grants; \$800,000 with specific partnerships (see Part II
	<u>§ E</u>)
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants
Program Area	a. Dr. Tim Sullivan, (816) 527-5434 or timothy.sullivan@usda.gov
Priority Contact(s):	b. Dr. Kathe Bjork, (816) 591-7415 or <u>kathe.e.bjork@usda.gov</u>

Application topics may include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following:

- a. Cellular, molecular, genomic/genetic or whole-animal aspects of animal health and disease, with emphasis on maintaining healthy agricultural animals to ensure a safe and adequate food supply.
- b. Maintenance of homeostasis, including immunologic responses.
- c. Disease prevention and control, **including** vaccinology; reverse vaccinology; breeding for disease resistance; and animal and farm management (including precision animal health management).
- d. Diagnostics for diseases endemic to the U.S. NOTE: Diagnostics for transboundary/foreign and emerging/re-emerging diseases should be submitted to the Agricultural Biosecurity program area priority (A1181). For all diagnostic tests, applicants must provide a validation plan.
- e. Therapeutic interventions for disease reduction or treatment, including alternatives to antibiotics and minor use animal drugs.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.

- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Projects focusing on species and commodities that are important to underserved farmers and ranchers or small- or medium-sized farms or ranches are welcome.
- d. Research that addresses animal health and disease (including zoonotic or vector-borne animal disease) with potential for adaptation to climate change is welcome. This program area priority also supports research on both endemic and foreign animal diseases that have the potential to impact U.S. agricultural animal production.
- e. Projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See <u>Part II § E</u> for detailed eligibility restrictions.
- f. NIFA is partnering with Ireland and Northern Ireland under the U.S.-Ireland Research and Development Partnership to solicit collaborative research applications in the Diseases of Agricultural Animals program area priority. For more information including FAQs about this opportunity, visit the <u>NIFA</u>, <u>Ireland</u>, <u>and Northern Ireland partnership page</u>. Applicants submitting to this partnership must select "other" in the AFRI Project Type form and type in "Collaborative" and their application title should begin as "TRIPARTITE: [full title]". Note: Research applications submitted for U.S.-Ireland Tripartite Collaborative grants are ineligible for U.S. funding above the research program maximum of \$650,000.
- g. Applications to study effects of nutritional plane during gestation on immune function or susceptibility to disease of the dam or offspring are appropriate for this program area priority (A1221).
- h. Applications focused on the effects of metabolic disorders (e.g., hepatic lipidosis, ketosis, post-parturient hypocalcemia, displaced abomasum, insulin resistance) and nutrient deficiencies on immune function or susceptibility to disease are appropriate for this program area priority (A1221).
- i. Applications focused on the effects of metabolic disorders and nutrient deficiencies on meat, milk and egg production should be submitted to the Animal Nutrition, Growth and Lactation program area priority (A1231).
- j. Projects addressing precision animal management, such as precision animal health management, also may consider the Inter-Disciplinary Engagement in Animal Systems (IDEAS) program area priority (A1261 in Crosscutting Programs).

2e. Animal Breeding, Genetics, and Genomics

Table 14: Animal Breeding, Genetics, and Genomics Key Information

Title	Description
Program Code:	A1201
Program Code	Animal Breeding, Genetics, and Genomics
Name:	
Assistance Listing #	10.310
Project Type(s):	Research Projects only

Title	Description
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New
	Investigator Standard, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment,
	and Sabbatical) Grants
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE
	Grant applications.
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to
	the program contact(s) below
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, August 7, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, August 6, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins
Grant Duration:	a. 36-60 months for Standard Grants , Strengthening Standard
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants
	 c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants
Maximum Award	
	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for Standard Grants , Strongthening Standard Cronts and Standard New
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants and Standard New
	Investigator Grants ; \$800,000 with specific partnerships (see <u><i>Part</i></u> $\underline{H \& E}$)
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants
Program Area	a. Dr. Angelica Van Goor, (816) 584-5304 or
Priority Contact(s):	angelica.van.goor@usda.gov
	b. Dr. Tim Sullivan, (816) 527-5434 or <u>timothy.sullivan@usda.gov</u>
	$10.101.1111.501117011, (010) 527 5757 01 \frac{11100117.501170110000.207}{11100117.501170110000.207}$

Program Area Priority:

- Animal genomics research priorities were identified from stakeholder input and were compiled in the report: "Genome to Phenome: Improving Animal Health, Production, and Well-Being: A new USDA Blueprint for Animal Genome Research 2018 2027". Proposals that align with the animal genome blueprint goals are welcome to submit to this program area or other program areas within the RFA based on the best alignment with program area priority goals.
- b. Novel quantitative genetic methods including selection theory and modeling, implementing selection methods that use a systems approach using a combination of genomics, epigenomics, functional genomics, and microbiome data for simultaneous improvement of multiple traits.
- c. Development of national and regional breeding strategies to address biotic and abiotic stresses (including climate and/or environmental extremes), greenhouse gas emissions from livestock, genetic diversity, germplasm storage and characterization, or genome modifications.
- d. Development of new phenotypes for improving selection criteria and/or development of high-throughput methods for on-farm recording of traits for improving selection criteria.

e. Exploring alternatives to control inbreeding, exploit crossbreeding, conduct selection experiments, or develop novel breeding programs.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Projects focusing on species and commodities that are important to underserved farmers and ranchers or small- or medium-sized farms or ranches are welcome.
- d. Projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See <u>Part II § E</u> for detailed eligibility restrictions.
- e. NIFA is partnering with Ireland and Northern Ireland under the U.S.-Ireland Research and Development Partnership to solicit collaborative research applications in the Animal Breeding, Genetics, and Genomics program area priority. For more information including FAQs about this opportunity, visit the <u>NIFA</u>, <u>Ireland</u>, <u>and Northern Ireland partnership</u> page. Applicants submitting to this partnership must select "other" in the AFRI Project Type form and type in "Collaborative" and their application title should begin as "TRIPARTITE: [full title]". **Note: Research applications submitted for U.S.-Ireland Tripartite Collaborative grants are ineligible for U.S. funding above the research program maximum of \$650,000**.
- f. Applications proposing data science projects that leverage data sets across multiple disciplines and convert large amounts of data into knowledge and applications through computer analytics, modeling and simulations should submit applications to the DSFAS program area priority (A1541 in Crosscutting Programs).
- g. Applications that propose to use functional genomics and genome editing approaches for understanding animal health or production traits should be submitted to respective program area priorities (A1211 for Animal Reproduction; A1221 for Diseases of Agricultural Animals; A1231 for Animal Nutrition, Growth and Lactation; or A1251 for Welfare of Agricultural Animals).
- h. Applications focused on conventional/classical animal breeding, breed development, or applied quantitative genetics for one or multiple traits are appropriate to this program A1201 (e.g., selecting within a breed for a specific trait of interest).
- i. Projects should demonstrate strong community support and/or private-public partnerships, coordination with domestic and international partners, and commodity groups and/or consortia.

3. Food Safety, Nutrition, and Health

Background

Safe, high quality, and nutritious foods are essential for human health and well-being, and their production is critical to the domestic and global competitiveness of American agricultural products, fostering consumer trust and the long-term sustainability of the U.S. agricultural industries. Our nation's population is more diverse than ever, and consumers continue to demand foods that are nutritious and safe, including those that are locally and regionally produced, and

those that have not been common in the typical American diet. Consumer interest in novel foods has risen, and to address this need, industry is responding with novel technologies for engineering, manufacturing, packaging, and delivery of foods and food ingredients. Implementation strategies to address diet-related chronic diseases such as obesity, cardiovascular diseases, diabetes, and certain types of cancers include increasing physical activity, improving fruit and vegetable consumption, and strengthening policies, systems, and environmental supports that encourage healthy eating and activity behaviors. As the nation's food systems become more global, vertically integrated and specialized, the use of data science approaches and advanced analytics will be critical to safeguard foods from intentional or accidental contamination. The Food Safety, Nutrition, and Health (FSHN) program area seeks to provide the scientific foundation for addressing equitable public demands for safe, high quality, accessible and nutritious foods throughout the lifecycle, using a transdisciplinary approach, and to explore previously unrealized opportunities for improving food safety, quality and nutrition along the value chain.

Total Program Funds – Approximately \$38 million

Program Area Key Information applicable to <u>ALL</u> Food Safety, Nutrition, and Health Program Area Priories:

- a. All applications must adhere to the requirements in *Part IV*.
- b. Applications from and collaborations with minority-serving institutions, small to midsized institutions, and/or institutions within the EPSCoR states are welcome in this program area.
- c. Applications that include collaborations with international partners may also be submitted. The <u>AFRI International Partnerships webpage</u> contains additional information on international partnerships.
- d. Use of transdisciplinary teams, including social and behavioral scientists and economists, is welcome, where appropriate.
- e. Applications with highly complex, large scale, transdisciplinary, and integrated research, education, and extension projects that incorporate foundational knowledge from this program area should be submitted to the <u>AFRI Sustainable Agricultural Systems program</u> (A9201) described in the AFRI SAS RFA.
- f. An applicant may submit a Conference Grant application anytime during the year. A Letter of Intent (LOI) is required for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must be submitted at least 195 days before the start of the conference. The full Conference Grant application must be submitted, at minimum, 150 days before the start of the conference.

Program Area Priorities – Each application must address at least one of the five program area priorities listed below. Details about each of the Food Safety, Nutrition, and Health program area priorities are provided later in this section.

- 3a. Food Safety and Defense
- 3b. Novel Foods and Innovative Manufacturing Technologies
- 3c. Diet, Nutrition and the Prevention of Chronic Diseases
- 3d. Food and Human Health
- 3e. Mitigating Antimicrobial Resistance across the Food Chain

3a. Food Safety and Defense

Table 15	: Food Safety	and Defense Ke	y Information
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Table 15: Food Safety and Defense Key Information		
Title	Description	
Program Code:	A1332	
Program Name:	Food Safety and Defense	
Assistance Listing #	10.310	
Project Type(s):	Research Projects and Integrated (Research, Education, and/or	
	Extension) Projects only.	
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New	
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and	
	Sabbatical) Grants <u>only.</u>	
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE	
	Grant applications.	
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must	
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.	
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to	
	the program contact(s) below.	
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, August 21, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)	
Deadline(s)	b. 2026 : Thursday, August 20, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)	
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a	
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins.	
Grant Duration:	a. 36-60 months for Standard Grants , Strengthening Standard	
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants.	
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants.	
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants.	
	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants.	
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for Research Project Standard	
Amount(s):	Grants, Strengthening Standard Grants and New Investigator	
	Standard Grants ; \$800,000 with specific partnerships (see <u>Part II</u>	
	 § <u>E</u>). b. Including indirect costs: \$750,000 for Integrated Project Standard 	
	Grants, Strengthening Standard Grants and New Investigator	
	Standard Grants; \$900,000 with specific partnerships (see <i>Part</i>	
	$\underline{II \& E}$.	
	c. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants.	
	d. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants.	
Program Area	a. Dr. Jodi Williams, (202) 424-9722 or jodi.williams@usda.gov	
Priority Contact(s):		

Program Area Priority:

NIFA invites proposals for basic and applied research that will reduce the risk of intentional or unintentional contamination of foods.

Applications must address one or more of the following (order does not indicate importance):

a. Develop microbiological procedures designed to alleviate the need for enrichment in the detection of very small numbers of pathogens in large food samples collected to represent

a food production lot;

- b. Develop methods for identifying, detecting, and/or enumerating pathogens of relatively high public health risk including persistence or virulence;
- c. Develop and validate advanced and innovative technologies or processes for food processing, manufacturing, packaging, cleaning, and sanitation to effectively reduce the presence of surviving enteric pathogens in food and processing facilities;
- d. Develop preharvest or postharvest methods to detect, reduce, and/or mitigate the intentional or unintentional contamination of foods with pathogens, allergens, physical or chemical (arsenic, lead, cadmium, mercury, PFAS, or emerging chemicals of concern such as micro- and nano-plastics) hazards, including specific reference to culturally and contextually appropriate approaches (such as Traditional Ecological Knowledge);
- e. Develop methods to identify, prevent, or reduce intentional contamination or adulteration of foods; or
- f. Develop and validate novel strategies for the effective control of persistent reservoirs of foodborne pathogens.
- g. Food safety projects that demonstrate an integrated approach to solving problems in applied food safety research, education, or extension.

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. The project narrative must include discussion and justification of the foodborne contaminants to be studied as a food safety threat.
- d. The project narratives should include a discussion of how key economic, consumer, or regulatory issues will affect the ultimate utility and impact of the proposed research or integrated project.
- e. Control strategies may include plant or animal breeding to improve food safety.
- f. NIFA welcomes Climate Smart Agriculture and forestry practices. Proposed innovations should foster climate-smart approaches that mitigate greenhouse gas emissions.
- g. Projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See *Part II § E* for detailed eligibility restrictions.
- h. Applications addressing antimicrobial resistance should be submitted to the Mitigating Antimicrobial Resistance across the Food Chain program area priority (A1366).
- i. Applications addressing (Food Safety Modernization Act (FSMA) related education and outreach should be directed towards the Food Safety Outreach Program (A4182).
- j. Applications addressing food safety education and outreach to mitigate environmental impacts and climate change should be submitted to Regional Partnerships for Climate Extension and Education (A1721).
- k. Projects focused on nanotechnology-enabled sensors for accurate, reliable and costeffective early and rapid detection of pathogens, allergens, chemicals and contaminants in foods, plant and animal production systems, water and soil and the agricultural production environment should be submitted to the Nanotechnology for Agricultural and Food systems program area priority (A1511).

1. Applications to develop or improve advanced data analytical methods or tools for utilizing the emerging science of big data to aid food traceability, safety, quality and nutrition decision making should be submitted to the Data Science for Food and Agricultural Systems (DSFAS) program area priority (A1541 in Crosscutting Programs).

Table 16: Novel Foods and Innovative Manufacturing Technologies Key Information		
Title	Description	
Program Code:	A1364	
Program Name:	Novel Foods and Innovative Manufacturing Technologies	
Assistance Listing #	10.310	
Project Type(s):	Research Projects only	
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New	
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and	
	Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u>	
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE	
	Grant applications.	
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications: The LOI must be	
Deadline	submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.	
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to	
	the program contact(s) below	
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, September 11, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)	
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, September 17, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)	
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a	
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins	
Grant Duration:	a. 36-60 months for Standard Grants , Strengthening Standard	
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants	
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants	
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grantsd. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants	
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for Standard Grants ,	
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants and New Investigator Standard	
Amount(s).	Grants ; \$800,000 with specific partnerships (see <u>Part II § E</u>)	
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants	
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants	
Program Area	a. Dr. Hongda Chen, (202) 445-5582 or hongda.chen@usda.gov	
Priority Contact(s):	 b. Dr. Junia Jean-Gilles Beaubrun, Junia.Jean- 	
	<u>GillesBeaubrun@usda.gov</u>	

3b. <u>Novel Foods and Innovative Manufacturing Technologies</u> **Table 16:** Novel Foods and Innovative Manufacturing Technologies Key Information

Program Area Priority:

NIFA requests research proposals that develop risk-based approaches to ensure the quality, safety and nutrition of novel foods and food ingredients, and conventional foods for sustainable food and nutrition security. This priority area also seeks to advance food manufacturing competitiveness to ensure a more sustainable, resilient, equitable, and healthy food supply.

Applications must address one or more of the following (order does not indicate importance):

- a. Improve knowledge and understanding of the chemical, physical, biological, and nutritional properties of novel foods and novel food ingredients including effects of climate changes as appropriate;
- b. Improve the safety, quality, shelf-life, convenience, nutrient profile or sensory attributes of novel foods and novel food ingredients;
- c. Develop innovative manufacturing technologies that increase productivity, improve food quality and/or nutritional value of foods and food ingredients that are more energy, water and resource efficient; or
- d. Advance sciences and develop technologies to improve shelf life and minimize food loss and waste throughout the food supply chain including consumer empowering tools to support a circular bioeconomy.

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Novel foods considered for this priority are those foods or food ingredients that can be developed, produced or preserved using new technologies or processes including cell cultured meat, seafoods and animal proteins, plant protein products, edible insect proteins, single cell proteins, and other novel sources/varieties. Science, engineering and technology post-harvesting should be emphasized.
- d. Advanced food manufacturing encompasses engineering, processing and preservation technologies including precision fermentation, packaging, cleaning and sanitation, data science, robotics, high-speed automation, artificial intelligence, machine learning, biotechnology, nanotechnology, sensors, and quality/safety inspections of food and food products.
- e. Projects focusing on species and commodities that are important to underserved farmers and ranchers or small- or medium-sized farms or ranches are welcome.
- f. Projects that design culturally and contextually appropriate approaches and food products for indigenous communities are welcome.
- g. Projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See <u>Part II § E</u> for detailed eligibility restrictions.
- h. Applications with a primary research focus on data science, artificial intelligence, machine learning, or integrated or research Coordinated Innovation Networks (CIN) for advanced food manufacturing should be submitted to the Data Science for Food and Agricultural Systems (DSFAS) program area priority (A1541 in Crosscutting Programs).
- i. Proposed research with a primary focus on improving food safety should be submitted to Food Safety and Defense program (A1332).
- j. Research on plant and animal production and breeding to improve food quality and nutritional traits should consult appropriate program area priorities in the Plant or Animal Health and Production and Plant or Animal Products area.

3c. Diet, Nutrition and the Prevention of Chronic Diseases

	Table 17: Diet, Nutrition and the Prevention of Chronic Diseases Key Information		
Title	Description		
Program Code:	A1344		
Program Name:	Diet, Nutrition and the Prevention of Chronic Diseases		
Assistance Listing #	10.310		
Project Type(s):	a. Integrated Projects only		
	b. Research, Education, Extension, or Integrated Projects only		
	allowed for Seed Grants and Conference Grants		
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New		
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and		
	Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u>		
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE		
	Grant applications.		
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must		
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.		
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to		
	the program contact(s) below		
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, August 7, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)		
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, August 6, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)		
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a		
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins		
Grant Duration:	a. 36-60 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard		
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants		
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants		
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants		
Maximum Award	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grantsa. Including indirect costs: \$1,000,000 for Standard Grants,		
Amount(s):	a. Including indirect costs: \$1,000,000 for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard Grants and New Investigator		
Amouni(s).	Strengthening Standard Grants and New Investigator Standard Grants; \$1,150,000 with specific partnerships (see <u>Part</u>		
	$II \le E$)		
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants		
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants		
Program Area	a. Dr. Mallory Koenings, (202) 604-1985 or		
Priority Contact(s):	mallory.koenings@usda.gov		
	b. Dr. Kristopher Grimes, (502)343-9259 or		
	kristopher.grimes@usda.gov		

 Table 17: Diet, Nutrition and the Prevention of Chronic Diseases Key Information

Program Area Priority:

NIFA requests proposals for integrated projects that help prevent, and if needed control chronic disease equitably across the lifecycle by supporting and encouraging, healthy dietary choices through data-driven, flexible, culturally relevant, contextually relevant, and person -focused approaches. Proposals must reflect understanding of the multifaceted and interactive nature of research, education, and extension-outreach. Project teams must reflect knowledge of having consistent access, availability, and affordability of foods and beverages that promote well-being and prevent diet-related chronic diseases.

Applications to improve and sustain health, prevent diseases before they start, or control dietrelated chronic diseases, including cancer, must use whole food or biobased agricultural product methodology. Methods may include and are not limited to evaluating the effects of foods or biobased agricultural products on the patient experience or efficacy of treatment for the control, mitigation, secondary or tertiary prevention, or survival of diet-related chronic diseases.

This program area priority will fund at least one project that focuses specifically on the Expanded Food and Nutrition Education Program (EFNEP). Project findings must include (1) research-tested and contextually appropriate results to inform future directions of EFNEP as well as (2) streamlined and statistically sound EFNEP national evaluation metrics. EFNEP project proposals must demonstrate respect for the context and continuity of the national nutrition education program. EFNEP Program Coordinator(s) must be integral members of the project team. Allocable time and effort of the EFNEP Coordinator(s) must be included in the proposal budget request. EFNEP peer educator(s) input regarding project planning, activities, and operations must be included. Applicants must demonstrate strong collaboration to catalyze integrated project efforts that advance EFNEP, including research and extension components, education component is optional. EFNEP proposals must use nutrition education as their Program Area Approach. Appropriate context may include multiple institutions, program sites, regions, and tiers. EFNEP proposals that focus on peer educator success, include workforce succession planning, capture economic return of training and professional development, and evaluate quality of life indicators, along with participant engagement and cultural relevance are encouraged.

Applicants must address at least one Program Area Priority and at least one Program Area Approach.

Program Area Priorities:

- a. Develop, implement, and evaluate innovative research, educational, and outreach strategies to improve eating patterns that prevent and control diet-related chronic diseases;
- b. Investigate, assess, and recommend integrated food and human nutrition research and program implementation interventions, and/or program evaluation metrics with the goal to achieve food and nutrition security, improve and sustain health; or
- c. Improve food security and nutritional health outcomes for racial/ethnic minority populations, underserved populations, women, rural, or remote populations through an evidence-based approach to healthy eating and active living.

Program Area Approaches:

- a. <u>Precision nutrition</u>, also referred to as personalized nutrition, which focuses on individuals rather than a "one-size-fits-all" approach to dietary guidance, or tailored dietary needs of historically underserved communities rather than the general population;
- b. Nutrition education that disseminates and implements food and human nutrition interventions that motivate or facilitate voluntary adoption of food choices and other food and nutrition-related behaviors conducive to lifelong health and well-being particularly at the individual and/or family level(s);
- c. Policy, systems, and/or environmental change efforts supportive of healthy food and physical activity behaviors particularly at the community and/or population level(s); or

d. Culturally and contextually appropriate approaches to tackle food and nutrition insecurity, prevent and control diet-related chronic diseases and corresponding disparities.

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Applicants are strongly encouraged to submit Integrated Projects for Seed Grants and Conference Grants to be well positioned for future Standard Grant applications.
- d. Historically underserved communities include Tribal Nations, communities of Color, women, LGBTQIA+, individuals with disabilities, Veterans, rural and remote communities, Insular areas, or communities with residents predominantly living under the Federal poverty line.
- e. Applications from and collaborations with minority-serving institutions, small to midsized institutions, and/or institutions within the EPSCoR states are welcome in this program area priority.
- f. Projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See <u>Part II § E</u> for detailed eligibility restrictions.
- g. Leveraging artificial intelligence and data science methods not limited to data visualization, machine learning, natural language processing, or predictive decision making is welcome.
- h. NIFA welcomes projects to address the intersections between climate change, food systems, food loss and waste, and food and nutrition security including the role of precision nutrition, direct nutrition education and/or policy, systems, and environmental supports.
- i. Coordination and collaboration with USDA Nutrition Hub awardees is encouraged. Learn more on NIFA's <u>Food and Nutrition Security Topic Page</u>.
- j. Integrated (research and extension) projects focused on shortening supply chains, minimizing negative environmental impacts, and ensuring a resilient, flexible and equitable food system that is safe, affordable and nutritious should be submitted to A1461 – Environmental Justice.
- k. Community outreach/extension project proposals for the delivery of fruit and vegetable incentives or produce prescriptions should be submitted to the corresponding Gus Schumacher Nutrition Incentive Program competitive grant program. For more information, see <u>NIFA's Upcoming RFA Calendar</u>.
- 1. NIFA welcomes applicants to consider educational components of integrated projects that (1) address training or retraining workforce for careers as nutrition educators, to support Food and Nutrition programs particularly in historically underserved populations or (2) develop evidence-based program interventions and materials responsive to local and regional workforce needs while addressing barriers to career pathways including access to equipment, technology, broadband, instructors, mentors, childcare, eldercare, and transportation.
- m. NIFA encourages proposals that connect with or inform Federal programs that support food and nutrition security, such as the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for

Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) nutrition education, the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Education (SNAP-Ed), the Expanded Food and Nutrition Education Program (EFNEP), etc., and elevating MyPlate for Educators.

n. Applications focusing on integrated projects that improve women's health outcomes are strongly encouraged.

3d. Food and Human Health

 Table 18: Food and Human Health Key Information

	Description
Program Code:	A1343
Program Name:	Food and Human Health
Assistance Listing #	10.310
Project Type(s):	Research Projects only
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and
	Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u>
	b. See <u><i>Part II § C.2</i></u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE
	Grant applications.
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to
A 11 /	the program contact(s) below
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, August 7, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, August 6, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a minimum of 150 days before the conference begins
Grant Duration:	minimum of 150 days before the conference beginsa. 36-60 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard
Grant Duration.	a. 36-60 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants
	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for Standard Grants ,
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants and New Investigator
	Standard Grants; \$800,000 with specific partnerships (see Part II
	<u>§ E</u>)
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants
Program Area	a. Dr. Kristopher Grimes, (502)343-9259 or
Priority Contact(s):	kristopher.grimes@usda.gov

Program Area Priority:

NIFA requests proposals that use culturally and contextually appropriate approaches, where applicable, to investigate the interrelationships of foods, or components of foods, and their impact on the gut microbiota to improve human health.

Human health is a complex subject and requires transdisciplinary efforts including food scientists

and nutrition scientists to collaboratively close knowledge gaps. Processed foods may mechanistically influence metabolic health beyond nutrient composition and diet quality. Additional research is needed in understanding digestive response (from absorption to excretion, bioavailability, gut hormones, and microbiota composition and function, etc.) and metabolic response (glycemic response; insulin sensitivity, endocrine response, vascular function, etc.) of processed foods compared to whole foods. For the purposes of this funding opportunity, a processed food is any food that has been physically, biologically, or chemically modified from its natural, raw state.

Project results should provide solid scientific evidence to inform the development of <u>Dietary</u> <u>Guidelines</u> for Americans to prevent, or address diet-related chronic diseases such as obesity, cardiovascular diseases, diabetes, and certain types of cancers or control chronic diseases. They should also help to promote precision nutrition; and where appropriate, personalized dietary needs particularly for historically underrepresented populations (e.g., women's health research) and/or aging populations.

This program has two priorities. Applicants should choose **one** of the two priorities (A or B) in which to focus.

- A. Food and Gut Health Applicants responding to this priority must address at least one of the following:
 - a. Investigate effects of whole food, food ingredients, and bioactive compounds on the gut microbiota and their impacts on human health;
 - b. Determine the structure and functional outcomes of food matrices and/or metabolites of gut microbiome in human gastrointestinal tracts (GI);
 - c. Investigate the fate and transport of food contaminants or food process-induced compounds (e.g., acrylamide, advanced glycation end products) in the human GI tract and/or its impacts on gut microbiota.
- B. **Processed Food and Human Health** Applicants responding to this priority must address at least one of the following:
 - a. Investigate metabolic mechanisms through which characteristics of processed foods may impact human health by influencing risk factors for cardiometabolic, obesity, or cancer, in children and adults. Characteristics may include but are not limited to food formulation, processes, matrix, etc.;
 - b. Investigate the biological mechanisms to explain how properties of processed foods (e.g. hedonic, sensory, hyper-palatability etc.) influence ingestive behavior; and their contribution to excess energy and nutrient intake in adults and children; and explore potential solutions to improve health outcomes; or
 - c. Investigate impacts of processing on nutrient bioavailability, and how food structures (e.g. food matrix) impacts the digestive responses as whole food progresses along the continuum from minimally processed to highly processed. Research should use foods commonly consumed in the U.S. diet and explore possible innovative solutions that protect nutrients during processing to improve human health.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.

- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Projects that prioritize collaboration between food science and nutritional science disciplines are strongly encouraged.
- d. Justification must be provided for the hypothesized relationship of the bioactive component(s) to human health outcomes.
- e. Coordination and collaboration with USDA Nutrition Hub awardees is encouraged. Learn more on NIFA's Food and Nutrition Security Topic Page.
- f. Applications must use whole food or processed food. The enrichment and fortification of limiting nutrients through micro- and nano-encapsulation or other innovative technologies to improve efficacy of nutrient delivery in food is welcome.
- g. This program area priority does not support research on the development of dietary supplements, or for the establishment, expansion, or maintenance of dietary databases.
- h. Applications focusing on improved treatments and interventions that improve women's health outcomes are strongly encouraged.
- i. Projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See *Part II § E* for detailed eligibility restrictions.

Table 19: Mitigating A	Table 19: Mitigating Antimicrobial Resistance Across the Food Chain Key Information		
Title	Description		
Program Code:	A1366		
Program Name:	Mitigating Antimicrobial Resistance Across the Food Chain		
Assistance Listing #	10.310		
Project Type(s):	a. Integrated Projects only		
	b. Research, Education, Extension, or Integrated Projects allowed for		
	Seed Grants only		
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New		
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and		
	Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u>		
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE		
	Grant applications.		
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must		
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.		
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to		
	the program contact(s) below		
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, September 18, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)		
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, September 17, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time		
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a		
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins		
Grant Duration:	a. Up to 60 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard		
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants		
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants		
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants		
	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants		

3e. Mitigating Antimicrobial Resistance Across the Food Chain

Table 19: Mitigating Antimicrobial Resistance Across the Food Chain Key Information

Title	Description
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$1,000,000 for Standard Grants,
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants and New Investigator
	Standard Grants
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants
Program Area	a. Dr. Junia Jean-Gilles Beaubrun, (301)852-1201 or Junia.Jean-
Priority Contact(s):	<u>GillesBeaubrun@usda.gov</u>

Program Area Priority:

Innovative solutions to the complex problem of antimicrobial resistance (AMR) in food and agriculture are most effectively addressed by inter-disciplinary teams of experts using a systems approach. This systems-based integrated program will empower inter-disciplinary teams to develop, refine, and disseminate science-based knowledge about food and agricultural management and production practices that can mitigate or reduce the risk of antimicrobial resistance along the food chain. Approaches can span AMR knowledge gaps to include but not limited to environmental health, One Health approach of mitigating AMR from the agricultural ecosystem, climate change impact on increase of AMR, stewardship and behavioral changes in food and agriculture. The goal is to ensure safe, nutritious and abundant food supply while conserving and protecting responsible use of antimicrobials across the food and agriculture domain.

Applications must address at least one of the following:

- a. Describe, quantify, assess, and educate on approaches to mitigate the risk to human health from the presence of AMR pathogens or genes persisting at various critical control points along the food chain from production through processing to retail, and human consumption;
- b. Investigate and assess important factors, such as fitness and virulence associated with foodborne AMR pathogens that contribute to AMR development and persistence leading to foodborne illness;
- c. Identify factors that impact increase of AMR development (i.e., environmental health, pressures, and climate) to mitigate risk from agriculture practices to the food chain;
- d. Identify risk associated with antimicrobial use and pathways to address increasing AMR impact on the environment, wastewater, livestock, and crop systems, AMR development, and public health;
- e. Assess AMR in food and agriculture: challenges for small-scale or historically underserved producers to help mitigate the AMR in food, agricultural practices to increase food safety; or
- f. Determine improved best management practices and approaches in antibiotic stewardship and trusted resources for communicating and dispensing antibiotic stewardship information and guidance to stakeholder to mitigate AMR, increase food safety, and reduce AMR public health impact.

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.

- c. Proposal should include all three components of the integrated project, Research, Education and Extension, with the emphasis on the impact on mitigating AMR across the food chain.
- d. Applicants interested in identifying international collaborators or partnerships for the AMR program may refer to the Joint Programming Initiative on Antimicrobial Resistance under additional opportunities for collaboration on <u>NIFA's Developing Global</u> <u>Partnerships page</u>.
- e. While development of vaccines that prevent certain diseases can be one way to decrease antimicrobial resistance, the AMR program does <u>not</u> support research on the development of vaccines for controlling animal diseases. Applications that address vaccine development for animal diseases should be submitted to the Diseases of Agricultural Animals program area priority (A1221).
- f. NIFA is partnering with Ireland and Northern Ireland under the U.S.-Ireland Research and Development Partnership to solicit collaborative research applications in the Mitigating Antimicrobial Resistance Across the Food Chain program area priority. For more information including FAQs about this opportunity, visit the <u>NIFA</u>, <u>Ireland</u>, <u>and</u> <u>Northern Ireland partnership page</u>. Applicants submitting to this partnership must select "other" in the AFRI Project Type form and type in "Collaborative" and their application title should begin as "TRIPARTITE: [full title]".

4. Bioenergy, Natural Resources, and Environment

Background

The Bioenergy, Natural Resources, and Environment (BNRE) program area supports foundational and applied research and integrated projects to promote, improve, and maintain healthy agroecosystems and the natural resources that are essential to the sustained long-term production of agricultural and forestry goods and services. BNRE addresses national priorities including efforts to advance the bioeconomy and help farms and ranches, forests, and rangelands adapt to a changing climate.

Sustainable management of forest and agroecosystems requires the maintenance of the supporting natural resources and ecosystem services. Ecosystem services, defined as the direct and indirect benefits people obtain from ecosystems, fall into four categories of supporting services, provisioning services, regulating services and cultural services, with examples that include genetic resources; water quality; air quality; pollinator, wildlife and fisheries habitats; carbon sequestration; nutrient cycling and recreation.

Development and deployment of sustainable forest and agroecological practices require an understanding of the interactions among physical, chemical, biological, socioeconomic, and human factors and their response to natural and anthropogenic changes. Science-based information that integrates these complex interactions is needed to make decisions that support sustainable forest and agricultural production while maintaining associated natural resources and ecosystem services and promote resilience-based strategies to avoid critical thresholds of irreversible damage or loss. At the same time, applications to this program area must develop approaches that will contribute to the quantifiable reduction of the overall footprint of agriculture.

USDA-supported agricultural and forest biomass production systems provide feedstocks to produce biopower, biofuels, chemicals, and other biobased products. These systems must be integrated into existing agricultural landscapes in ways that enhance or do not degrade the natural resource base or other production systems. Research, development, and outreach to producers, processors, consumers, and the public are needed to build a portfolio of agricultural and natural resource research and technologies integrated with sustainable biomass systems.

In addition to the program area priorities described in this section, the BNRE program area also supports the following program area priorities described in Crosscutting Programs:

- a. Interdisciplinary Engagement in Animal Systems (A1261)
- b. Agricultural Microbiomes in Plant Systems and Natural Resources (A1402)
- c. Critical Agriculture Research and Extension (A1701)
- d. Rapid Response to Extreme Weather Events Across Food and Agricultural Systems (A1712)
- e. Regional Partnerships for Climate Extension& Education (A1721).

Total Program Funds – Approximately \$33 million

Program Area Key Information applicable to <u>ALL</u> Bioenergy, Natural Resources and Environment priority areas:

- a. All applications must adhere to the requirements in *Part IV*.
- b. Applications from and collaborations with minority-serving institutions, small to midsized institutions, and/or institutions within the EPSCoR states are encouraged.
- c. Applications may include international collaboration that will help achieve U.S. program objectives. Applicants are welcome to identify potential foreign collaborators or utilize partnerships that NIFA has developed (see the <u>AFRI International Partnerships</u> <u>webpage</u>). All applications should justify the choice of the systems under study in terms of their importance to sustainability.
- d. Applicants should consider the socioeconomic implications of their proposed projects including environmental justice, applications of foundational research, barriers and solutions to adoption of proposed management and technologies.
- e. Applications to this program area are encouraged to include traditional ecological knowledge, which is inclusive of indigenous knowledge.
- f. Projects may conduct research, education, and/or extension activities to develop and assess strategies for mitigating greenhouse gas emissions and climate-smart practices for adaptation to climate change and other unforeseen natural or man-made events that affect forestry, agriculture and food production.
- g. Projects are encouraged to partner with research programs and institutions with existing networks and long-term research data such as the USDA Long-Term Agroecosystem Research Network (LTAR), NSF Long Term Ecological Research (LTER), USDA Forest Service Experimental Forests and Ranges, USDA Climate Hubs, or others.
- h. Projects focused on data integration for policy and farm management decision making that include organizing and managing large data sets are encouraged to include source data from, the <u>Standard Application Process</u>, USDA Forest Service <u>USDA Forest Service</u>

Forest Inventory and Analysis USDA National Agricultural Library Ag Data Commons, and the USDA Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) Digital Commons.

- i. The BNRE program area invites applications for conferences and workshops that consider the three pillars of sustainability and interactions among the components. An applicant may submit a Conference Grant application anytime during the year. A Letter of Intent (LOI) is required for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must be submitted at least 195 days before the start of the conference. The full Conference Grant application must be submitted, at minimum, 150 days before the start of the conference.
- j. Applications with highly complex, large scale, transdisciplinary, and integrated research, education, and extension projects that incorporate foundational knowledge from this program area should be submitted to the <u>AFRI Sustainable Agricultural Systems program</u> (A9201) described in the AFRI SAS RFA.

Program Area Priorities – Each application must address at least one of the four program area priorities listed below. Details about each of the BNRE program area priorities are provided later in this section.

- 4a. Soil Health
- 4b. Water Quantity and Quality
- 4c. Sustainable Bioeconomy through Biobased Products
- 4d. Sustainable Agroecosystems
- 4e. Environmental Justice for Agriculture and Food Security

4a. Soil Health

Table 20. Son meanin Key miormation		
Title	Description	
Program Code:	A1401	
Program Code	Soil Health	
Name:		
Assistance Listing #	10.310	
Project Type(s):	Research Projects only	
Grant Type(s):	 a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u> b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE 	
Letter of Intent Deadline	 Grant applications. a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins. b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to the program contact(s) below 	
Application Deadline(s)	 a. 2025: Thursday, September 11, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time) b. 2026: Thursday, September 10, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time) c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a minimum of 150 days before the conference begins 	

Title	Description
Grant Duration:	a. 36-48 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants
	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$750,000 for Standard Grants,
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants and New Investigator
	Standard Grants; \$900,000 with specific partnerships (see <i>Part II</i>
	<u>§ E</u>)
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants
Program Area	a. Dr. Sandeep Kumar, (816) 832-7235 or <u>sandeep.kumar@usda.gov</u>
Priority Contact(s):	b. Dr. Diomides Zamora (202) 590-6049 or
	diomides.zamora@usda.gov

Program Area Priority:

Healthy soils function as living systems that support plant and animal productivity while delivering critical ecosystem services such as improving water and air quality, mitigating climate change, and enhancing the health of plants, animals, and humans. Soils are the foundation of a healthy ecosystem; therefore, it is imperative to enhance our understanding of the physical and biogeochemical interactions between soil, the environment, and climate, as well as the ways in which soils respond to management practices and amendments. This foundational knowledge will lead to development of tools, practices, techniques and innovations aimed at improving soil health, enhancing carbon sequestration, and strengthening the resilience and sustainability of agricultural production systems. Practices include soil-based enhancements for management of nutrient and water availability, carbon sequestration, reduced inputs, application of amendments (such as fertilizers, manure, compost, lime, silicates, gypsum, and biochar), and minimizing the use of chemicals of environmental concern, including pesticides, synthetic fertilizers (e.g., urea, ammonium nitrate), per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS), and pharmaceuticals (e.g., antibiotics, hormones). Additionally, practices based on traditional ecological knowledge are also relevant to this program area priority, include methods such as integrated crop-livestock systems, rotational grazing, agroforestry, traditional soil management techniques, and the use of culturally significant plants for soil health and fertility.

The goal of the Soil Health program area priority is to support research projects that will contribute to:

- a. Foundational and applied research to advance scientific understanding of soil physical and biogeochemical processes and interactions;
- b. Assessment, development and adoption of models, decision support tools and new climate-smart management/conservation practices that will improve or maintain soil health and productivity while maintaining or improving environmental health in a changing climate and ensuring the sustainability of our natural resource base;
- c. Soil health solutions grounded in interactions between natural and human dimensions of agricultural systems focusing on effective environmental and economic management. Proposed projects that are primarily fundamental science must explain how a better

understanding of the fundamental processes will lead to adoptable management strategies to enhance soil health, resilience, and sustainability of agricultural production systems and resilient ecosystem services in a changing climate.

Applications may address one or more of the following (order does not indicate importance):

- a. Evaluation of the effects of management practices on soil microbial community function and their contribution to healthy soils, carbon sequestration, mitigating greenhouse gas emissions and/or sustainable, climate-resilient agroecosystems; or
- b. Assessment and/or development of innovative and/or appropriate (in the environmental, cultural and economic context) approaches, practices, techniques, tools and technologies that improve the understanding and/or management of the physical and biogeochemical processes contributing to soil health, supporting climate change mitigation and adaptation, and enhancing agricultural resilience and sustainability.

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Applications that investigate how changes to cropping systems affect crop performance, soil health and other outcomes beneficial to system resilience should apply to the Foundational Knowledge of Agricultural Production Systems program area (A1102).
- d. Applications that involve the interactions between the host, environment, and microbiome with the end-goal of improving and sustaining agricultural productivity and quality in plant systems <u>and</u> associated natural resources should apply to the Agricultural Microbiomes in Plant Systems and Natural Resources program area priority (A1402 in Crosscutting Programs).
- e. Research projects interested in <u>only</u> soil microbiomes should apply to the Soil Health program area priority (A1401).
- f. Applications that will synthesize or analyze existing data and resources on soil health (e.g., microbiome data, soil health indicators, soil metrics, etc.) should apply to the Data Science for Food and Agricultural Systems (DSFAS) program area priority (A1541 in Crosscutting Programs).
- g. Projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See <u>Part II § E</u> for detailed eligibility restrictions.
- h. NIFA is partnering with Ireland and Northern Ireland under the U.S.-Ireland Research and Development Partnership to solicit collaborative research applications in the Pests and Beneficial Species in Agricultural Production Systems program area priority. For more information including FAQs about this opportunity, visit the <u>NIFA</u>, <u>Ireland</u>, <u>and</u> <u>Northern Ireland partnership page</u>. Applicants submitting to this partnership must select "other" in the AFRI Project Type form and type in "Collaborative" and their application title should begin as "TRIPARTITE: [full title]". **Note: Research applications submitted for U.S.-Ireland Tripartite Collaborative grants are ineligible for U.S. funding above the research program maximum of \$650,000**.

4b. Water Quantity and Quality

Table 21: Water Quant	ity and Quality Key Information
Title	Description
Program Code:	A1411
Program Code	Water Quantity and Quality
Name:	
Assistance Listing #	10.310
Project Type(s):	Research Projects or Integrated (research, and education and/or
	extension) Projects only
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and
	Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u>
	b. See <u><i>Part II § C.2</i></u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE
	Grant applications.
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to
	the program contact(s) below
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, September 4, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, September 3, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins
Grant Duration:	a. 36-60 months for Standard Grants , Strengthening Standard
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants
N/	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for research projects only, and \$750,000 for integrated anglests only for Story double Country
Amount(s):	\$750,000 for integrated projects only for Standard Grants ,
	Strengthening Standard Grants and New Investigator Standard Grants; \$800,000 for research only projects and \$900,000
	for integrated projects with specific partnerships (see <u>Part II § E</u>)
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants
Program Area	a. Dr. James Dobrowolski, (202) 420-8918 or
Priority Contact(s):	james.dobrowolski@usda.gov
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Program Area Priority:

USDA is committed to the proper management of agricultural water uses to improve water conservation, protect water quality, increase water and food security, and improve resilience of agricultural and forest ecosystems to climate change (U.S. Global Water Strategy, 2022). USDA-NIFA will provide competitive support to improve water and watershed science, management and technologies for agricultural systems, promote common data exchange formats and access to data for decision-making, improve forecasting and modeling of water in agriculture, and promote technology adoption and behavior change by agricultural producers, land managers, and decision makers. USDA-NIFA seeks applications to:

- a. Reduce the freshwater demand (both groundwater and surface water) for agricultural irrigation and the nutrient demand for maximum crop production by substituting the use of innovative water use technologies, management practices, and/or other nontraditional water sources. Funded projects must strive to retain soil health (e.g., manage soil salinity, maintain adequate infiltration, eliminate accelerated soil erosion, and ensure the proper application and use of soil amendments), and further support ecosystem services.
- b. Protect water quality of surface and groundwater systems through improved nutrient management, improved pesticide management, and eliminating contaminants of emerging concern (CECs).

Applications **MUST** address at least one of the following:

- a. Reduction of the use of freshwater and improve agricultural resilience/sustainability by innovative approaches, tools for climate-smart agriculture and forestry practices and innovative technologies, including regenerative practices.
- b. Evaluation of the physical and biogeochemical interactions, fluxes, fate and transport, transformation, and storage of single or multiple nutrients, pathogens or CECs of a variety of sources *as it relates to agroecosystem productivity*. Emerging contaminants are newly identified, or reemerging manufactured or naturally occurring physical, chemical, biological, radiological, or nuclear materials that may contaminate recycled water used for agricultural irrigation and potentially cause adverse effects to human health or the environment.
- c. Mitigation of soil salinity from the use of lower quality nontraditional (e.g., recycled wastewater, agricultural return flow, industrial produced water, brackish groundwater) water sources in agriculture through: 1) The development, application, and transfer (integrated projects only) of novel technologies involving plants, animals, soil and water; and 2) Improve our knowledge of the benefits and costs of treating water sources for irrigation of crops and other water uses in agriculture.
- d. Conservation of surface and groundwater quantity through research of agroecosystems in the context of climate change. How do we ensure the right crop in the right place with the right water? What are the key farming decisions that improve water use under irrigation (e.g., whole farm multipliers, legacy effects and providing a step-change in farm management that manages variable climate risks)?
- e. Mitigation and measurement of soil erodibility and erosion to sustain agroecosystems. Given the demand for greater agricultural production to 2050 coupled with a reduced water footprint, what are the key elements to conserve our natural resource base while farming more marginal landscapes in the face of increased extreme of precipitation.

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions, EPSCoR institutions, or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See *Part II* § *E* for detailed eligibility restrictions.
- d. Applications focused on engineered technologies and tools for water and nutrient management should consider applying to the Engineering for Precision Crop and Water

Management program area priority (A1551).

- e. Applications involving the development of nanotechnology solutions should consider applying to the Nanotechnology for Agriculture and Food Systems program area priority (A1511).
- f. Indicate the grant type chosen for your application: Integrated or Research Only.
- g. Integrated Research, Education, or Extension Projects: An Integrated Project includes at least two of the three functions of the agricultural knowledge system (i.e., research, education, and Extension) focused on a problem or issue. The functions should be interwoven throughout the life of the project and act to complement and reinforce one another. The functions should be interdependent and necessary for success with no more than two-thirds of the project's budget focused on any one single component.
- h. The proposed research component of an integrated project should address knowledge gaps that are critical to the development of practices and programs addressing the stated Water Quantity and Quality problem.
- The proposed education (teaching and teaching-related) component of an Integrated Project i. should develop human capital relevant to overall program goals for U.S. agriculture. An education or teaching activity is formal classroom instruction, laboratory instruction, and practicum experience in the food and agricultural sciences and other related matters such as faculty development, student recruitment and services, curriculum development, instructional materials and equipment, and innovative teaching methodologies.
- The proposed outreach/Extension component of an Integrated Project should conduct j. programs and activities that deliver science-based knowledge and informal educational programs to people, enabling them to make practical decisions. Program delivery may range from community-based to national audiences and use communication methods from face-to-face to electronic or combinations thereof. Extension Projects may also include related matters such as certification programs, in-service training, client recruitment and services, curriculum development, instructional materials and equipment, and innovative instructional methodologies appropriate to technology adoption and stakeholder behavior change.
- k. Integrated Project applicants are urged to review the Example Integrated Sample for additional information about integrated projects. Those interested in submitting Integrated Project applications are welcome to communicate with the Program Contact to discuss the anticipated project challenges and outcomes to ensure the application content is appropriate to program priorities. Projects should engage stakeholders to develop inclusive collaborative partnerships that foster innovation and adoption of beneficial, novel water technologies.

Table 22: Sustainable I	Bioeconomy through Biobased Products Key Information
Title	Description
Program Code:	A1414
Program Code	Sustainable Bioeconomy through Biobased Products
Name:	
Assistance Listing #	10.310
Project Type(s):	Integrated (research, and education and/or extension) Projects only

4c. Sustainable Bioeconomy through Biobased Products

Title	Description
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and
	Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u>
	b. See <u><i>Part II § C.2</i></u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE
	Grant applications.
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to
	the program contact(s) below
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, September 4, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, September 3, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins
Grant Duration:	a. Up to 48 months for Standard Grants , Strengthening Standard
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants
Maximum Award	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants
	a. Including indirect costs: \$1,000,000 for Standard Grants ,
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants and New Investigator Standard Grants
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants
Program Area	a. Dr. Kaushlendra Tingi, (970) 657-6787 or
Priority Contact(s):	Kaushlendra. Tingi@usda.gov
	b. Dr. Victoria Finkenstadt, (816)520-8456 or
	victoria.finkenstadt@usda.gov

Program Area Priority:

This program area priority focuses on improving the sustainability of biomass systems, bioeconomy, and related markets for biobased products and bioenergy, while reducing adverse impacts to the environment. The improvements can include identification, development, and deployment of new products and efficient processes to generate new revenue streams and enhancing the resilience of the system of supply-chains in the bioeconomy. Enhancements can also include utilization of unused biomaterials or re-purposed co-products from an existing biomass supply-chain to create value-added biobased products, intermediate bio-chemicals, biofuels, or biopower that could become feedstocks for the same supply-chain or to other parallel supply-chains of the bioeconomy. The development of biobased products should not only improve the sustainability, resilience, and circularity of system of the bioeconomy supply-chains, but it should also promote human health, economic prosperity, energy security, ecosystem resources, and mitigation of climate change. The development of biobased products can complement existing agricultural production systems and industrialized processes by creating opportunities to improve overall system profitability and productivity. Development of biomass systems also can entail development of co-products (e.g., lignin, biochar, etc.) so that circular economies are supported. Projects should address one or more of the following (order does not

indicate priority of importance):

- a. Strategies to develop biobased products that improve product functionality, quality, increase potential revenues and reduce cost over incumbent products or engineer an innovative product that fills a niche in a market; and it also includes strategies to advance technologies to evaluate, produce, and scale-up innovative biobased products;
- b. Strategies and approaches for enhancing the scalability of biomass systems that address the efficiency, sustainability, circularity, climate challenges, and interactions among supply-chains of the bioeconomy; or
- c. Strategies to improve workforce training and employment opportunities and understanding of consumers' biobased product preferences to inform development and production of existing and new biobased products that consumers demand, thereby strengthening rural economies.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. For the purposes of this Program Area Priority, development of biobased products is limited to non-food, non-feed applications.
- d. Applicants that are at the stage of establishing the fundamental science and engineering for biobased products should be submitted to Biorefining and Biomanufacturing (A1531).
- e. Applicants should identify and partner with industry, government, communities and nongovernment organizations critical for system deployment.
- f. NIFA is partnering with Ireland and Northern Ireland under the U.S.-Ireland Research and Development Partnership to solicit collaborative research applications in the Sustainable Bioeconomy through Biobased Products program area priority. For more information including FAQs about this opportunity, visit the <u>NIFA</u>, <u>Ireland</u>, <u>and Northern</u> <u>Ireland partnership page</u>. Applicants submitting to this partnership must select "other" in the AFRI Project Type form and type in "Collaborative" and their application title should begin as "TRIPARTITE: [full title]".

4d. Sustainable Agroecosystems

Table 23: Sustainable Agroecosystems Key Information

Title	Description
Program Code:	A1451
Program Code	Sustainable Agroecosystems
Name:	
Assistance Listing #	10.310
Project Type(s):	Research Projects only
Grant Type(s):	 a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u> b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE Grant applications.

Title	Description
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to
	the program contact(s) below
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, September 11, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, September 10, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins
Grant Duration:	a. 36-48 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants
	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$750,000 for Standard Grants,
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants and New Investigator
	Standard Grants; \$900,000 with specific partnerships (see <u>Part II</u>
	<u>§ E</u>)
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants
Program Area	a. Dr. Adam Wilke, (970) 829-6092 or <u>adam.wilke@usda.gov</u>
Priority Contact(s):	b. Dr. Amy Ganguli, (816) 642-0813 or <u>amy.ganguli@usda.gov</u>
	c. Dr. Diomides Zamora (202) 590-6049 or
	diomides.zamora@usda.gov

Program Area Priority:

This program area priority calls for research projects that focus on improvement or enhancement of ecosystem health and output of ecosystem services in managed production systems (e.g. croplands, forests, and rangelands) that are currently under stress or at risk from climate change, pests, pathogens, invasive species, and increased environmental pressures. This priority area calls for applied research that will advance scientific understanding of health, functions, processes and management of sustainable agroecosystems. The program supports projects that will assess responses of ecosystem health in managed systems and develop innovative management or conservation practices with a focus on ecosystem service impacts and systems resilience. Projects should have the potential for substantial improvements in ecosystem services in extensively managed systems by addressing the impacts of changes in management practices at regional or national scales. Applicants may focus on the interactions among social, cultural, economic, technological, and environmental dimensions with environmental and economic dimensions. Applications incorporating traditional ecological knowledge such as Indigenous traditional knowledge are encouraged for this program area priority.

To enable development and evaluation of innovative management practices while enhancing ecosystem services, applications **must** address one of the following:

a. New approaches that significantly increase ecosystem health and resilience, particularly in response to climate change, along with the output or value of more than one ecosystem service, each compared with the current management system for the region; or

b. Improving connection of ecosystem health to managed system productivity, functionality, socioeconomic viability, biodiversity, sustainability and/or resilience. Advancing the science to define and standardize measurements, quantification, management protocols, monitoring methods, and crediting protocols for outputs of ecosystem services and/or integrating them into climate models.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See <u>Part II § E</u> for detailed eligibility restrictions.
- NIFA is partnering with Ireland and Northern Ireland under the U.S.-Ireland Research and Development Partnership to solicit collaborative research applications in the Sustainable Agroecosystems: Health, Functions, Processes and Management program area priority. For more information including FAQs about this opportunity, visit the NIFA, Ireland, and Northern Ireland partnership page. Applicants submitting to this partnership must select "other" in the AFRI Project Type form and type in "Collaborative" and their application title should begin as "TRIPARTITE: [full title]". Note: Research applications submitted for U.S.-Ireland Tripartite Collaborative grants are ineligible for U.S. funding above the research program maximum of \$750,000.

Title	Description
Program Code:	A1461
Program Code Name:	Environmental Justice for Agriculture and Nutrition Security
Assistance Listing #	10.310
Project Type(s):	a. Research or Integrated (research and extension) Projects
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard and Conference Grants only.
	b. See Part II § C.2 for requirements specific to conference Grant
	applications.
Letter of Intent Deadline	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.
	 b. LOIs must follow instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to the program contact(s) below.
Application Deadline(s)	a. 2025: Thursday September 18, 2025 (5:00 pm Eastern Time)
	b. 2026: Thursday, September 17, 2026 (5:00 pm Eastern Time)
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response
	and a minimum of 150 days before the conference begins.

4e. Environmental Justice for Agriculture and Nutrition Security Table 24: Environmental Justice for Agriculture and Nutrition Security Key Information

Title	Description
Grant Duration:	a. 48-60 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants
	b. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$1,000,000 for Standard Grants,
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants, and New Investigator
	Standard Grants. \$50,000 for Conference Grants
Program Area Priority	a. Dr. Adam Wilke (970) 829-6092 or adam.wilke@usda.gov
Contact(s):	b. Dr. Carinthia Cherry (816) 534-2276 or
	<u>carinthia.cherry@usda.gov</u>

Program Area Priority:

Climate change poses a significant risk to agriculture, natural resources, and the environment across the United States. These changes are disproportionately affecting underserved communities with environmental justice concerns. The impacts of climate change are predicted to intensify risks to food, water, health and energy security. Increased temperature, drought, rainfall variability, and extreme weather associated with climate change are related to reduced food production, altered nutrient content, inequitable access to healthy foods and beverages, and high rates of food insecurity. Therefore, advancing environmental justice is interrelated with agriculture, food and nutrition security and will require a convergence of research and extension to accelerate a transformation of our food system. These transformations include research and extension that can effectively guide public investments in science, education, and extension with the greatest potential to minimize negative environmental impacts and ensure a resilient, and equitable food system that is healthy, safe, and affordable.

Applications to this funding opportunity are encouraged that advance understanding of environmental justice in relation to food and agriculture, natural resources, and rural communities with environmental justice concerns that are impacted by climate change. Specifically, projects supported by this program should catalyze research or integrated research and extension efforts to advance understanding of environmental and climate justice impact metrics that may be translated across geographic regions as well as food and agricultural systems. Projects funded by this area will increase understanding of community-level metrics and indicators associated with climate adaptation and resilience in agricultural systems. Research topics may include but are not limited to externalities of food and agricultural production, human health and safety, built environments, food loss and waste, culturally and contextually relevant climate adaptation, foraging and wild harvesting, and subsistence practices and livelihoods.

Applications are encouraged to meaningfully incorporate participation of communities with environmental justice concerns at all stages of project development and execution. This may involve incorporating use of traditional ecological knowledge such as Indigenous traditional knowledge and involving methods such as social sciences, participatory research and extension, co-production, and transdisciplinary approaches.

At least one application will be funded under this program priority area that focuses on advancing youth voice in communities with environmental justice concerns in relation to

nutrition security, human health, and/or food loss and waste. Applicants are required to focus on youth voice projects targeting the highest levels of youth engagement (e.g., youth in community organizing, youth in decision-making and governance, youth-led projects). Youth must lead research efforts and/or extension activities. Applicants must demonstrate the power of youth as agents of change, entrepreneurs and innovators. Through education, science, and technology young people will scale efforts across geographic regions as well as food and agricultural systems through partnering with at least one Extension-led national network, such as the Extension Disaster Education Network (EDEN), the Youth Innovators Empowering Agriculture Across America Coordination Network (YEA-CN), Extension Education, Regional Rural Development Centers, National Climate Extension Initiative (NECI), and Extension Framework on Health Equity and Well-Being. Continuity of the project must be demonstrated.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Applications from or collaborations with Minority Serving Institutions are encouraged.
- d. All applications must include a management plan that clearly delineates the roles and responsibilities of each entity involved in the project.
- e. All applications must include at data management plan that describes long-term access and curation of data, models, and outputs.

5. Agriculture Systems and Technology

Background

The Agriculture Systems and Technology (AST) program area emphasizes the interrelationships between agricultural systems components to develop the next generation of engineered systems, products, processes, and technologies. AST blends biological, physical, and social sciences, thus, leading to sustainable, competitive, and innovative solutions for United States and global agriculture and food systems, encompassing both conventional and organic production. To the extent possible, applicants are recommended to incorporate interdisciplinary sciences. By doing so, projects are more likely to incorporate varying dimensions of sustainability (economic, environmental, and social) and have a greater impact on agricultural problems. The broad list of topics encompassed by this program area includes, but is not limited to, new uses and products from traditional and nontraditional crops, animals, mixed animal and plant production systems, byproducts, and natural resources; robotics, automation, precision and geospatial technologies, energy efficiency, computing, and expert systems; new hazard and risk assessment and mitigation measures; and water quality, irrigation, and management. Projects focusing on species and commodities that are important to underserved farmers or ranchers or small- or mediumsized farms or ranches are welcome.

Total Program Funds – Approximately \$36 million

Program Area Key Information applicable to <u>ALL</u> Agriculture Systems and Technology priority areas:

a. All applications must adhere to the requirements in *Part IV*.

- b. Applications from, and collaborations with, minority-serving institutions, small to midsized institutions, and/or institutions within the EPSCoR states are welcome in this program area.
- c. Applications that include collaborations with international partners may also be submitted. The <u>AFRI International Partnerships webpage</u> contains additional information on international partnerships.
- d. While this program area welcomes conference grant applications on any topic related to the program area priorities below, this program area is particularly interested in conference or workshop applications that bring together stakeholders, researchers, extension specialists, educators, and technology providers to:
 - 1) Create a roadmap for developing and delivering the next generation of agricultural technologies, including but not limited to precision agriculture, cyber-physical systems, information management, and nanotechnology. These technologies should be smarter, more user-friendly, and readily adaptable to a wide variety of crops and producers (including small-scale or limited-resource) and their unique needs (with little modification) in support of sustainable production practices and systems; or
 - 2) Advance the understanding and application of transformative systems approaches to enhance agricultural and food system sustainability. By "transformative systems" we mean those that offer major and synergistic advances toward the multiple goals of sustainability—productivity, profitability, environmental, and social dimensions. A conference or workshop should bring together state-of-the-art knowledge on how to identify and assess transformative systems, advance the science involved, and produce a summary of its conclusions for publication and other distribution. This program area encourages applicants to draw from knowledge of systems science and transformational change in fields outside of agriculture including the social and policy sciences, law, and humanities, but with a focus on their application to agricultural and food systems.
- e. Applicants must describe the potential of the proposed work to support or achieve substantial gains in efficiencies of production; the probability that the application of technology will resolve constraints or result in positive impacts; and potential outcomes in terms of expected social and environmental benefits of research (see *Part I, B*). Both transformative and incremental solutions are welcome.
- f. Applicants also are welcome to consider the Cyber-Physical Systems (CPS) and <u>Foundational Research in Robotics</u> (FRR) interagency programs. USDA-NIFA's involvement in the interagency FRR program is in process.
- g. Applications with highly complex, large scale, transdisciplinary, and integrated research, education, and extension projects that incorporate foundational knowledge from this program area should be submitted to the <u>AFRI Sustainable Agricultural Systems program</u> (A9201) described in the <u>AFRI SAS RFA</u>.
- h. An applicant may submit a Conference Grant application anytime during the year. A Letter of Intent (LOI) is required for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must be submitted at least 195 days before the start of the conference. The full Conference Grant application must be submitted, at minimum, 150 days before the start of the conference.

Program Area Priorities – Each application must address at least one of the four program area priorities listed below. Details about each of the AST program area priorities are provided later

in this section.

- 5a. Engineering for Agricultural Production and Processing
- 5b. Biorefining and Biomanufacturing
- 5c. Nanotechnology for Agricultural and Food Systems
- 5d. Engineering for Precision Crop and Water Management

5a. Engineering for Agricultural Production and Processing

 Table 25: Engineering for Agricultural Production and Processing Key Information

	Description
Program Code:	A1521
Program Code	Engineering for Agricultural Production and Processing
Name:	
Assistance Listing #	10.310
Project Type(s):	Research Projects or Integrated (research, and education and/or
	extension) Projects <u>only</u>
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and
	Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u>
	b. See <u><i>Part II § C.2</i></u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE
	Grant applications.
Letter of Intent	a. Required <u>only</u> for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to
	the program contact(s) below
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, October 2, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, October 1, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins
Grant Duration:	a. 36-48 months for Standard Grants , Strengthening Standard
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants
	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for Standard Grants ,
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants and New Investigator
	Standard Grants; \$800,000 with specific partnerships (see <u>Part II</u> δE)
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants
Program Area	a. Dr. Kelly Garbach, 913-574-7900 or kelly.garbach@usda.gov
Priority Contact(s):	 b. Dr. Steven Thomson, (202) 603-1053 or
	steven.j.thomson@usda.gov
	c. Dr. Rachel Seman-Varner, rachel.seman-varner@usda.gov
	c. Dr. Racher Seman- varner, <u>racher.seman-varner(u/usua.gov</u>

Program Area Priority:

This program area priority focuses on engineered devices, technologies, and tools to improve

agriculturally relevant plant, animal, and forestry systems. This excludes precision crop and water management systems, which are now included in a new program (A1551). See "additional information," part (g.) below. Applications must have a significant engineering component. Engineering is defined as *the application of scientific and mathematical principles to practical ends such as the design, manufacture, and operation of efficient and sustainable structures, technologies, machines, processes, and systems.* Some broad emphasis areas include, but are not limited to:

- a. Enable engineering, sensing, computing, modeling, automation, and information systems for: forestry, plant and animal production and protection (including aquaculture, aquaponics, and hydroponics); and post-harvest inspection, handling, processing, packaging, and distribution.
- b. Develop systems or technology for sensing and mechanization of labor-intensive tasks in crop and animal production (including aquaculture, aquaponics, and hydroponics).
- c. Technologies for nutrient recovery from manure.
- d. Topics of water, nutrient, pest, or disease management not covered by program A1551.
- e. Explore the use or development of advanced computational or engineering methods and technologies for navigation, mining, management, visualization, understanding, and communication of agricultural systems data in production and processing systems.
- f. Develop and test risk assessment and mitigation measures applicable to agriculture (in particular, reduce hazards to agricultural workers that can include assistive technologies).
- g. Within potential topics presented herein, methods of breaking down technological barriers to adoption in **integrated projects** are welcomed, as are strategies to address needs for connectivity and cybersecurity in agricultural engineering projects, including open-source and accessibility of data and tools developed for agricultural systems.

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Projects that expand access of crop and animal production systems with an emphasis on historically underserved farmers and ranchers, where applicable, are welcome.
- d. Projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See <u>Part II § E</u> for detailed eligibility restrictions.
- e. Applications that deal with improving food quality, safety, or nutritional value should be submitted to the most relevant Food Safety, Nutrition, and Health program area priority described in this RFA.
- f. All applications dealing with nano-scale science and technology should be submitted to the Nanotechnology for Agricultural and Food Systems program area priority (A1511).
- g. Research-only project applications that focus on improvement of water use under irrigation and that focus on non-traditional water sources used for irrigation (wastewater, etc.) should consider applying to Water Quantity and Quality program area priority (A1411).
- h. Engineering project applications that focus on precision crop and orchard management technologies for targeted application of crop protection materials, and systems to improve efficiency of irrigation and nutrient use should consider applying for program area

priority (A1551).

5b. <u>Biorefining and Biomanufacturing</u> **Table 26**: Biorefining and Biomanufacturing Key Information

Title	Description
Program Code:	A1531
Program Code Name:	Biorefining and Biomanufacturing
Assistance Listing #	10.310
Project Type(s):	Research Projects only
Grant Type(s):	 a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u> b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE Grant applications.
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must
Deadline	 be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins. b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to the program contact(s) below
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, October 9, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, October 8, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins
Grant Duration:	a. 36-48 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grantsd. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for Standard Grants ,
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants and New Investigator
	Standard Grants; \$800,000 with specific partnerships (see <i>Part II</i>
	§ E)
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants
Program Area	a. Dr. Victoria Finkenstadt, victoria.finkenstadt@usda.gov
Priority Contact(s):	b. Dr. Rachel Seman-Varner, <u>rachel.seman-varner@usda.gov</u>
	c. Dr. Gyami Shrestha, gyami.shrestha@usda.gov

Program Area Priority:

A sustainable biorefinery is a system that integrates biomass conversion, processes, and equipment to manufacture biofuels, chemicals, and bioproducts. This program area priority focuses on converting, treating, processing, refining, or manufacturing products to utilize plant, animal, and woody biomass. Applications <u>must</u> have a significant engineering component. In the context of this program area priority, engineering is defined as *the application of engineering principles and tools to biological systems or materials to create usable, tangible, economically viable product and manufacturing technology or practices.* Some broad research areas include,

but are not limited to:

- a. Improve or expand production efficiency and capacity of biomass, biofuels, intermediate chemical platforms, renewable energy, and bio-based products.
- b. Improve or expand utilization of waste and byproducts generated in agricultural and food systems. Post-consumer plastic is a suitable carbon source for biological conversion.
- c. Engineer and manufacture new or improved products and processes that utilize materials from agriculture or micro-organisms (including, but not limited to, bioplastics and biocomposites).
- d. Address the long-term sustainability of biorefining or biomanufacturing systems that balance productivity along with positive economic, environmental, and social outcomes including the application of "circular bioeconomy" principles, lifecycle analysis (LCA), and techno-economic assessment (TEA).
- e. Identify the socio-economic factors that either constrain or encourage the acceptance of engineered products and biomanufacturing processes in the marketplace.

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See <u>Part II § E</u> for detailed eligibility restrictions.
- d. NIFA is partnering with Ireland and Northern Ireland under the U.S.-Ireland Research and Development Partnership to solicit collaborative research applications in the Biorefining and Biomanufacturing program area priority. For more information including FAQs about this opportunity, visit the <u>NIFA</u>, <u>Ireland</u>, <u>and Northern Ireland partnership</u> <u>page</u>. Applicants submitting to this partnership must select "other" in the AFRI Project Type form and type in Collaborative" and their application title should begin as "TRIPARTITE: [full title]". **Note: Research applications submitted for U.S.-Ireland Tripartite Collaborative grants are ineligible for U.S. funding above the research program maximum of \$650,000**.
- e. Applications that consider the whole bioeconomy and value chain for a product should be submitted to Sustainable Bioeconomy through Biobased Products (A1414). A1414 only accepts integrated projects that include an education and/or extension component in addition to research.
- f. Applications that deal with improving food quality, safety, or nutritional value should be submitted to the most relevant Food Safety, Nutrition, and Health program area priority in this RFA.
- g. Applications dealing with nano-scale science and technology should be submitted to the Nanotechnology for Agricultural and Food Systems program area priority (A1511).
- h. Technologies that address nutrient recovery from manure should be submitted to A1521 Engineering for Agricultural Production and Processing.
- i. Aquaculture and algal production systems for the purpose of producing food, feed, nutrients, or for climate mitigation with a significant engineering component may fit into A1521. Algal production to generate feedstocks for bioproducts, biofuels, and intermediate chemical platforms may be submitted to this program priority (A1531).

j. Applications dealing with improvements to plants for production of bioproducts, including '-omics' approaches should be submitted to the Plant Health and Production and Plant Products program area of this RFA. Microbial approaches can be submitted to this program area priority (A1531).

Title Description Program Code: A1511 Program Code Nanotechnology for Agricultural and Food Systems Name: Name: Assistance Listing # 10.310 Project Type(s): Research Projects only Grant Type(s): a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and Sabbatical) Grants only
Program Code Name: Nanotechnology for Agricultural and Food Systems Assistance Listing # 10.310 Project Type(s): Research Projects <u>only</u> Grant Type(s): a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and
Name: Assistance Listing # 10.310 Project Type(s): Research Projects only Grant Type(s): a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and
Assistance Listing # 10.310 Project Type(s): Research Projects only Grant Type(s): a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and
Project Type(s):Research Projects onlyGrant Type(s):a.Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and
Grant Type(s):a.Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and
Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and
Sabbatical) Grants only
b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FAS
Grant applications.
Letter of Intent a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must
Deadline be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins
b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to
the program contact(s) below
Application a. 2025: Thursday, August 21, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
Deadline(s) b. 2026: Thursday, August 27, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a minimum of 150 days before the conference begins
Grant Duration: a. 36-48 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard
Grant Duration. a. 50-48 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants
b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants
c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants
d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants
Maximum Award a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for Standard Grants,
Amount(s): Strengthening Standard Grants and New Investigator
Standard Grants; \$800,000 with specific partnerships (see Part 1
<u>§ E</u>)
b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants
c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants
Program Area a. Dr. Hongda Chen, (202) 445-5582 or hongda.chen@usda.gov
Priority Contact(s): b. Dr. James Dobrowolski, (202) 420-8918 or
james.dobrowolski@usda.gov
c. Dr. Gyami Shrestha, (571) 202-2410 or gyami.shrestha@usda.gov

5c. <u>Nanotechnology for Agricultural and Food Systems</u>

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Program Area Priority:

Nanoscale science, engineering, and technology embrace opportunities in a wide range of critical challenges facing agriculture and food systems. The program encourages applications with innovative ideas, connected to hypothesis-based fundamental sciences, to develop

nanotechnology-enabled solutions for sustainable food and nutrition security, climate-smart agriculture, and circular bioeconomy through the following broad areas: improved productivity and product quality; reduction of food loss and waste; improved nutritional value and efficiency of food and feed products; more effective therapies that significantly improve animal health and wellness; enhanced food safety and biosecurity; increased protection for natural resources, the environment, and agricultural ecosystems; reduction of greenhouse gas emissions; and improved sustainability, health, safety and well-being. This program area priority includes, but is not limited to:

- a. Novel uses and high value-added products of nano-biomaterials from agricultural and forest origins for food and non-food applications.
- b. Precision delivery and efficacy of nanoscale agrochemicals and active agents in plants to improve crop production, product quality and resilience to environmental stresses.
- c. Nanotechnology-enabled smart sensors for accurate, reliable and cost-effective early and rapid detection of pathogens, allergens, insects, diseases, chemical toxins, and contaminants in foods, plant and animal production systems, water, soil and the agricultural production environment. Nanotechnology-enabled portable, field-deployable and affordable sensors and devices for real-time detection, screening and monitoring of agriculturally-important targets requiring no additional laboratory preparation and analyses are encouraged
- d. Environmental, health and safety assessments of engineered nanoparticles **used in food and agricultural systems**, including detection and quantification of engineered nanoparticles, characterization of hazards, exposure levels, transport and fate of the engineered nanoparticles or nanomaterials in foods, crops, soils (and soil biota), water, and livestock (including aquaculture species), or to agricultural and allied industry workers. This may also include animal feed formulations and processes that utilize novel nanomaterials or develop new nanostructured materials or nanoparticles that are biopersistent in digestive pathways.
- e. Nanotechnology-enabled tools for studying physiological responses or biomarkers for optimal crop or animal productivity and health.
- f. Discovery and characterization of nanoscale phenomena, processes, and structures relevant and important to agriculture and food.

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Nanotechnology is defined by the <u>National Nanotechnology Initiative</u> (NNI) as "...the understanding and control of matter at the nanoscale dimensions between approximately 1 and 100 nanometers, where <u>unique phenomena</u> enable applications." Applications should contain a clear statement about how the work proposed uses nanotechnology as defined by the NNI.
- d. A proposed study working at the scale of atoms or molecules does not necessarily meet the criteria of nanotechnology. Rather, the work proposed should be focus on one or more of the unique phenomena, properties, or processes that occur at the nanoscale. Functions important to the proposed technology and applications should be dependent on its dimensions. Materials used and/or proposed to be developed must be either synthetic or biological materials that are engineered to provide novel properties or modified functions

due to their controlled assembly or synthesis at the nanoscale.

- e. This program area priority welcomes novel nanotechnology in the area of higher order assembled systems that include the exploitation of bio-nano interfaces, hybrid bio-inorganic systems, systems biology, synthetic biology, and additive manufacturing technology.
- f. Applications involving the environmental, health and safety assessments of engineered nanoparticles used in food and agricultural systems are encouraged to consult Federal regulatory agencies for an evaluation of importance and relevance of the engineered nanoparticles in question for intended applications. An assessment letter from a regulatory office which documents the extent and nature of such a consultation is useful to aid the proposal reviews.
- g. Applications based on nanotechnology-enabled innovations that address climate change impacts on agriculture and food systems are welcome. These applications should map to the National Nanotechnology Challenge Nano4Earth. Some common themes include: Battery technology, Catalysts leveraging new understandings of nanoscale materials and phenomena; Coatings and other material innovations are likely to increase the overall efficiency of nearly any industrial process; and capture or removals of greenhouse gasses through advanced materials and sorbents (e.g., metal organic frameworks) and nature mimicking processes (e.g., artificial photosynthesis).
- h. Cost-effective distributed sensing networks, in which the sensors are enabled by nanotechnology, for intelligent and precise application of agricultural inputs (e.g., fertilizer, water, and chemicals) with the Internet of Agricultural Things (i.e., cyber-physical systems) and the science and tools of big data.
- i. Applications, especially those with potential near-term commercial impact, are welcome to include socioeconomic analyses of anticipated benefits to agriculture, food, and society and to identify the factors that may contribute to, or hinder, adoption.
- j. Projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See <u>Part II § E</u> for detailed eligibility restrictions.
- k. Applications dealing with public deliberation, social acceptability, and risk perception, management, and communication about nanotechnology and nano-based food or nonfood products by agricultural stakeholders (including consumers), using appropriate social science tools should be submitted to Social Implications of Food and Agricultural Technologies program area priority (A1642).

5d. Engineering for Precision Crop and Water Management

 Table 28: Engineering for Precision Crop and Water Management Key Information

Title	Description
Program Code:	A1551
Program Code	Engineering for Precision Crop and Water Management
Name:	
Assistance Listing #	10.310
Project Type(s):	Research Projects or Integrated (research, and education and/or
	extension) Projects only

Title	Description
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and
	Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u>
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE
	Grant applications.
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to
	the program contact(s) below
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, October 9, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, October 8, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins
Grant Duration:	a. 36-48 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants
	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for Standard Grants,
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants and New Investigator
	Standard Grants; \$800,000 with specific partnerships (see <u>Part II</u>
	<u>§ E</u>)
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants
Program Area	a. Dr. Kelly Garbach, 913-574-7900 or <u>kelly.garbach@usda.gov</u>
Priority Contact(s):	b. Dr. Steven Thomson, (202) 603-1053 or
	steven.j.thomson@usda.gov
	c. Dr. Gyami Shrestha, (571) 202-2410 or gyami.shrestha@usda.gov

This program area priority focuses on engineered devices, technologies, sensors, and tools to provide precision crop and orchard management, technologies for targeted application of crop protection materials, and improve efficiency of irrigation and nutrient use in agricultural systems. Applications must have a significant engineering component. Engineering is defined as *the application of scientific and mathematical principles to practical ends such as the design, manufacture, and operation of efficient and sustainable structures, technologies, sensors, machines, processes, and systems.* Some broad emphasis areas include, but are not limited to:

- a. Develop and test the implementation of tools and precision technologies for monitoring, measurement, and detection in agricultural systems that may incorporate both drone and uncrewed ground vehicle (UGV) technologies.
- b. Explore the use or development of advanced computational or engineering methods, simulation models, and technologies for navigation, mining, management, visualization, understanding, and communication of agricultural systems data pertaining to precision water and crop management.
- c. Develop and improve precision engineering technologies that apply nutrients; prevent

disease spread/pathogens and invasive weeds in agricultural systems.

- d. Develop systems or technology for sensing, automation and mechanization of laborintensive tasks in precision crop and water management.
- e. Within potential topics presented herein, methods of breaking down technological barriers to adoption in **integrated projects** are welcomed.
- f. For **integrated projects** that provide engineering solutions for conservation of energy and water resources in irrigation, emphasis areas (that can be combined) include, but are not limited to:
 - 1) Packaged irrigation management solutions using smart sensing and model-based decision support systems that can be readily adopted by farmers on both small and large scales;
 - 2) Variable-rate and deficit irrigation management solutions that provide adaptive prescriptions and consider limitations of the water delivery system;
 - 3) Innovative sensing and control schemes for furrow irrigation;
 - 4) Combined water and nutrient management systems;
 - 5) Micro-irrigation designs and management practices that can be appropriately scaled to site-specific characteristics and end-user capabilities; and/or
 - 6) Decision support tools into easy-to-use irrigation mobile apps that integrate site-specific weather, sensor, soil, and/or model-based data for decision-making.

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Projects that expand access of crop and animal production systems with an emphasis on historically underserved farmers and ranchers, where applicable, are welcome.
- d. Projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See <u>Part II § E</u> for detailed eligibility restrictions.
- e. Applications that deal with improving food quality, safety, or nutritional value should be submitted to the most relevant Food Safety, Nutrition, and Health program area priority described in this RFA.
- f. All applications dealing with nano-scale science and technology should be submitted to the Nanotechnology for Agricultural and Food Systems program area priority (A1511).
- g. Project applications that involve engineering, sensing, computing, modeling, automation, processing, and information systems for plant and animal systems exclusive of precision crop and water management should be submitted to Engineering for Agricultural Production and Processing (A1521).
- Research-only project applications that focus on improvement of water use under irrigation and that focus on non-traditional water sources used for irrigation (wastewater, etc.) should consider applying to Water Quantity and Quality (A1411) in the Bioenergy, Natural Resources, and Environment program area.

6. Agriculture Economics and Rural Communities

Background

The Agriculture Economics and Rural Communities (AERC) program area supports rigorous economic and social science research that informs decision making, policy design, and implementation to enhance the sustainability of agricultural production systems and natural resources, promote rural economic development and prosperity, enhance quality of life, and alleviate poverty. Topical issues include, but are not limited to: examining agricultural markets and international trade; social implications of food and agricultural technology; commodity policy, crop insurance, and policy design and impact; market structure and performance in the food system and value chain; interactions between agriculture and the environment; rural economic development; and decision-making under uncertainty. An important topic for this RFA is the effects of COVID-19, especially on domestic and international markets, food supply chain, farmers and ranchers, youth and rural communities. The AERC program area supports social and behavioral science disciplines. Interdisciplinary efforts involving social, biophysical, and natural science disciplines are also invited.

Total Program Funds: Approximately \$30 million for each review cycle

Program Area Key Information applicable to <u>ALL</u> Agriculture Economics and Rural Communities Program Area Priorities:

- a. All applications must adhere to the requirements in *Part IV*.
- b. Applications from, and collaborations with, small to mid-sized institutions, minorityserving institutions, and/or institutions within the EPSCoR states are welcome in this program area.
- c. Applications that include collaborations with international partners may also be submitted. The <u>AFRI International Partnerships webpage</u> contains additional information on international partnerships.
- d. Applications must include a section providing a justification for the system studied relevant to improving economic, social, and environmental sustainability of agriculture or rural communities.
- e. Applications that propose to develop, test, and/or apply decision-support aids or tools are welcome.
- f. This program area funds the study of entrepreneurship and business development, but it will not fund the development of new business start-ups or the research and development of new technologies and tools for specific businesses to use. <u>The NIFA Small Business</u> <u>Innovation Research (SBIR) program</u> will entertain applications for new technologies and business development.
- g. Applications with highly complex, large scale, transdisciplinary, and integrated research, education, and extension projects that incorporate foundational knowledge from this program area should be submitted to the <u>AFRI Sustainable Agricultural Systems program</u> (A9201) described in the AFRI SAS RFA.
- h. An applicant may submit a Conference Grant application anytime during the year. A Letter of Intent (LOI) is required for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must be

submitted at least 195 days before the start of the conference. The full Conference Grant application must be submitted, at minimum, 150 days before the start of the conference.

Program Area Priorities – Each application must address at least one of the five program area priorities listed below. Details about each of the AERC program areas are provided later in this section.

- 6a. Small and Medium-sized Farms
- 6b. Economics, Markets and Trade
- 6c. Social Implications of Food and Agricultural Technologies
- 6d. Rural Economic Development
- 6e. Environmental and Natural Resource Economics

6a. Small and Medium-Sized Farms

Table 29: Small and Medium-Sized Farms Key Information

	edium-Sized Farms Key Information
Title	
Program Code:	A1601
Program Code	Small and Medium-Sized Farms
Name:	
Assistance Listing #	10.310
Project Type(s):	Research Projects or Integrated (research with education and/or
	extension) Projects <u>only</u>
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and
	Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u>
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE
	Grant applications.
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to
	the program contact(s) below
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, September 4, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, September 3, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins
Grant Duration:	a. 36-60 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants
	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for Standard Grants ,
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants and New Investigator
	Standard Grants
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants
D t	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants
Program Area	a. Dr. Rachel Seman-Varner, (850) 868-1184 or <u>rachel.seman-</u>
Priority Contact(s):	varner@usda.gov

This program area priority focuses on the development and/or adoption of new models to assist agricultural (farm, forest, or ranch) decision makers with strategies and technologies to enhance sustainability, economic efficiency, viability and competitiveness of small and medium-sized dairy, poultry, livestock, crop, forestry, aquaculture, and other operations. The scope of this program area priority includes, but is not limited to projects that:

- a. Develop effective strategies and tools through research, education, and extension or outreach programs to meet the needs of small and medium-sized farmers, ranchers, and forest landowners.
- b. Advance the production, profitability and post-harvest handling of specialty crops including high value-niche market crops (such as hemp, if approved in your jurisdiction), medicinal crops, aromatic crops, and crops grown for essential oils.
- c. Examine the feasibility of small to mid-scale processing for fresh fruits and vegetables, frozen fruits and vegetables, value added processing for institutional buyers, or small-scale meat processing. Such efforts could also include direct to consumer markets.
- d. Develop small and medium scale strategies to address climate change with climate smart agriculture, food and forestry solutions including, but not limited to practices to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, and other adaptation and mitigation strategies.
- e. Integrate traditional ecological knowledge on small and medium-sized farms, ranches, forests, and other operations.
- f. Identify and develop effective physical or digital tools or equipment that improve production, labor management and profitability for small and medium-sized operations.
- g. Develop strategies to improve health and quality of life for small and medium-sized farmers and farm workers.
- h. Create outreach efforts to address small and medium-sized farm viability for young, socially disadvantaged, Veteran, immigrant or next generation farmers and ranchers. Such efforts should address issues such as farm succession, transition, and management to ensure that small and medium-sized farmers have access to resources to operate their farms sustainably and profitably.
- i. Examine the various forms of land tenure, including heirs property, especially among aging farmers, and identify the opportunities and obstacles to land access and land transfer for younger farmers.
- j. Research and develop effective strategies to improve efficient local and regional food systems.
- k. Research and develop effective strategies and tools to assist small and medium-sized farmers in making decisions about livestock (including aquaculture) or crop production contracts.
- 1. Evaluate and implement strategies to enhance access to new markets for small and medium-sized farms.
- m. Examine production diversification and sustainability; barriers to markets and effects of social media; farmer savings behavior, financial decision-making and retirement; farm family resource allocation; and intrafamily succession.

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Applicants must address the Program Area Priority with a Research Project or an Integrated Project that integrates research with extension and/or education (NOTE: Refer to <u>Part II § C</u> and <u>Part III § A</u> for Integrated Project definitions and eligibility information).
- d. Proposals with a focus on farmer stress, mental health, and suicide prevention should consider applying to Farm and Ranch Stress Assistance Network program (Farm and Ranch Stress Assistance Network | NIFA (usda.gov)).
- e. Proposals with a focus on beginning farmers should consider applying to Beginning Farmer and Rancher Development Program (Beginning Farmer and Rancher Development Program (BFRDP) | NIFA (usda.gov)).

6b. Economics, Markets and Trade

Table 30: Economics, Markets and Trade Key Information

Title	Description
Program Code:	A1641
Program Code	Economics, Markets and Trade
Name:	
Assistance Listing #	10.310
Project Type(s):	Research Projects only
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and
	Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u>
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE
	Grant applications.
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to the amount $rt(x)$ haloes
Amination	the program contact(s) below
Application Deadline(a)	a. 2025: Thursday, October 2, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
Deadline(s)	 b. 2026: Thursday, October 1, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time) c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins
Grant Duration:	a. 36-60 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard
Grant Duration.	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants
	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for Standard Grants ,
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants and New Investigator
	Standard Grants; \$800,000 with specific partnerships (see Part II
	<u>§ E</u>)
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants

Title	Description
Program Area	Dr. Charlotte Tuttle, (612) 499-8966 or <u>charlotte.tuttle@usda.gov</u>
Priority Contact(s):	

This program area priority supports research on development of theories, methods and applications of agricultural economics. It encourages applications in the following broad areas: agricultural market structure and performance; competitiveness in international trade and domestic markets; agricultural production and resource use; consumer behavior; farm labor and immigration and policy; agricultural policy design and impacts; technology development and adoption; and science and innovation policy. Equity and impacts on underserved communities and disparities faced by these communities should be considered during project development.

The program area priority scope includes, but is not limited to:

- a. Examine the economics of agriculture and food policy, including changes in trade, immigration, crop insurance, price stabilization and income support.
- b. Factors addressing farm labor shortages, contributing to development and adoption of labor saving or substituting technology; implications for farmer and farm labor economic welfare. Address the particular concerns regarding technology adoption and decision-making challenges for historically underserved farmers and ranchers.
- c. Examine factors contributing to pest resistance in pesticide use (and other pest management approaches) and the adoption of pest resistance mitigation strategies.
- d. Economic and behavioral aspects of consumption or savings behavior, food retail, consumer financial decision making; agricultural production and technology adoption, and the
- design and implementation of policy intended to affect those behaviors.
- e. Examine the causes and consequences of food and nutrition insecurity.
- f. Examine economics of federal nutrition policies and assess impacts of federal nutrition program participation.
- g. Examine the economic implications of big data on agricultural markets, industry structure, and agricultural and food value chains, how big data informs decision making by agricultural producers, policy makers, and consumers and enhances market efficiency and performance. Development of innovative empirical methods for addressing economic analysis using big data, machine learning, and natural language processing techniques.
- h. Examine the economics of the bio-economy. Assess the economic and environmental impact of policies and regulations designed to advance the bio-economy. Address issues of acceptance and perception by consumers and producers. Examine the economics and performance of the supply chains that emerge to implement new technologies, how they are affected by various policies, and their competitiveness and trade implications.
- i. Examine the impact of disasters on food supply chain resilience, agricultural production, and consumer behavior.
- j. Examine the costs and benefits of policy, technological, practice and behavioral interventions designed to reduce food loss and waste (FLW) from farm to consumer and throughout the supply chain. Develop economic and empirical models of FLW.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See *Part II* § *E* for detailed eligibility restrictions.
- d. Projects addressing topics related to environmental and natural resource economics should be submitted to Environmental and Natural Resource Economics (A1651).

Table 31: Social Implic	cations of Food and Agricultural Technologies Key Information
Title	Description
Program Code:	A1642
Program Code	Social Implications of Food and Agricultural Technologies
Name:	
Assistance Listing #	10.310
Project Type(s):	Research Projects or Integrated (research with education and /or
	extension) Projects <u>only</u>
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and
	Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u>
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE
	Grant applications.
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to
	the program contact(s) below
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, October 30, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, October 29, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins
Grant Duration:	a. 36-60 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants
	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for Standard Grants,
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants and New Investigator
	Standard Grants
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants
Program Area	a. Dr. Charlotte Tuttle, (612) 499-8966 or <u>charlotte.tuttle@usda.gov</u>
Priority Contact(s):	b. Dr. Gyami Shrestha, (571) 202-2410 or gyami.shrestha@usda.gov

6c. <u>Social Implications of Food and Agricultural Technologies</u>

Examining the social implications of technology is a form of technology assessment that anticipates the unforeseen and unintended consequences of technological innovation, including cultural, health, welfare, equity, ethical, and environmental impacts. A critical lesson learned from past experiences with the application of scientific discoveries and technological innovations to agricultural production is that public trust in science begins with and requires ongoing transparency and open deliberation. Technologies such as gene drives and genome editing, big data, nanotechnology, autonomous technologies and novel foods have tremendous capability in shaping the future of agriculture, requiring the scientific community to develop effective means of communicating and engaging with the public. The <u>National Academies of Sciences</u>, <u>Engineering</u>, and <u>Medicine</u> recommended that for these innovations to become applicable to agriculture, there should be a dialogue between scientists, legal scholars, bioethicists, social scientists, the public, and other stakeholders to assess the merits and risks of new technologies and scientific discoveries, and pursue open and participatory approaches to meaningfully engage with potentially impacted communities about these issues.

Research project applications must address the following:

- a. Assess the social, ethical, cultural, legal, and other potential impacts that a broad range of emerging and disruptive technologies, including breakthrough scientific discoveries, may pose for society, agricultural markets, agricultural communities and rural prosperity, food manufacturing industry, consumer preferences, and other domains and consider models for ameliorating challenge to the technologies; and
- b. Involve a range of individuals including scientists, legal scholars, bioethicists, social scientists, and researchers from the humanities, the public, and other stakeholders to assess the technology's merits and risks and/or examine issues and modes of communication that can result in open and participatory approaches to effectively involve the public and engage with communities potentially impacted by the technology in deliberations over these issues throughout the lifespan of the project.

Technologies and scientific advancements of interest include (order does not indicate importance):

- a. Development and implementation of technologies with regard to climate-smart agriculture and forestry practices, as well as measurement, monitoring, and mitigation of agricultural greenhouse gas emissions;
- b. Application of gene editing and gene drives in agricultural systems;
- c. Application of nanotechnology in agriculture and food systems;
- d. Analysis of big data, and tools and approaches for collecting big data from agricultural producers; privacy and security implications for the collection, storage, availability and sharing of big data on individuals, technologies, businesses, and/or communities;
- e. Implications of artificial intelligence, machine learning and predictive decision making to society and agriculture and food systems; and
- f. Implementation of autonomous technologies, the internet of things, artificial intelligence, and systems within the agricultural production, food manufacturing, and supply chains.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.

- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Conference applications are welcome under this program area priority.
- d. Projects must include trans/multi/interdisciplinary components and/or disciplinary specialists.
- e. Projects are welcome to develop new models of collaboration and idea generation to engage in active transdisciplinary exchange and efforts.
- f. Applications on the <u>adoption and diffusion of agricultural technologies</u> should be submitted to the Economics, Markets and Trade (A1641), Engineering for Agricultural Production and Processing (A1521 in Agriculture Systems and Technology), Engineering for Precision Crop and Water Management (A1551 in Agriculture Systems and Technology), or the Critical Agricultural Research and Extension (CARE, A1701 in Crosscutting Programs) program area priorities.

Table 32: Rural Economic Development Key Information			
Title	Description		
Program Code:	A1661		
Program Code	Rural Economic Development		
Name:			
Assistance Listing #	10.310		
Project Type(s):	Research Projects or Integrated (research with education and/or		
	extension) Projects only		
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New		
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and		
	Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u>		
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE		
	Grant applications.		
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must		
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.		
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to		
	the program contact(s) below		
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, September 11, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)		
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, September 10, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)		
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a		
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins		
Grant Duration:	a. 36-60 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard		
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants		
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants		
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants		
Maring A 1	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants		
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for Standard Grants , Strongthening Standard Cronts and New Investigator		
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants and New Investigator Standard Grants		
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants		
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants		

6d. Rural Economic Development

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Title	Description
Program Area	Dr. Sarah Rocker, Sarah.Rocker@usda.gov
Priority Contact(s):	

This program area priority supports rigorous theoretical and empirical efforts to create and examine innovative approaches for advancing economic opportunities for rural entrepreneurs and communities, with an aim to promote rural prosperity and well-being. The intent of the program area priority is to improve the understanding of the factors and conditions that enhance community-based economic opportunities for food, agricultural and rural businesses through tools and methods from the various social sciences, (i.e., sociology, demography, economics, geography, etc.). Studies that focus on historically marginalized groups, including but not limited to, women, ethnic and/or racial minority groups are of interest.

Projects can be either integrated (to include Extension and/or education, along with research) or research only. Projects may evaluate the institutional, social, or economic factors affecting decision making and policy development to enhance the economic growth and well-being of rural communities.

This program area priority focuses on issues "beyond the farm gate" including entrepreneurs, small businesses, local-level employers and service providers and provide critical services and opportunities to rural communities.

The emphases of this program area priority include, but are not limited to:

- a. Examine and address the impacts of a changing climate and response to climate disasters on food and nutrition security; this includes but is not limited to the adaptations to production, processing, and distribution of a safe, nutritious food supply for institutional and retail markets and household accessibility.
- b. Explore place-making assets, including art and cultural amenities, opportunities for outdoor recreation economy, and impacts on rural livability, new resident attraction and retention, and community-based economic development and prosperity.
- c. Identify strategies for economic growth in regions of persistent extreme poverty that identify and address causes and solutions to public-health crises including physical and mental health and persistent stress in farmers, farmworkers, entrepreneurs and their families.
- d. Examine the challenges, strategies, and impacts for expanding critical infrastructure in rural areas, not limited to broadband, physical and mental health services, educational opportunities, entrepreneurship and training and development.

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Integrated project applications <u>must</u> include research and at least one other function (i.e., education, extension, or both).
- d. For projects that focus mainly on farms, see the Small and Medium-Sized Farms program area priority (A1601).

6e. Environmental and Natural Resource Economics

	al and Natural Resource Economics Key Information
Title	Description
Program Code:	A1651
Program Code	Environmental and Natural Resource Economics
Name:	
Assistance Listing #	10.310
Project Type(s):	Research Projects only
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u>
	b. See <u><i>Part II § C.2</i></u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE Grant applications.
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV</u> , A and be emailed to
	the program contact(s) below
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, September 11, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, September 10, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins
Grant Duration:	a. 36-60 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants
	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for Standard Grants ,
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants and New Investigator
	Standard Grants; \$800,000 with specific partnerships (see Part II
	<u>§ E</u>)
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants
Program Area	Dr. Charlotte Tuttle, (612) 499-8966 or <u>charlotte.tuttle@usda.gov</u>
Priority Contact(s):	

Table 33: Environmental and Natural Resource Economics Key Information

Program Area Priority:

This program area priority examines the interrelationship of natural resources and the environment with agriculture and rural communities. Research projects funded through this priority area will advance economic theories, methods, tools, analyses, and applications that contribute to understanding an ecological approach to agriculture (including forestry and aquaculture) to balance production and sustainable resource management simultaneously in a changing climate. Research projects to advance efforts toward the development of standardized nonmarket valuation and benefits transfer methods will be welcomed in this solicitation. Equity and impacts on underserved communities should be considered during project development.

Climate change has significant effects on many sectors related to the well-being of agriculture and rural communities including production and processing choices, forestry, health and energy among others. Research funded through this priority area will inform climate mitigation, adaptation, and policy efforts related to agriculture. The projects will expand existing datasets and advance innovative economic methods, models and econometric approaches. In addition, this program area priority provides the opportunity to expand economic research on the direct and indirect economic impacts of climate change and climate-related policies and practices within the agricultural system in the United States.

Other research topics include, but are not limited to:

- a. Examine the relationship between agriculture, natural resource conservation, and the environment. Examine the economics of conservation and environmental policies and their impact on agriculture, ecosystem services, greenhouse gas emissions, and rural communities, and/or historically underserved populations.
- b. Examine local economic and environmental impacts of energy transitions, such as the effects of wind and solar production on rural communities and agriculture production.
- c. Examine the design of policies and incentive mechanisms to promote resource conservation and sustainability.
- d. Development of metrics to assess changes in the value of ecosystem services resulting from the adoption of conservation management practices at various scales.
- e. Develop decision support tools to be able to consider and coherently compare (in quantitative and economic terms) the various trade-offs of alternative farm management strategies such as climate-smart strategies, at differing temporal and spatial scales.
- f. Explore the economic efficiency impacts of alternative approaches for monitoring and enforcement of conservation compliance.
- g. Examine how changes in farm production and farm-related income related to climate change will affect farm households.
- h. Examine the equity and efficiency impacts of carbon markets and climate smart agriculture and forestry (CSAF) practices, supply chains, and commodities. Assess approaches and trade-offs in promoting carbon sequestration and soil health in agricultural production. Assess the design, implementation, and economic impacts of carbon credit market policies to encourage carbon offsets and the relation between agricultural and nonagricultural carbon emissions and mitigation. Assess long term restrictions on land use that participation in carbon markets will entail. Assess how the structure of markets interact with adoption of CSAF practices and the demand for products or commodities that embody carbon reducing characteristics. Quantify and value the potential loss and risks to agricultural productivity and food security as a result of climate change.
- i. Develop economic and theoretical models that consider climate change impacts on models of production. Examine the effects of climate impacts on water supply in the agricultural system.
- j. Develop and implement a standardized protocol for developing nonmarket benefit estimates and applying benefit transfer (BT) to inform benefit-cost calculations for conservation and natural resource policy design and implementation.
- k. Assess and measure ecosystem services and nonmarket valuable potential of soil health.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Projects that expand access of crop and animal production systems with an emphasis on historically underserved farmers and ranchers, where applicable, are welcome.
- d. Projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See *Part II § E* for detailed eligibility restrictions.

7. Crosscutting Programs

Background

Crosscutting programs address two or more of the following six priority areas:

- a. Plant health and production and plant products;
- b. Animal health and production and animal products;
- c. Food safety, nutrition, and health;
- d. Bioenergy, natural resources, and environment;
- e. Agriculture systems and technology; and
- f. Agriculture economics and rural communities.

Total program funds – Approximately \$46 million for each review cycle

Program Area Key Information:

a. For program area priorities soliciting Conference Grant applications (i.e., A1181, A1261, A1402, and A1541 <u>only</u>), Conference Grant applications may be submitted any time throughout the year. A Letter of Intent is required for a Conference Grant application, and it must be submitted a minimum of 195 days before conference begins. The full Conference Grant application must be submitted a minimum of 150 days before the conference begins.

Program Area Priorities – Each application must address at least one of the nine program area priorities listed below. Details about each of the Crosscutting program area priorities are provided later in this section.

- 7a. Agricultural Microbiomes in Plant Systems and Natural Resources
- 7b. Critical Agricultural Research and Extension (CARE)
- 7c. Data Science for Food and Agriculture Systems (DSFAS)
- 7d. Inter-Disciplinary Engagement in Animal Systems (IDEAS)
- 7e. Agricultural Biosecurity
- 7f. Regional Partnerships for Climate Extension & Education
- 7g. AFRI Commodity Board Co-funding Topics
- 7h. Rapid Response to Extreme Weather Events Across Food and Agricultural Systems
- 7i. Reducing Food Loss and Waste across the Supply Chain

7a. Agricultural Microbiomes in Plant Systems and Natural Resources

Table 34: Agricultural	Microbiomes in Plant Systems and Natural Resources Key Information			
Title	Description			
Program Code:	A1402			
Program Code	Agricultural Microbiomes in Plant Systems and Natural Resources			
Name:				
Assistance Listing #	10.310			
Project Type(s):	Research Projects only			
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New			
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and			
	Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u>			
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE			
	Grant applications.			
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must			
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.			
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to			
	the program contact(s) below			
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, October 2, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)			
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, October 1, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)			
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a			
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins			
Grant Duration:	a. Up to 60 months for Standard Grants , Strengthening Standard			
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants			
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants			
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants			
	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants			
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$850,000 for Standard Grants ,			
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants, and New Investigator			
	Standard Grants			
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants			
Duoguam Area	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants			
Program Area	a. Dr. Sandeep Kumar, (816) 832-7235 or <u>sandeep.kumar@usda.gov</u>			
Priority Contact(s):	b. Dr. Emmanuel Byamukama, (605) 864-7808 or			
	emmanuel.byamukama@usda.gov			

Program Area Priority:

Microbiomes have profound impacts on agricultural production systems as well as human, animal, plant, and environmental health. Microbiome research is critical for improving agricultural productivity, sustainability of agricultural ecosystems, safety of the food supply, climate change adaptation, greenhouse gas mitigation, carbon sequestration, and meeting the challenge of feeding a rapidly growing world population. Better understanding of microbiomes will help reduce use of chemicals (e.g. pesticides, antibiotics, and biocides) in food production, lead to the development of safer alternatives for the management of agriculturally-important pests and diseases, optimize nutrient utilization efficiency, and reduce environmental footprints and greenhouse gas emissions of agriculture and food systems. Understanding the multipartite interactions among the host, environment, and the microbiome is critical for improving and

sustaining agricultural productivity and quality in plant systems, associated natural resources, human nutrition and health. Plant productivity includes biotic factors affecting plant health such as either pests, diseases or vectors as well as abiotic factors (climate, water, soil health). Research supported by this program area priority will help fill major knowledge gaps in characterizing agricultural microbiomes and microbiome functions across agricultural production systems, and natural resources through crosscutting projects. Projects focusing on microbiomes associated with livestock, aquacultured animal species, or any animals other than vectors (e.g., insect or nematode) of plant-associated microbes are beyond the scope of this program area priority. Also, beyond the scope of this program are studies that do not have a strong focus on the community of microorganisms associated with the plant, such as studies of interactions between a single microbial species and its plant host. This research will capitalize on the convergence of low-cost sequencing and "omics" technologies, manipulation of microbiome composition and of phage and microbial genes (transposons, integrons), genome editing tools, and other novel tools for studying microbiota's structure and function. Development of tools to expand the use of gene editing in agriculturally relevant microbes is welcome.

Applications must address one of the following:

- a. Characterize the molecular mechanisms and signal exchange involved in microbiome assembly and interactions across various environments or physiological states including stress conditions, diseases, or different growth stages.
- b. Functionally characterize agricultural microbiomes and their microbiome metabolites in conferring specific host under various abiotic stresses (such as drought, heat, flooding, soil salinity, and pH extremes), biotic stresses (such as pathogen resistance, pest suppression, and invasive species management), optimizing nutrient cycling, carbon sequestration processes, mitigation of agricultural greenhouse gas emissions, and elucidating host-microbiome interactions to enhance resilience, sustainability, and productivity in agricultural systems.
- c. Define the microbiological or genetic elements that shape the functional diversity, virulence, and resistance to sanitation and/or antimicrobial treatments of foodborne pathogens associated with the aim of developing effective mitigation strategies.
- d. Investigate how plant exudates impact the composition and functionality of soil and plant microbiomes, and to assess how changes in these microbial communities affect plant health and growth.
- e. Characterize the molecular mechanisms and metabolic processes involved in the interactions between microbiomes and "forever chemicals" (such as Per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS), Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA), Perfluorooctane Sulfonate or Perfluorooctane Sulfonic Acid (PFOS), and other persistent organic pollutants), with the goal of identifying microbiomes that can effectively degrade or sequester these contaminants to promote environmental health and support plant growth and resilience.

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Projects focusing on microbiomes associated with livestock or aquacultured food-fish should be submitted to the most relevant program area priority within the Animal Health

and Production and Animal Products program area in this RFA.

d. NIFA is partnering with Ireland and Northern Ireland under the U.S.-Ireland Research and Development Partnership to solicit collaborative research applications in the Agricultural Microbiomes in Plant Systems and Natural Resources program area priority. For more information including FAQs about this opportunity, visit the <u>NIFA</u>, <u>Ireland</u>, <u>and</u> <u>Northern Ireland partnership page</u>. Applicants submitting to this partnership must select "other" in the AFRI Project Type form and type in "Collaborative" and their application title should begin as "TRIPARTITE: [full title]".

7b. Critical Agricultural Research and Extension (CARE)

	Table 35:	Critical	Agricultural	Research	and Extension	(CARE) Ke	y Information
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Title	Description
Program Code:	A1701
Program Code	Critical Agricultural Research and Extension (CARE)
Name:	
Assistance Listing #	10.310
Project Type(s):	Integrated (research and extension) Projects only
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard and FASE (Strengthening Standard and New Investigator)
	Grants <u>only</u>
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to FASE Grant
	applications.
Letter of Intent	Not applicable
Deadline	
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, September 11, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, September 10, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
Grant Duration:	12-36 months
Maximum Award	Including indirect costs: \$300,000
Amount(s):	
Program Area	a. Dr. James Dobrowolski, (202) 420-8918 or
Priority Contact(s):	james.dobrowolski@usda.gov
	b. Dr. Ann Stapleton, <u>ann.stapleton@usda.gov</u>

Program Area Priority:

This program area addresses critical challenges and opportunities that research and extension, together, can address to improve our nation's agricultural and food systems. Despite prior investments in basic and applied research, critical problems continue to impede the efficient production of agriculturally important plants and animals, for producing safe and nutritious foods, and to meet environmental challenges for agriculture, including climate change. These problems may be local, regional, or national, and may call for work focused on one or more scientific disciplines. However, all need immediate attention to meet producer and consumer needs. Finding and implementing solutions to these critical problems require partnership and close coordination among researchers, extension experts, and practitioners in food and agricultural enterprises. Funded projects are expected to produce results that lead to practices, tools, and technologies (e.g., climate-smart agriculture and forestry) that are rapidly adopted by end-users. Projects based on traditional ecological knowledge are appropriate for this program area priority.

This program area priority is designed to support integrated activities based on rigorous research combined with effective extension and involvement of stakeholders to develop and rapidly apply new knowledge or practices resulting in improved well-being of the people, communities, plants, and animals involved in, and affected by, agriculture and food-production systems.

The program area priority seeks applications that:

- a. Focus on a clear, time-sensitive, stakeholder-identified need or problem for agriculture.
- b. Explain the magnitude and rationale of this problem. For example, unexpected losses of income or employment, acres affected, estimated or actual economic costs to specified agricultural or food system, private industry, landowners, rural communities, adverse effects on the environment, risk of disease or illnesses.
- c. Describe a meaningful approach for blending research and extension expertise and other outreach and implementation approaches throughout the project to address principal objectives.
- d. Provide evidence that the project is aligned to priorities listed above.
- e. State expected solutions or improvements and how these will be assessed and measured.
- f. Address the potential cost of a proposed solution and describe how it can be scaled to be sustainable in the short-term and long-term.
- g. Explain how the project will strengthen agricultural and food-production systems and how results will be adopted or applied at a local, regional, or national level.

Each application must address two or more of the six priorities for AFRI:

- a. Plant health and Production and Plant Products;
- b. Animal Health and Production and Animal Products;
- c. Food Safety, Nutrition, and Health;
- d. Bioenergy, Natural Resources, and Environment;
- e. Agriculture Systems and Technology; and
- f. Agriculture Economics and Rural Communities.

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Projects focusing on species and commodities that are important to underserved farmers and ranchers or small- or medium-sized farms or ranches are welcome.
- d. All applications must adhere to the requirements in <u>*Part IV*</u>. If submitting an integrated Research and Extension application, please refer to specific content requirements for integrated applications. Applications that do not adhere to these requirements will not be reviewed.
- e. A justification of how the project addresses a critical stakeholder need must be included in the Project Narrative of the full application.
- f. Strict focus on short- to medium-term application of results is a requirement of this program area priority.
- g. Applications must demonstrate that outcomes of the project period can be implemented within 2 years after the grant ends.
- h. Applications from and collaborations with minority serving institutions, small to mid-

sized institutions, and/or institutions within the EPSCoR states are welcome in this program area priority.

i. In the full application, a letter of support must be included from the stakeholder(s) which details their role and their degree of interest in implementing projected outcomes.

7c. Data Science for Food and Agricultural Systems (DSFAS)

Table 36: Data Science for Food and Agricultural Systems (DSFAS) Key Information

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	Description	
Program Code:	A1541	
Program Code	Data Science for Food and Agricultural Systems (DSFAS)	
Name:		
Assistance Listing #	10.310	
Project Type(s):	Research Projects or Integrated (research, education and /or extension)	
	Projects <u>only</u>	
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New	
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and	
	Sabbatical) Grants only for regular DSFAS Projects	
	b. Standard and FASE (Strengthening Standard) Grants <u>only</u> for all	
	Coordinated Innovation Networks Projects	
	c. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE	
	Grant applications.	
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must	
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.	
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV</u> , A and be emailed to	
	the program contact(s) below	
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, November 13, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)	
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, November 12, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)	
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a	
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins	
Grant Duration:	a. 36-60 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard	
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants	
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants	
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants	
	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants	
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for regular DSFAS Projects;	
Amount(s):	\$800,000 with specific partnerships (see <i>Part II § E</i>)	
	b. Including indirect costs: \$1,000,000 for Coordinated Innovation	
	Networks Projects; \$1,150,000 with specific partnerships (see	
	<u>Part II § E</u>)	
	c. Including indirect costs: \$1,000,000 for Coordinated Innovation	
	Networks Climate/Food Supply Modeling Projects ; \$1,150,000	
	with specific partnerships (see <u>Part II § E</u>)	
	d. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants	
	e. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants	
	e. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants	

Title	De	scription
Program Area	a.	Dr. Gyami Shrestha, gyami.shrestha@usda.gov, (571) 202-2410
Priority Contact(s):		with cc to <u>NIFA-DSFAS@usda.gov</u>
	b.	Dr. Rachel Seman-Varner, <u>rachel.seman-varner@usda.gov</u> , (850)
		868-1184
	c.	Dr. Steven Thomson, steven.j.thomson@usda.gov, (202) 603-1053
	d.	Dr. Kelly Garbach, kelly.garbach@usda.gov, (913) 574-7900
	e.	Dr. Hongda Chen, hongda.chen@usda.gov, (202) 445-5582

The A1541 DSFAS program area priority focuses on the intersections of data science or artificial intelligence (AI) with agriculture. The goal is to enable systems and communities to effectively utilize data, improve resource management, and integrate new technologies and approaches to advance U.S. food and agricultural enterprises. The program welcomes university-based research as well as public and private partnerships.

Applications for research and integrated research projects must address at least one of the six AFRI priority areas [i.e. Agriculture Systems and Technology (AST); Agriculture Economics and Rural Communities (AERC), Bioenergy, Natural Resources, and Environment (BNRE); Food Safety, Nutrition, and Health (FSNH); Plant Health and Production and Plant Products (PHPP); Animal Health and Production and Animal Products (AHPAP)]. We encourage proposals addressing cross-cutting topics such as:

- Climate-smart agriculture, climate adaptation and forestry, including monitoring, measurements, reporting and verification (MMRV) of mitigation and removals of greenhouse gases (GHGs) and carbon;
- Food and nutrition security;
- Environmental sustainability;
- Economic revitalization and environmental justice.

Projects that focus on the intersections of, or interactions among A1541 DSFAS priorities and topics are also welcome.

Within the project narrative, all applications must include;

- A sustainability plan explaining how project products and services will be accessible during and after the funding period.
- Any development of data resources must <u>use FAIR (Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, and Reusable) standards</u>; long-term access and curation must be described in the sustainability plan. We also welcome use of the <u>CARE (Collective Benefit, Authority to Control, Responsibility, Ethics) data standards.</u>

Data Science for Food and Agriculture applications must fall under one of the following types:

- a. Regular **DSFAS** applications with proposed budget requests not exceeding **\$650,000** total <u>per project</u> (including indirect costs) for project periods of three to five years.
 - The title of the **DSFAS** project applications must begin with "**DSFAS**: [full title...]".
 - Partnerships: DSFAS projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-

sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 for a total of \$800,000. See <u>Part II § E</u> for detailed eligibility restrictions.

b. **DSFAS Coordinated Innovation Networks** (CIN) research or integrated applications with proposed budget requests not exceeding **\$1,000,000** total per project (including indirect costs) for project periods of three to five years.

All CIN projects must address the following:

- 1. Synergy: There should be a demonstrable benefit to the existence of a multidisciplinary, multi-sector, or multifunctional CIN that would not otherwise be possible by the participating entities and individuals operating independently.
- 2. Contribution: Each participating individual or entity should have a unique, meaningful, and active contribution to the network that is critical to the network's functioning, performance, and success in addressing bottlenecks in critical areas.
- 3. Continuity: There should be a sustainability plan for network persistence beyond the duration of initial grant support (e.g., identification of additional funding sources and/or more formal organizational arrangements).
- 4. Management: There should be a plan for coordination and oversight including, but not limited to, communication, leadership, advisory boards, milestones, and evolution over time (e.g., new objectives or new participants).
 - **DSFAS Coordinated Innovation Networks** (CIN) applications must meet the criteria in the DSFAS research priorities section and the additional CIN criteria above.
 - Applications should start their titles as "DSFAS-CIN: [full title...]".
 - **Partnerships: DSFAS-CIN** projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 for a total of \$1,150,000. See *Part II § E* for detailed eligibility restrictions.

c. DSFAS Coordinated Innovation Networks Climate/Food Supply Modeling

(CIN-CM/FM) applications in the special focus area of climate and/or food supply chain modeling with proposed budget requests not exceeding \$1,000,000 total per project (including indirect costs) for periods of three to five years:

- Creative, novel projects that meet the overall goals of advancing climate modeling and/or examining transitions to robust, resilient, and cooperative food supply networks, and with a focus on underserved communities are welcome.
- Applications should start their titles as "DSFAS-CIN-CM/FM: [full title...]".
- **Partnerships: DSFAS-CIN-CM/FM** projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting

institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 for a total of \$1,150,000. See <u>Part II § E</u> for detailed eligibility restrictions.

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- b. For additional resources on DSFAS including frequently asked questions, see the <u>DSFAS</u> webpage and <u>DSFAS FAQs</u>.
- c. The most competitive proposals will be equally well-grounded in (a) agricultural or food systems **and** in (b) data science or AI, clearly communicating the relevance and novelty of the proposed research in both (a) and (b).
- d. Projects that include the development of tools and platforms are welcome to build upon existing tools and platforms including, but not limited to, R/Python and the national cyberinfrastructure and data entities or catalogs (e.g., ACCESS databases, Science Gateways, National Agricultural Library).
- e. Proposals that include the development of tools and platforms should include details of software development practices such as testing and validation plans, and plans for governance, development and support of user and developer communities.
- f. Innovative and effective methods for participation of stakeholders in tools and platform development priority-setting and testing are strongly recommended.
- g. We encourage the use of the <u>CARE data standards</u> (collective benefit, authority to control, responsibility, ethics) as well as FAIR Principles (findable, accessible, interoperable, and reusable data that reduces barriers to collaboration, innovation, and transparency) in alignment with USDA's Data Strategy.
- h. We encourage the use of data from federal statistical agencies accessible through the Standard Application Process.
- i. Coordinated Innovation Networks (CINs) with multidisciplinary, multi-sector, or multifunctional benefits and applications are encouraged. Proposed CINs should include a plan for coordination and oversight including, but not limited to, communication, leadership, advisory boards, milestones, and evolution over time.
- j. NIFA is partnering with Ireland and Northern Ireland under the U.S.-Ireland Research and Development Partnership to solicit collaborative research applications in the Data Science for Food and Agricultural Systems (DSFAS) program area priority for regular projects. For more information including FAQs about this, visit the <u>NIFA</u>, <u>Ireland</u>, <u>and</u> <u>Northern Ireland partnership page</u>. Applicants submitting to this partnership must select "other" in the AFRI Project Type form and type in "Collaborative" and their application title should begin as "TRIPARTITE: [full title]". Note: Regular DSFAS applications submitted for U.S.-Ireland Tripartite Collaborative grants are ineligible for U.S. funding above the research program maximum of \$650,000; DSFAS-CIN and DSFAS-CIN-CM/FM projects are not eligible to apply under the tripartite opportunity.

7d. Inter-Disciplinary Engagement in Animal Systems (IDEAS)

	inary Engagement in Animal Systems (IDEAS) Key Information		
	Description		
Program Code:	A1261		
Program Code	Inter-Disciplinary Engagement in Animal Systems (IDEAS)		
Name:			
Assistance Listing #	10.310		
Project Type(s):	Integrated Projects (Research plus Extension and/or Education) only		
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New		
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and		
	Sabbatical) Grants <u>only</u>		
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE		
	Grant applications.		
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must		
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.		
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to		
A	the program contact(s) below		
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, October 2, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)		
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, October 1, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)		
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a		
Grant Duration:	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins		
Grant Duration:	a. Up to 60 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Grants		
	a. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants		
	b. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants		
	c. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants		
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$1,000,000 for Standard Grants,		
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants, and New Investigator Standard		
	Grants; \$1,150,000 with specific partnerships (see <i>Part II§ E</i>)		
	b. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants		
	c. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants		
Program Area	a. Dr. Angelica Van Goor, (816) 584-5304 or		
Priority Contact(s):	angelica.van.goor@usda.gov		
	b. Dr. Amber Campbell, (816) 516-1608 or		
	amber.campbell@usda.gov		
	c. Dr. Kaushlendra Tingi, (970) 657-6787 or		
	kaushlendra.tingi@usda.gov		

Table 37: Inter-Disciplinary Engagement in Animal Systems (IDEAS) Key Information

Program Area Priority:

This program priority area seeks to bridge traditional disciplinary divides and address complex issues in animal agriculture (including aquaculture). This will require new interdisciplinary work anchored in animal and veterinary medical sciences to support food and agriculture systems. Interdisciplinary is defined as integrating knowledge and methods, using a real synthesis of approaches that bring together diverse backgrounds and disciplines as well as diverse sources of data (information) in novel, integrative ways to solve pressing issues. Given the complexity of social, cultural, environmental, economic, and technologic challenges facing the food and

agriculture system in the United States today, broader views at the intersection among multiple disciplines are essential to spur creativity, inspire innovation, and develop solutions.

This program area priority welcomes university-based research as well as public-private partnerships. With animal and veterinary medical science at the core, some broad emphasis areas to be supported by this program area priority include, but are not limited to:

- a. Precision animal management
 - Developing climate-smart methods and technologies to enhance animal production and increase productivity while improving and maintaining environmental integrity: use of spatial and temporal resources; resource-smart feeding and monitoring, breeding, and management; and animal health and animal products to ensure and enhance economic viability.
 - 2) Optimizing animal management for improved product quality, animal health and human health, including challenges that are exacerbated by or contribute to climate change.
- b. Environmental synergies of animal production
 - 1) Managing emissions to the atmosphere (greenhouse gases) and hydrosphere, improving water and soil health in various production systems to achieve synergy between animal production and environmental quality.
 - 2) Recycling, reusing co-products of animal agriculture or aquaculture (e.g., manure management for efficient nutrient use).
 - 3) Optimizing animal management for environmental health including efforts to mitigate climate change impacts.
- c. Societal aspects of animal welfare
 - 1) Identifying and resolving factors that influence building trust around animal agriculture or aquaculture across a diversity of communities such as consumers and producers to improve animal welfare.
 - 2) Examining consumer life experiences and other factors (e.g., profession, culture, and environment) that influence perceptions of agricultural animal welfare, or preferences for how production systems should respond.
 - 3) Exploring opportunities for greater and meaningful public engagement in the policy and practices of animal agriculture or aquaculture for improved animal welfare.

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- b. Within potential topics presented herein, methods of breaking down technological barriers to adoption in integrated projects are welcome.
- c. Projects focusing on species and commodities that are important to underserved farmers and ranchers or small- or medium-sized farms or ranches are welcome.
- d. Projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See Part II § E for detailed eligibility

restrictions.

e. NIFA is partnering with Ireland and Northern Ireland under the U.S.-Ireland Research and Development Partnership to solicit collaborative research applications in the Inter-Disciplinary Engagement in Animal Systems (IDEAS) program area priority. For more information including FAQs about this opportunity, visit the <u>NIFA</u>, <u>Ireland</u>, <u>and Northern</u> <u>Ireland partnership page</u>. Applicants submitting to this partnership must select "other" in the AFRI Project Type form and type in "Collaborative" and their application title should begin as "TRIPARTITE: [full title]". **Note: Integrated applications submitted for U.S.-Ireland Tripartite Collaborative grants are ineligible for U.S. funding above the program maximum of \$1,000,000**.

7e. Agricultural Biosecurity

	Table 38:	Agricultural	Biosecurity	Key	Information
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Title	Description
Program Code:	A1181
Program Code	Agricultural Biosecurity
Name:	
Assistance Listing #	10.310
Project Type(s):	Research, Extension, and Integrated Projects only
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, Conference, and FASE (Strengthening Standard, New
	Investigator, Strengthening Conference, Seed, Equipment, and
	Sabbatical) Grants only for Agricultural Biosecurity Projects
	b. Standard and FASE (Strengthening Standard) Grants only for
	Agricultural Biosecurity Coordination Network Projects
	c. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to conference and FASE
	Grant applications.
Letter of Intent	a. Required only for Conference Grant applications. The LOI must
Deadline	be submitted a minimum of 195 days before the conference begins.
	b. LOIs must follow the instructions in <u>Part IV, A</u> and be emailed to
	the program contact(s) below
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, September 18, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: Thursday, September 17, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
	c. Conference Grants: submitted after LOI decision response and a
	minimum of 150 days before the conference begins
Grant Duration:	a. 36-60 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard
	Grants, Equipment and New Investigator Standard Grants
	b. Up to 24 months for all Seed Grants
	c. Up to 12 months for Sabbatical Grants
	d. Up to 60 months for Conference Grants

Title	Description
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for single-function
Amount(s):	Agricultural Biosecurity projects; \$800,000 with specific
	partnerships (see <u>Part II § E</u>)
	b. Including indirect costs: \$1,000,000 for integrated Agricultural
	Biosecurity projects; \$1,150,000 with specific partnerships (see
	<u>Part II § E</u>)
	c. Including indirect costs: \$1,000,000 for Agricultural Biosecurity
	Coordination Network Projects
	d. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for all Seed Grants
	e. \$50,000 for Conference and Equipment Grants
Program Area	a. Dr. Amer Fayad, (816) 894-7228 or <u>amer.fayad@usda.gov</u>
Priority Contact(s):	b. Dr. Michelle Colby, (202) 577-8815 or <u>michelle.colby@usda.gov</u>

This program area priority focuses on increasing our national capacity to prevent, rapidly detect, and respond to biological threats to the U.S. agriculture and food supply. Supported activities will be aimed at increasing agricultural biosecurity at the regional and national levels, and across the public and private sectors. Addressing the vulnerabilities of our nation's food and agricultural system requires a concerted effort, sustained investment, and a coordinated strategy that protects the U.S. food and agriculture system against threats from pests, diseases, contaminants, and disasters.

Within its project narrative, each application must include a sustainability plan explaining how tools or systems developed within the project will be accessible during and after the funding period. Detection and diagnostic development projects should include validation plans as well as transition plans to either commercial partners or national laboratory networks (i.e., National Animal Health Laboratory Network, National Plant Diagnostic Network). Projects that include development of software tools and platforms should include details of software development practices such as testing validation plans, and plans for governance, development and support of user and developer communities. Innovative and effective methods for participation of stakeholders in tools and platform development priority-setting and testing are welcome. Any development of data resources must use FAIR standards; long term access and curation must be described in the sustainability plan. We also welcome use of the CARE data standards. Proposals that address the use of traditional ecological knowledge in pest and disease control; address specific threats to agricultural biosecurity that may be exacerbated by climate change, and proposals that increase resiliency of biosecurity systems in the face of climate change are appropriate for this program.

Applications to the **Agricultural Biosecurity** program area priority must fall under one of the following two types:

1) Agricultural Biosecurity. Projects must address one or more of the following in transboundary, emerging, or re-emerging pests and diseases associated with animal production systems and/or transboundary, emerging, re-emerging, or invasive diseases, insects and weeds associated with plant production systems (order does not indicate importance):

- a. Preparedness: biosecurity planning, organizing, training, exercising, and evaluating with the goal of ensuring coordination during an incident;
- b. Prevention of introduction into the U.S. and/or its associated territories or transmission between farms, plots, or individual herds or animals;
- c. Detection, diagnostics, surveillance, and/or forecasting. Non-traditional detection methodologies such as syndromic surveillance, predictive analysis of satellite imagery, etc. also will be considered;
- d. Mitigation of the impact of pests and diseases (e.g. reduce the severity or seriousness, change in transmission dynamics); or
- e. Rapid response to, and recovery from pests and diseases.
- 2) Agricultural Biosecurity Coordination Network (ABCN) applications for project periods of three to five years.
 - a. The title of the **Agricultural Biosecurity Coordination Network** project application must begin with "**ABCN**: [full title...]"
 - b. ABCN projects must include a workplan that addresses all the following:
 - i. Engagement and Integration: include in the workplan details on how the PD will engage with and integrate the following entities in their coordination efforts
 - (1) new and existing Agricultural Biosecurity projects, programs, and networks,
 - (a) within NIFA;
 - (b) within the broader federal, state, local, tribal, and territorial governments; and
 - (c) across the plant and animal biosecurity communities.
 - ii. Coordination: include in the workplan details on how the PD will coordinate an annual Agricultural Biosecurity Symposium and coordinate and facilitate a hybrid Project Directors meeting for A1181 Agricultural Biosecurity awardees in conjunction with the Symposium in coordination with NIFA program staff as well as formalized coordination activities for the broader agricultural biosecurity community (e.g., annual meeting, quarterly meetings, listserv, community of practice etc.).
 - iii. Communication: include in the workplan details on how the PD will facilitate effective communication among these diverse groups and establish common mechanisms for joint prioritization of common research agendas.
 - Management and Sustainability: include a plan for coordination, oversight, and long-term sustainability (beyond the term of the grant) including, but not limited to, communication, leadership, advisory boards, milestones, and evolution over time (e.g., new objectives or new participants).

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Projects focusing on specific pests and/or diseases will be restricted to transboundary, emerging, or re-emerging pests and diseases associated with animal production systems

and/or transboundary, emerging, re-emerging, or invasive diseases, insects and weeds associated with plant production systems.

- d. Projects with specific types of partnerships (small and mid-sized or minority-serving degree-granting institutions not on the list of most successful institutions; EPSCoR institutions; or international partners) can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See <u>Part II § E</u> for detailed eligibility restrictions.
- e. Developing early-stage research technologies, practices, or strategies to reduce the impact of pests and diseases that pose a biosecurity concern is welcome. Activities associated with the commercialization of patented research are not suitable for this program. Consider applying to the <u>Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) program</u> if your project is focused on development or commercialization of instrumentation.
- f. Proposals must include metrics to justify the project's importance to agricultural biosecurity and identify at least one significant impact that could result from the work being proposed.
- g. Collaboration with existing national biosecurity framework components including diagnostic and biological containment laboratories such as the National Plant Diagnostic Network (NPDN) and the National Animal Health Laboratory Network (NAHLN); the Extension Disaster Education Network (EDEN); regional IPM centers; IR-4 laboratories; regulatory agencies; and industry (livestock (including aquaculture species), biopharmaceuticals, and crop protection) is highly recommended.
- h. Proposals that address common threats to agricultural biosecurity in both animal and plant systems are encouraged.
- i. International collaborations that enhance our ability to manage threats and reduce losses to U.S. agriculture are welcome.
- j. Inclusion of experiential learning opportunities for students on applied aspects of agricultural biosecurity as part of the proposed extension or research activities is welcome.
- k. All applications must meet all other requirements in <u>Part IV</u>. If submitting an integrated application, please refer to the specific eligibility requirements (see <u>Part III § A</u>) and specific content requirements for integrated applications. Applications that do not follow these requirements will not be reviewed.
- 1. For Integrated Projects including education, the educational component should not constitute more than one-third of the project budget.
- m. Applications for projects on foodborne pathogen/contaminant detection should be submitted to the Food Safety and Defense program area priority (A1332).

7f. Regional Partnerships for Climate Extension and Education

Table 39: Regional Partnerships for Extension and Education Key Information

Title	Description
Program Code:	A1721
Program Code	Regional Partnerships for Extension and Education
Name:	
Assistance Listing #	10.310

Title	Description	
Project Type(s):	Extension Projects or Integrated (research and extension, or extension	
	and education) Projects <u>only</u> for Standard , Strengthening Standard ,	
	and New Investigator Standard Grants	
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard, FASE (Strengthening Standard, and New Investigator	
	Standard)	
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to FASE Grant	
	applications.	
Letter of Intent	Not applicable	
Deadline:		
Application	a. 2025: Thursday, September 4, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)	
Deadline(s):	b. 2026: Thursday, September 3, 2026 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)	
Grant Duration:	36-60 months for Standard Grants and Strengthening Standard	
	Grants	
Maximum Award	Including indirect costs: \$1,000,000 for Standard Grants and	
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants and New Investigator Standard	
	Grants	
Program Area	a. Dr. Amy Ganguli, (816) 642-0813 or	
Priority Contact(s):	ClimatePartnerships@usda.gov	
	b. Dr. Amber Campbell, (816) 516-1608	
	c. Dr. Lydia Kaume, (816) 642-4607	
	d. Dr. Erica Kistner-Thomas, (816) 894-9283	

This program area priority will support projects that provide effective, translatable, and scalable approaches to address climate change through relevant regional partnerships. This goal of this program area priority is to connect the Cooperative Extension System or other relevant organizations conducting outreach at a community level with federally supported regional organizations facilitating the translation of science-based information to build resilience. Connections with regional climate services providers are strongly encouraged. Partnerships may consist of private, public, and non-profit organizations including, but not limited to the USDA Climate Hubs, USDA Nutrition Hubs, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Climate Adaptations Partnerships/Regional Integrated Sciences and Assessments (NOAA CAP/RISAs), NOAA National Integrated Drought Information System (NIDIS), US Geological Services National and Regional Climate Adaptation Science Centers (USGS CASCs), the Global Methane Hub, and the Joint Fire Science Program and Fire Science Exchange Network. Other partnerships will be considered.

This program area priority stimulates and catalyzes cross-cutting, and interdisciplinary work among scientists and stakeholders to accelerate innovating technologies and practices, drive climate-smart solutions, bolster nutrition security and health, cultivate resilient ecosystems, and translate research into actions through partnerships that will generate lasting and profound outcomes across all communities, particularly those that are especially vulnerable to climate change. This program area priority promotes solutions to the climate crisis by connecting science and practice to develop and deploy tailored tools, technologies and practices that help stakeholders across the agricultural supply-chain mitigate and adapt to a changing climate, ensure nutrition security, and protect natural resources. Projects should be interdisciplinary, bringing together stakeholders to foster understanding of the intersections between climate smart-agriculture, nutrition, security, economic revitalization, and equity.

Extension and Integrated projects addressing nutrition security should clearly address one or more for the following

- a. Support one or more of the four objectives outlined in the <u>National Strategy for Reducing</u> <u>Food Loss and Waste and Recycling Organics</u>; and develops coordinated science-based solutions and resources to compact impacts of food loss and waste on climate and nutrition security.
- b. Work with current and future USDA Nutrition Hub(s) to address impacts of climate change on human health using human-centered stakeholder informed program designs and approaches.
- c. Support the development and deployment of new technologies and approaches to address food safety concerns with particular focus on impacts of climate change on food safety.

Projects addressing nutrition should consider Cooperative Extension's National Framework for Health Equity and Well-Being when framing their project.

Additionally, extension and Integrated projects not addressing food security should work towards one or more of the following long-term socio-economic impacts (order does not indicate priority ranking):

- a. Support necessary work to improve adoption of climate-smart decision-support tools, including climate disaster monitoring and impact assessment.
- b. Work to improve our understanding of the impact of the changing climate on pests, diseases, and weeds in managed agricultural systems and educational efforts to improve integrated management of pests, diseases, and weeds in cropping systems, rangelands, and managed forest and diseases and insect vectors in livestock systems.
- c. Work to improve the efficacy and/or adaptation of CSAF management practices. CSAF management practices may include (but are not limited to); prairie buffer strips, cover crops, no-till farming, mulching, alley cropping, and rotational stocking systems.
- d. Synthesizing, coordinating, and utilizing networks of data from diverse sources to better understand and quantify the impacts of climate-smart practices on biogeochemical processes, carbon stocks, land-use change and greenhouse gas fluxes.
- e. Developing, improving, and implementing geospatial decision-support tools with integrated biophysical and socioeconomic climate change indicators for agriculture and forestry to predict regional/national socioeconomic and ecological impacts, track the extent of climate change effects in space and time, and assist with the monitoring of the long-term effectiveness of climate-smart policies and actions. The tools may be enabled with artificial intelligence capabilities.
- f. Understanding how climate change adaptation and mitigation may lead to unintended consequences, including effects on underserved communities, economic strength, health

nutrition and national security, and consequent feedback on climate mitigation and adaptation and other relevant parameters.

g. Developing workforce and future leaders in Agricultural sciences including climate science, nutrition, and food scientists and a robust Extension workforce in the food and agriculture sectors. Training can include K-12 teacher-training and formal education courses at the associate, undergraduate and/or graduate levels with extension service-learning fieldwork components.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

Required Information to Consider:

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. Proposed projects must adhere to the definitions of extension and education for the application's project type as found in <u>Part II § C.1</u>.
 - 1) All applications must include a logic model that shows how program resources lead towards identified socio-economic impacts and describes how participant and stakeholder feedback will be used to adjust actions.
- d. All applications must include a management plan that clearly delineates the roles and responsibilities of each entity involved in the partnership.
- e. Culturally and contextually appropriate approaches should be developed and applied in extension and integrated projects and activities.

Encouraged Optional Information to Consider

- a. Proposed projects should consider including environmental justice, equity, diversity, and inclusion facets of work.
- b. Applications from and collaborations with minority-serving institutions are encouraged.
- c. Projects that engage communities of environmental justice concern and have broader impacts to address current and future challenges are encouraged. Such projects must present rationale and metrics for how their work will benefit communities of environmental justice concern: 1) within higher education institutions; 2) within locales directly served by the project; and 3) beyond the life of the project because of sustained project impacts will be prioritized. Co-development with communities is encouraged.
- d. Letters of support from collaborating entities are optional.
- e. Projects are encouraged to identify strategic approaches with the private sector, among other key stakeholders, including youth voice.
- f. Applicants are encouraged to include positive youth development as part of the project. Applicants that focus on youth voice must target the highest levels of youth engagement (e.g., youth in community organizing/activism, youth in decision-making and governance, youth-led projects). In such projects, youth should lead research efforts and/or extension activities to demonstrate the power of youth as agents of change, entrepreneurs and innovators. Through education, science, and/or technology young people will scale efforts across geographic regions as well as food and agricultural systems.
- g. Applications focusing on outreach, education, and interventions that improve women's health outcomes are strongly encouraged.

7g. AFRI Commodity Board Co-funding Topics

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Title	Description	
Program Code:	A1811	
Program Code	AFRI Commodity Board Co-funding Topics	
Name:		
Assistance Listing #	10.310	
Project Type(s):	Research Projects only	
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard and FASE (Strengthening Standard and New Investigator)	
	Grants <u>only</u>	
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to FASE Grant	
	applications.	
Letter of Intent	Not applicable	
Deadline		
Application	a. 2025: To Be Announced	
Deadline(s)	b. 2026: To Be Announced	
Grant Duration:	36-48 months or 36-60 months, see project period listed for the	
	specific topic below	
Maximum Award	Including indirect costs: must not exceed the amount listed for the	
Amount(s):	specific topic below and are not renewable.	
Program Area	a. Dr. Bisoondat (Mac) Macoon, 601-331-6023 or	
Priority Contact(s):	commodityboards@usda.gov	
	b. Dr. John Erickson, (816) 283-6422 or john.erickson@usda.gov	
	c. Dr. Mark Mirando, (202) 445-5575 or mark.mirando@usda.gov	
	d. Dr. Mallory Koenings, (202) 604-1985 or	
	mallory.koenings@usda.gov	

Table 40: AFRI Commodity Board Co-funding Topics Key Information

Program Area Priority: NOTE: Commodity board co-funding topics for FY 2025 will be added in an RFA modification by May 1, 2025.

NIFA and various commodity boards are seeking to co-fund research projects relevant to the respective commodity board. Each application must address one of the following topics for FY 2025, which will be added to this RFA by May 1, 2025.

Applicants seeking funding through these commodity board co-funded topics will be required to provide a letter of co-funding support from the commodity board directly to <u>commodityboards@usda.gov</u> within 60 calendar days after the application submission deadline to be published subsequently. When seeking a letter of co-funding support, applicants must submit their entire application to the **respective commodity board listed above and request a letter that <u>specifically indicates that the commodity board supports the application and will provide co-funding if the application is selected for funding after the peer-review process.</u> To obtain a letter of co-funding support or for further questions, please contact the respective**

commodity board representative listed above. Applicants **must state in the last sentence of their application's Project Summary** section to which **specific Topic Number** their proposal is addressing.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- Applications must provide a letter of co-funding support from the appropriate commodity board as outlined above, either included in the application submission or emailed to <u>commodityboards@usda.gov</u> within 60 calendar days after the application deadline. Failure to do so will result in the proposal being declined.
- c. The last sentence of the Project Summary **must state the specific Topic Number that the application is addressing**.

7h. Rapid Response to Extreme Weather Events Across Food and Agricultural Systems Table 41: Rapid Response to Extreme Weather Events Across Food and Agricultural Systems Key Information

Key mormation		
Title	Description	
Program Code:	A1712	
Program Code	Rapid Response to Extreme Weather Events Across Food and	
Name:	Agricultural Systems	
Assistance Listing #	10.310	
Project Type(s):	a. Extension or Integrated (extension and research) Projects only	
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard and FASE (Strengthening Standard) only	
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to FASE Grant	
	applications.	
Letter of Intent	a. N/A	
Deadline		
Application	a. 2025: Standard Grants and FASE (Strengthening Standard)	
Deadline(s)	Grants: Must be submitted within 45 calendar days after an	
	extreme weather event or disaster. Following submission, to ensure	
	your application is processed in a timely manner, notify the	
	program area contacts by sending an email to	
	afri-rapidresponse@usda.gov	
	b. 2026: Standard Grants and FASE (Strengthening Standard)	
	Grants: Must be submitted within 45 calendar days after an	
	extreme weather event or disaster. Following submission, to ensure	
	your application is processed in a timely manner, notify the	
	program area contacts by sending an email to	
	afri-rapidresponse@usda.gov	
Grant Duration:	a. 12 months for Standard Grants and FASE (Strengthening	
	Standard) Grants	
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$300,000 for Standard Grants and	
Amount(s):	FASE (Strengthening Standard) Grants	
Program Area	a. Dr. Ashley Mueller, <u>afri-rapidresponse@usda.gov</u>	
Priority Contact(s):	b. Dr. Amy Ganguli	
	c. Dr. Michelle Colby	
	d. Dr. Amer Fayad	

Climate change exacerbates the risk of extreme weather-related disasters, caused by naturally occurring hazards such as extreme heat, droughts, wildfires, tornados, floods, hurricanes, tropical storms, and blizzards, that often disrupt agricultural, forestry, and rangeland production systems. In addition to land degradation, agricultural supply chains are often adversely impacted by these disasters at the production, processing, distribution, and consumption stages.

Innovative applied research, extension, and integrated efforts are needed to alleviate the impacts of these disasters across the food and agricultural system. These strategies should help individuals, families, and communities buffer the effects of disasters and ensure the availability of an accessible, safe, nutritious, affordable, and abundant food supply. **Funded projects are expected to implement extension, and integrated (extension and applied research) activities to provide solutions** that may include: trainings, communication strategies, tools and technologies, food supply and food safety logistics, and climate-smart practices. These solution-driven projects can be rapidly adopted by various end-users. In addition, funded projects are expected to describe how the adoption potential of proposed solutions will be measured. Additional information about this program area priority is available on the <u>A1712 webpage</u>, which includes fact sheets, Frequently Asked Questions, and videos. NIFA hosts quarterly A1712 Live FAQ sessions for applicants; information is available on the NIFA Events Calendar.

Proposals are welcome to integrate biological and social sciences and to leverage new and existing partnerships that support responsive research, extension, and integrated activities. Proposals that include community development and positive youth development and 4-H are suitable for this program area priority so long as they align with one or more emphasis areas (listed below). Multi-state proposals are suitable for this program area priority, and public-private partnerships and engagement with USDA-supported hubs like Climate Hubs and Nutrition Hub are welcome. Projects focusing on species and commodities important to historically underserved farmers and ranchers or small- or medium-sized farms or ranches are also welcome. Although multiple submissions from a single institution may be accepted, applicants are welcome to coordinate and collaborate where possible.

This program area priority is designed to rapidly deploy strategies and fill knowledge and information gaps to protect the nation's food and agricultural supply chains and the people who support them during and after weather-related disasters. Therefore, all submissions must directly address effects associated with a recent extreme weather event or disaster. Some extreme weather events or disasters may be prolonged. Applicants must include a statement about timing and relevance of the incident that requires response. The National Weather Service, National Integrated Heat Health Information System, USDA Farm Service Agency, USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service, USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service, Federal Emergency Management Agency, and state or local agencies and organizations may have information and/or data to justify a direct need for rapid response activities.

Standard and FASE (Strengthening Standard) grant applications must address one or more of the following emphasis areas (order does not indicate importance):

- a. Agroecosystem Resilience. Proposals may address but are not limited to:
 - 1) Efficacy assessments of management practices and innovative strategies that can

minimize the impacts of weather-related disasters on agroecosystems.

- 2) Methods to address contamination of ground and/or surface waters, air quality, or damage to soils caused by disasters.
- 3) Incorporation of new technologies to enhance the resilience of agricultural production systems during and after disasters. This may include implementation of technologies that use artificial intelligence, autonomy (e.g., uncrewed vehicles, drones, robotics, and connected sensors), and the internet of things.
- b. Food Safety, Food and Nutrition Security, and Agricultural Commodity Security. Proposals may address but are not limited to:
 - 1) Development and implementation of plans to ensure the health and security of livestock during and after disasters (e.g., evacuation and humane depopulation procedures, access to shelter, uncontaminated feed, clean water, and veterinary services).
 - 2) Strategies to support the maintenance, salvage, processing, transport, and storage of agricultural commodities affected by disasters, as well as food loss and water topics.
 - 3) Training programs to reduce potential contamination or dispersal of pathogens associated with contaminated food throughout the production system, including storage, processing, and transport.
 - 4) Strategies to ensure all children, youth, and adults have access to safe, nutritious, abundant, and affordable food during and after disasters.
- c. Health, Well-Being, and Safety. Proposals may address but are not limited to:
 - 1) Evaluation of increased risks and exposure to structural, electrical, biological, and chemical hazards associated with disasters and the development of mitigation strategies for agricultural production and food processing environments.
 - 2) Best practices and training to address safe operations and reentry protocols for agricultural workers, including any additional measures for youth and workers with disabilities.
 - 3) Strategies to address the health, well-being, and safety of children, youth, and adults affected by disasters.

In addition to addressing emphasis area(s), in the Project Narrative applications must:

- a. Describe the recent extreme weather event or disaster. Some extreme weather events or disasters may be prolonged. Applicants are strongly encouraged to create a section at the beginning of their Project Narrative that clearly and succinctly addresses the timeliness and relevance of the incident that requires response.
- b. Clearly define the geographic scope of the project as it relates to the recent extreme weather event or disaster.
- c. Focus on critical and urgent solutions in rapid response to extreme weather and disaster impacts on the food and agricultural systems.
- d. Clearly describe short-term activities and deliverables. One or more project activities or deliverables must be implemented or developed, respectively, within 90 days of award receipt and with other activities or deliverables completed by 12 months.

Applicants who have questions about the fit of their projects are welcome to contact program staff. Projects that have a preparedness, recovery, and/or mitigation focus may be better suited for the AFRI Critical Agricultural Research and Extension (CARE) (A1701) program area

priority.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed.
- b. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- c. The Project Narrative must not exceed a total of 7 pages.
- d. All applications must include a data management plan.
- e. A justification of how the project addresses a critical and urgent stakeholder need must be included in the Project Narrative.
- f. All applications must meet all other requirements in <u>Part IV</u>. If submitting an integrated application, please refer to the specific eligibility requirements (see <u>Part III § A</u>) and specific content requirements for integrated applications. Applications that do not follow these requirements will not be reviewed.
- g. There must be a high likelihood that extension, and integrated (extension and applied research) activities of a proposed project will be immediately implemented.
- h. Applications from and collaborations with minority-serving institutions, small to midsized institutions, and/or institutions within EPSCoR states are welcome.
- i. Application review and processing will be expedited to ensure timely project start-up.

Table 45. Reducing FC	bu Loss and waste across the Suppry Chain Rey mornation
Title	Description
Program Code:	A1741
Program Code	Reducing Food Loss and Waste Across the Supply Chain
Name:	
Assistance Listing #	10.310
Project Type(s):	Research Projects or Integrated (research, education and/or extension)
	Projects only
Grant Type(s):	a. Standard and FASE (Strengthening Standard and New Investigator)
	Grants <u>only</u>
	b. See <u>Part II § C.2</u> for requirements specific to FASE Grant
	applications.
Letter of Intent	Not applicable
Deadline	
Application	2025: Thursday, July 17, 2025 (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time)
Deadline(s)	
Grant Duration:	36 to 48 months for Standard Grants, Strengthening Standard
	Grants, and New Investigator Standard Grants
Maximum Award	a. Including indirect costs: \$650,000 for Standard Grants,
Amount(s):	Strengthening Standard Grants, and New Investigator
	Standard Grants; \$800,000 with specific partnerships (see Part II
	<u>§ E</u>)
Program Area	a. Dr. Lydia Kaume, (816) 642-4607, <u>lydia.kaume@usda.gov</u>
Priority Contact(s):	b. Dr. Charlotte Tuttle, (612) 499-8966, <u>charlotte.tuttle@usda.gov</u>
	c. Dr. Vijay Nandula (816) 894-7229, <u>vijay.nandula@usda.gov</u>

7i. Reducing Food Loss and Waste across the Supply Chain

Table 43: Reducing Food Loss and Waste across the Supply Chain Key Information

Program Area Priority:

NIFA requests proposals for research or integrated (research, education, and/or Extension) projects that investigate drivers of food loss and waste (FLW), provide insights and data on amounts and locations of FLW, and trial or iterate on methods and practices that prevent and reduce food loss and waste from occurring.

In June 2024, the White House released the <u>National Strategy for Reducing Food Loss and</u> <u>Waste and Recycling Organics</u>, laying out a path for the United States to meet its national goal of reducing food loss and waste 50% by 2030. Research or integrated projects under this program area priority should work toward the national goal of reducing food loss and waste 50% by 2030, in line with the objectives set in the National Strategy.

Food loss and waste, definitionally, depends on the location within the supply chain. <u>Food loss</u> is food produced for human consumption that leaves the human food supply chain for any reason (and is not ultimately consumed by humans) between production up to, but not including, the retail sector. Food waste is food produced for human consumption that leaves the human food supply chain for any reason (and is not ultimately consumed by humans) at the retail, food service or household sectors.

Program area priorities and approaches include but are not limited to:

Program Area Priorities:

- a. Improvement or innovation of a food recovery model, including in food supply chain sectors, such as wholesale/terminal markets, retail (including national grocery chains), food service (including hotel and lodging industry);
- b. Improvement or novel data collection on the amount of food loss and waste in sectors across the food supply chain (i.e., distribution, packaging, processing, retail, etc.) or in different commodity groups;
- c. Supply chain analysis of food loss and waste for individual commodity groups (i.e., if loss is prevented during harvest, what, if any is the impact for transportation or retail locations); and
- d. Effectiveness of national policies and programs (such as the Bill Emerson Good Samaritan Food Donation Act) in encouraging and facilitating donations of wholesome food, especially among large retailers.

Program Area Approaches:

- a. Research on improvement or efficacy of various food recovery models, including improvement of food and nutrition security for community members;
- b. Research on the drivers of food loss on farms, including the study of economic conditions or secondary markets that would facilitate a reduction in food loss;
- c. Evaluation of the efficacy of existing food recovery or food waste and loss reduction policies at the state or local level. Evaluation can include amount of food loss or waste reduced or diverted, changes in environmental impacts (such as greenhouse gases, soil carbon, etc.), or increases in food or nutrition security;
- d. Economic analysis of the presence of any rebound effect (i.e., unintended consequences) when food loss and waste is reduced; and

e. Facilitation or creation of regional hubs designed to engage excess food generators, businesses, processors, food recovery organizations, and hunger relief organizations to reduce food loss and waste and create new economic opportunities for surplus food.

Program Area Priority Additional Information:

- a. Requests exceeding budgetary guidelines will not be reviewed. Unless otherwise stated, grants are not renewable.
- b. Projects must reflect understanding of the multifaceted and interactive nature of research, education, and extension-outreach.
- c. Food recovery is the collection of wholesome food that would have otherwise left the human food supply chain and redistributing it to feed people.
- d. Projects that have novel or improved data collection, or other elements that aid in measuring progress toward our National FLW Goal are welcome.
- e. Applications from and collaborations with minority-serving institutions, small to midsized institutions, and/or institutions within the EPSCoR states are welcome in this program area priority. Projects with these types of partnerships or international partners can request up to an additional \$150,000 as specified in the key information table. See <u>Part II § E</u> for detailed eligibility restrictions.
- f. Leveraging artificial intelligence and data science methods not limited to data visualization, machine learning, natural language processing, or predictive decision making is welcome.

PART II. AWARD INFORMATION

A. Available Funding

This RFA is being released prior to the passage of a full appropriations act for FY 2025. Enactment of a continuing resolution, appropriations act, or other authorizing legislation may affect the availability or level of funding for this program.

The amount available for programs included in the FY 2025 AFRI Foundational and Applied Science (FAS) RFA is approximately \$300,000,000. Funding from FY 2026 appropriations will be used for the programs solicited in this RFA. The amount available to support the AFRI program is anticipated to be approximately \$407,000,000, of which \$300 million will be used to support AFRI FAS programs.

Of the total amount available to make awards for the AFRI program, no less than 30 percent will be made available to fund integrated research, education, and extension projects. Of the AFRI funds allocated to research activities, no less than 60 percent will be directed toward grants for fundamental (or basic) research and 40 percent toward grants for applied research. Of the AFRI funds allocated to fundamental research, not less than 30 percent will be directed toward research by multidisciplinary teams. It is expected that no less than 15 percent of the funds will be made available for Food and Agricultural Science Enhancement (FASE) Grants, and no more than two percent of the funds available for fundamental research will be made available for Equipment Grants (see <u>Part II § C</u> for information about FASE Grants including Equipment Grants).

Of the anticipated approximately \$300 million total available from FY 2026 appropriations to support the program areas in this RFA, no less than 11.25% will be made available for Strengthening grant types under the FASE program.

The funds will be awarded through a grant for performance periods of up to five years. NIFA may choose to issue a grant on a continuation basis. A continuation award is an award instrument by which NIFA agrees to support a specified level of effort for a predetermined period of time with a statement of intention to provide additional support at a future date, provided that performance has been satisfactory, appropriations are available for this purpose, and continued support would be in the best interest of the federal government and the public. USDA is not committed to fund any particular application or to make a specific number of awards.

The <u>Automated Standard Application for Payments</u>, operated by the Department of Treasury, Bureau of Fiscal Service, is the designated payment system for awards resulting from this RFA.

B. Application Restrictions

NIFA will evaluate applications using the criteria described in <u>*Part V*</u>. Application for FY 2025 is limited to the following application types:

- 1. *New application*: New applications will be evaluated using the criteria described in <u>*Part*</u> <u>*V*</u> and are subject to the due dates herein (see <u>*Appendix III*</u> for definition).
- 2. *Resubmitted application*: Resubmitted applications must include the <u>one-page</u> "Response to Previous Review" (see *Part IV § C*), regardless of whether they are resubmitted in sequential years or to the same program area priority as submitted previously, and are subject to the same criteria and due dates herein. Resubmitted applicants must enter the

NIFA-assigned proposal number of the previously submitted application in the *Federal Field (Field 4)* on the application form (see <u>Appendix III</u> for definition).

3. *Renewal application.* Renewal applications must contain the same information as required for new applications and must contain a *progress report*. The progress report must include the implementation of the data management plan (DMP) of the previously funded project. Renewal applications are subject to the same criteria and due dates herein. Applicants submitting a renewal application must enter the NIFA-assigned proposal number of the previously approved application in the *Federal Field (Field 4)* on the application form (see <u>Appendix III</u> for definition).

C. Project and Grant Types

The following describes the types of *projects* or *grants* that are eligible for funding:

- Project Types. Applicants must propose one of the AFRI project types specified within the relevant program area descriptions in <u>Part 1 § C</u>. Only project types specifically solicited under each program area or program area priority described in <u>Part 1 § C</u> will be considered for review. A detailed description of the project types (Research, Education, Extension, and Integrated Research, Education and/or Extension) available across all AFRI RFAs is in the "AFRI Project Types" PDF in the attachments list on the <u>AFRI RFA</u> <u>Resources page</u>.
- 2. Grant Types. Applicants must select the appropriate AFRI grant type specified within the relevant Program Area Descriptions in <u>Part 1 § C</u>. Only grant types specifically solicited under each program area or program area priority described in <u>Part 1 § C</u> will be considered for review. A detailed description of the grant types, including Standard Grants, Coordinated Agricultural Projects (CAP), Conference Grants, and FASE Grants (i.e., Strengthening Standard Grants, New Investigator Standard Grants, Requipment Grants, Strengthening Conference Grants, and Strengthening CAP Grants) available across all AFRI RFAs is in the "AFRI Grant Types" PDF in the attachments list on the AFRI RFA Resources page. Coordinated Agricultural Projects are not being solicited by this RFA in FY 2025.

D. Ethical Conduct of Funded Projects

In accordance with sections 2, 3, and 8 of 2 CFR Part 422, institutions that conduct USDAfunded extramural research must foster an atmosphere conducive to research integrity, bear primary responsibility for prevention and detection of research misconduct, and maintain and effectively communicate and train their staff regarding policies and procedures. In the event an application to NIFA results in an award, the Authorized Representative (AR) assures, through acceptance of the award that the institution will comply with the above requirements. Award recipients must, upon request, make available to NIFA the policies, procedures, and documentation to support the conduct of the training. See <u>Responsible and Ethical Conduct of Research</u> for further information.

E. Partnership Opportunities

Opportunity to request an additional \$150,000 for applications that include specific types of partnerships under the following program area priorities as specified in the key information tables in *Part I § C*: A1103, A1112, A1113, A1141, A1152, A1181, A1201, A1221, A1251,

A1261, A1332, A1343, A1344, A1364, A1401, A1411, A1451, A1511, A1521, A1531, A1541, A1551, A1641, A1651, and A1741. Only these program area priorities are offering this partnership opportunity. Partnership applications to other program area priorities not offering this opportunity will be considered to be exceeding the budget limitation. Applications exceeding the budget limitation will not be reviewed.

- 1. Applications that include significant collaboration with a) minority-serving degreegranting institutions that are not among the most successful universities and colleges for receiving Federal funds (see "Table 1 Most Successful Institutions" in the attachments list on the <u>AFRI RFA Resources page</u>); b) small and mid-sized degree-granting institutions that are not among the most successful universities and colleges for receiving Federal funds; c) degree-granting institutions eligible for USDA Established Program to Stimulate Competitive Research (EPSCoR) funding or State Agricultural Experiment Stations in EPSCoR states, and/or d) international partners will be funded up to \$150,000 above the listed budget maximum for non-partnership opportunity applications as specified in the key information table for the program area priority (e.g., up to \$800,000 for a \$650,000 listed regular application budget maximum).
- 2. Applications that include such partnerships must begin their title as **"PARTNERSHIP**: [full title...]" If a program area priority has title requirements, PARTNERSHIP should be added to the end of the required phrase (i.e., DSFAS PARTNERSHIP: [full title...]). The partnership team MUST BE reflected among the listed Project Director and Co-Project Director(s). In the case of international partners, the partnership team MUST BE reflected among the listed Co-investigator(s).
- 3. A minimum of \$150,000 of the budget MUST BE allocated to the institution(s) included as eligible partner(s), as indicated in E.1 above.
- 4. Standard grant applications meeting these partnership criteria are eligible, as well as Strengthening Standard grant applications partnering with any organization (i.e., Strengthening eligible institutions may apply as the lead institution).

NIFA is also partnering with Ireland and Northern Ireland under the U.S.-Ireland Research and Development Partnership to solicit collaborative research applications in the following program area priorities: A1112, A1201, A1221, A1231, A1251, A1261, A1366, A1401, A1402, A1414, A1451, A1531, and A1541. For more information about U.S.-Ireland Tripartite Collaborative grants, including FAQs about this opportunity, visit the <u>NIFA</u>, Ireland, and Northern Ireland partnership page.

Note: Applications submitted for U.S.-Ireland Tripartite Collaborative grants in A1112, A1201, A1221, A1251, A1261, A1401, A1451, A1531, and A1541 are ineligible for this partnership opportunity.

PART III. ELIGIBILITY INFORMATION

A. Eligibility Requirements

Applicants for AFRI must meet all the requirements discussed in this RFA. Failure to meet the eligibility criteria by the application deadline may result in exclusion from consideration or, preclude NIFA from making an award. For those new to Federal financial assistance, NIFA's <u>About Grants</u> provides highly recommended information about grants and other resources to help understand the Federal awards process.

Eligibility is linked to the project type as specified below.

1. Research, Education or Extension Projects

Eligible applicants for single-function Research, Education or Extension Projects include:

- a) State Agricultural Experiment Station;
- b) colleges and universities (including junior colleges offering associate degrees or higher);
- c) university research foundations;
- d) other research institutions and organizations;
- e) Federal agencies;
- f) national laboratories;
- g) private organizations or corporations;
- h) individuals who are U.S. citizens, nationals, or permanent residents; and
- i) any group consisting of two or more entities identified in a) through h).

Eligible institutions do not include foreign and international organizations.

2. Integrated Projects

Eligible applicants for Integrated Projects include:

- a) colleges and universities;
- b) 1994 Land-Grant Institutions; and
- c) Hispanic-serving agricultural colleges and universities (see <u>NIFA's Hispanic-</u> <u>Serving Agricultural Colleges and Universities page</u>).

For item a) under Integrated Projects, the terms "college" and "university" mean an educational institution in any state which

- a) admits as regular students only persons having a certificate of graduation from a school providing secondary education, or the recognized equivalent of such a certificate;
- b) is legally authorized within such state to provide a program of education beyond secondary education;
- c) provides an educational program for which a bachelor's degree or any other higher degree is awarded;
- d) is a public or other nonprofit institution; and
- e) is accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting agency or association.

A research foundation maintained by a college or university is eligible to receive an award under this program.

3. Food and Agricultural Science Enhancement Grants

<u>Part II § C.2</u> contains the eligibility details for Food and Agricultural Science Enhancement (FASE) Grants. Note that under the FASE program, New Investigator Standard, New Investigator Seed, Strengthening Standard, Strengthening Conference, Strengthening Seed, Equipment and Sabbatical Grants are solicited by specific program area priorities in this RFA. Not all grant types are solicited by every program area priority in this RFA and only grant types specifically solicited by each specific program area priority, as identified in the Program Area Descriptions of <u>Part I § C</u>, will be considered for review.

Applicants must respond to the program area priorities and deadlines found in <u>Part 1 § C</u>. Grant recipients may subcontract to organizations not eligible to apply provided such organizations are necessary for the conduct of the project. Failure to meet an eligibility criterion by the application deadline may result in the application being excluded from consideration or, even though an application may be reviewed, will preclude NIFA from making an award (see <u>Part III § B</u>).

Duplicate or Multiple Submissions – submission of duplicate or predominantly overlapping applications is not allowed. NIFA will disqualify both applications if an applicant submits multiple applications that are duplicative or substantially overlapping to NIFA programs within the same fiscal year.

B. Request for Determination of Status

1. Minority-Serving Institution

If an institution is applying for a Strengthening Grant (see <u>Part II § C.2</u>) and wants the Secretary to consider a group, beyond one included in the minority definition (see <u>Appendix III</u>), then documentation (see below) must be submitted as part of the full application package (<u>Part IV § C</u>) by the applicable program area or program area priority deadline. The Secretary of Agriculture (or designated individual) will use the information in the documentation to determine whether the group or groups identified are qualified as a minority group for the purpose of receiving a Strengthening Grant under the FASE program (for Strengthening Grants information, refer to the "AFRI Grant Types" PDF in the attachments list on the <u>AFRI RFA Resources page</u>).

Documentation for the request for determination as a minority-serving institution must include the following and be provided in the order specified below:

- a. A description of each minority group being submitted for determination;
- b. Data or studies supporting this group's designation as a minority group; and
- c. Data indicating that enrollment of the minority group(s) exceeds 50 percent of the total enrollment at the academic institution, including graduate and undergraduate and full-and part-time students.

2. Multi-Campus Institution

All institutions grouped under one main campus as listed in Table 1 following <u>Appendix</u> <u>III</u>, unless located in an Established Program to Stimulate Competitive Research (EPSCoR) state (listed in <u>Part II § C.2</u>), are excluded from eligibility for all strengthening

funds. However, if any campus within a multi-campus listing can provide information demonstrating that it is administratively independent or has an independent accreditation, then the institution may petition for an exemption to this rule and request eligibility for strengthening funds. The LOI (if required) and the application must include a letter indicating how the institution is independent of the main campus, either through accreditation or administration, how the institution is eligible as a small and mid-sized or minority-serving institution due to enrollment, and total federal funds received for science and engineering research and development. The letter must be signed by the Authorized Representative (AR).

C. Cost Sharing or Matching

Applicants MUST provide matching contributions on a dollar-for-dollar basis for all Federal funds awarded under AFRI for applied research grants or equipment grants unless a waiver applies. Matching funds requirements for AFRI programs included in this RFA may be found at 7 U.S.C. 3157 (b)(9) (A-C).

For Applied Research Grants:

Match Required –If an applied Research (see <u>Appendix III</u>) or Integrated Project with an applied research component, is commodity-specific and not of national scope, the grant recipient is required to match the USDA funds awarded on a dollar-for-dollar basis from non-federal sources with cash and/or in-kind contributions. (<u>7 U.S.C. 3157(9)C</u>)

1. Match not required – If the applied research or integrated project with an applied research component is not commodity specific or is national in scope, then no match is required.

For Equipment Grants:

Match Required – The amount of Federal funds provided may not exceed 50 percent of the cost of the equipment acquired using funds from the grant, or \$50,000, whichever is less. Grantees are required to match 100 percent of Federal funds awarded from non-Federal sources.

Match waiver - NIFA may waive all or part of the matching requirement if all three of the following criteria are met: first, application is from a college, university, or research foundation maintained by a college or university that ranks in the lowest one third of such colleges, universities, and research foundations on the basis of Federal research funds received (see "Table 2 Least Successful Institutions" in the attachments list on the <u>AFRI</u> <u>RFA Resources page</u>); second, the equipment to be acquired costs no more than \$25,000; and third, the equipment has multiple uses within a single research project or is usable in more than one research project. To be considered for this waiver, the budget justification (see <u>Part IV § C</u>) must include a letter signed by the institution's AR addressing the noted criteria.

D. Centers of Excellence

Pursuant to <u>Section 7214 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79)</u>, NIFA will recognize and prioritize COE applicants that carry out research, extension, and education activities that relate to the food and agricultural sciences. A COE is composed of one or more of the following entities that provide financial or in-kind support to the COE.

- 1. State agricultural experiment stations.
- 2. Colleges and universities.
- 3. University research foundations.
- 4. Other research institutions and organizations.
- 5. Federal agencies.
- 6. National laboratories.
- 7. Private organizations, foundations, or corporations.
- 8. Individuals; or
- 9. Any group consisting of two or more of the entities described in (1) through (8).

COE designation is available only for the **standard grant** and the **Coordinated Agricultural Project (CAP) grant** applications submitted to the program areas or program area priorities in the Foundational and Applied Science and Sustainable Agricultural Systems RFAs. Coordinated Agricultural Projects are not being solicited by this RFA in FY 2025. If applicable, *Part IV § C* contains additional requirements for COE consideration.

PART IV. APPLICATION AND SUBMISSION

A. Letter of Intent

If a program area or program area priority within this RFA **requires** a Letter of Intent (LOI), then a LOI is a prerequisite for submission of an application. Refer to the Program Area Descriptions beginning in <u>Part I § C</u> for LOI deadlines for a specific program area or program area priority. For detailed guidance on LOI submission, see "AFRI Letter of Intent Instructions" in the attachments list on the <u>AFRI RFA Resources page</u>.

B. Method of Application

Applicants must apply to this RFA electronically; no other method or response is accepted. The electronic application for this RFA and additional resources are available on <u>Grants.gov</u> and <u>Grants 101</u>. **Table 41** provides instructions on how to obtain an electronic application. **Part III** of the NIFA Grants Application Guide contains detailed information regarding the <u>Grants.gov</u> registration process. The NIFA Grants Application Guide can be found <u>here</u>. When applying for a NIFA award, it is important to reference the version of the guide that is included in the specific funding opportunity application package.

Steps	Action
Step One: Register	<i>New Users</i> to <u>Grants.gov</u> must register early with <u>Grants.gov</u> prior to submitting an application (<u>Register Here</u>).
Step Two: Download Adobe	Download and Install <u>Adobe Reader</u> (see <u>Adobe Software Compatibility</u> for basic system requirements).
Step Three: Find Application	Using this funding opportunity number USDA-NIFA-AFRI-, search for application here: <u>Opportunity Package</u> .
Step Four: Assess Readiness	Contact an AR prior to starting an application to assess the organization's readiness to submit an electronic application.

Table 41. Steps to Obtain Application Materials

Table 42: Help and Resources

Grants.gov Support	NIFA Support
Grants.gov Online Support	Email:
Telephone support: 800-518-4726 Toll-Free or 606-	grantapplicationquestions@usda.gov
545-5035	
Email support: <u>support@grants.gov</u>	Key Information: Business hours:
Self-service customer-based support: Grants.gov	Monday thru Friday, 7a.m. – 5p.m. ET,
iPortalgrantapplicationquestions@usda.gov	except <u>federal holidays</u>
Key Information: Customer service business Hours	
24/7, except <u>federal holidays</u> .	

C. Content and Form of the Application

The <u>NIFA Grants Application Guide</u> is part of the corresponding application package for this RFA. The RFA overrides the <u>NIFA Grants Application Guide</u> if there is a discrepancy between the two documents. Applicants that do not meet the application requirements, to include partial

applications, risk being excluded from NIFA's review. NIFA will assign a proposal number to all applications that meet the requirements of this RFA. Applicants must refer to the proposal number when corresponding with NIFA. **Table 43** outlines other key instructions for applicants.

Instruction	References (All references are to the Application Guide)
Attachments must be in a portable document format (PDF) format.	Part IV
Check the manifest of submitted files to verify attachments are in the correct format.	Part IV
Conduct an administrative review of the application before submission.	Part IV
Follow the submission instructions.	Part IV
Provide an accurate email address, where designated, on the SF-424 R&R.	Part V
Contact the <u>Grants.gov</u> helpdesk for technical support and keep a record of the correspondence.	N/A
Contact NIFA if applicant does not received correspondence from NIFA regarding an application within 30 days of the application deadline.	N/A

Table 43: Key Application Instructions

AFRI Specific Application Instructions. Application and submission information including page limits and narrative font sizes for AFRI Foundational and Applied Science RFA applications are available in the "FY 2025 Foundational and Applied Science RFA Additional Information for Part IV, C" PDF in the attachments list on the <u>AFRI RFA Resources page</u>. Page limits and detailed eligibility restrictions for each specific grant type can also be found in the "Grant Types" PDF in the attachments list on the <u>AFRI RFA Resources page</u>.

We recommend that you conduct an administrative review of the application before submission of it via Grants.gov to ensure that it complies with all preparation instructions. An application checklist is included in Part VII of the NIFA Grants.gov Application Guide to assist with this review.

You should check the application for completeness. The application should be checked for the following required items, which must include:

- 1. Project Summary/Abstract
- 2. Project Narrative
- 3. Bibliography & References Cited
- 4. Logic Model for Integrated Projects (if applicable)
- 5. Management Plan for Integrated Projects (if applicable)
- 6. Data Management Plan
- 7. Facilities & Other Resources
- 8. Curriculum Vitae
- 9. Conflict of Interest Lists
- 10. Current and Pending Support
- 11. Budget
- 12. Budget Justification

This is not an exhaustive list of required items; it only serves to highlight items that may be overlooked. Failure to include any of the three critical required documents of Project Summary/Abstract, Project Narrative, or Bibliography & References Cited sections as PDF attachment will result in the application not being reviewed or considered for funding by NIFA.

We send email correspondence to the AR regarding the status of submitted applications. We strongly encourage you to provide accurate email addresses, where designated, on the SF-424 R&R Application for Federal Assistance.

If the AR has not received correspondence from NIFA regarding a submitted application within 30 days of the established deadline, contact the Program Contact identified in <u>Part 1 § C</u> and request the proposal number assigned to the application. Failure to do so may result in the application not being considered for funding by the peer review panel. Once the application has been assigned a proposal number, you should cite this number on all future correspondence.

D. Funding Restrictions

Indirect costs are not permitted on Conference Grant awards.

For all other award types,

Indirect Cost (IDC) is not to exceed 30 percent of the recipient's Total Federal Funds Awarded (TFFA). <u>7 U.S.C. 3310</u> limits the recovery of IDC for the overall award to 30 percent of the TFFA under a research, education, or extension project. The maximum allowable IDC amount recoverable under the award, including the IDC charged by the sub-awardee(s), if any, is the lesser of the following and is determined by calculating the amount of IDC using:

- a. the sum of an institution's negotiated indirect cost rate and the indirect cost rate charged by sub-awardees, if any; or
- b. 30 percent of TFFA.

If the result of number one is the lesser of the two amounts, the grant recipient is allowed to charge the negotiated IDC rate on the prime award and the sub-award(s), if any. Any sub-awards would be subject to the sub-awardee's negotiated IDC rate. The sub-awardee may charge its negotiated IDC rate on its portion of the award, provided the sum of the IDC amount charged under the award by the prime awardee and the sub-awardee(s) does not exceed 30 percent of the TFFA.

If the result of number two is the lesser of the two amounts, then the maximum IDC allowed for the overall award, including any sub-award(s), is limited to 30 percent of the TFFA. That is, the IDC of the prime awardee plus the sum of the IDC charged by the sub-awardee(s), if any, may not exceed 30 percent of the TFFA.

In the event of an award, the prime awardee is responsible for ensuring the maximum indirect cost allowed for the award is not exceeded when combining IDC for the Federal portion (i.e., prime and sub-awardee(s)) and any applicable cost-sharing. Amounts exceeding the maximum allowable IDC are considered unallowable. See sections 408 and 410 of 2 CFR 200.

If the applicant does not have a negotiated rate and NIFA is the cognizant agency, the applicant may request an IDC rate. Applicants are not required to complete the IDC package during the application process and need only to calculate a rate to serve as a basis for requesting IDC. If awarded, the applicant will be required to submit a complete IDC proposal package to obtain a negotiated rate.

Organizations that do not have a current negotiated (including provisional) rate, may elect the de minimis rate (<u>2 CFR 200.414(f)</u>). The Uniform Guidance offers the option of electing to charge a de minimis rate of 15 percent of modified total indirect costs (MTDC) which may be used indefinitely. As described above and in <u>2 CFR 200.403</u>, costs must be charged consistently as either indirect or direct costs but may not be double charged or inconsistently charged as both. If elected, this methodology must be used consistently for all Federal awards until such time as a non-Federal entity chooses to negotiate for a rate, which it may do at any time.

See <u>NIFA Indirect Costs</u> for information including <u>additional resources</u> and <u>NIFA</u> <u>Indirect Cost Guidance Chart</u>.

Successful applicants must not use grant funds awarded under the authority of this RFA for the construction of a new building or facility or the acquisition, expansion, remodeling, or alteration of an existing building or facility (including site grading and improvement, and architect fees).

PART V. APPLICATION REVIEW REQUIREMENTS

A. NIFA's Evaluation Process

NIFA evaluates each application in a two-part process. First, we screen each application to ensure that it meets the administrative requirements set forth in this RFA. All administrative requirements must be met in order for the application to proceed to the next level of review. Second, a scientific peer-review process will be used to technically evaluate applications that have met the administrative requirements using a review panel (see <u>NIFA Peer Review</u> <u>Process</u>).

Scientific Peer Review Process:

NIFA selects reviewers for the review panel based upon their training and experience in relevant scientific, extension, or education fields, taking into account the following factors:

- 1. The level of relevant formal scientific, technical education, or extension experience of the individual, as well as the extent to which an individual is engaged in relevant research, education, or extension activities.
- 2. The need to include experts from various areas of specialization within relevant scientific, education, or extension fields.
- 3. The need to include other experts (e.g., producers, range or forest managers/operators, researchers, public health practitioners, educators, consumers, and commercial reviews) who can assess relevance of the applications to targeted audiences and to program needs.
- 4. The need to include experts from a variety of organizational types (e.g., colleges, universities, industry, state and Federal agencies, and private profit and non-profit organizations) and geographic locations.
- 5. The need to maintain a balanced composition with regard to race, ethnicity, gender representation, and an equitable age distribution.
- 6. The need to include reviewers who can judge the effective usefulness of each application to producers and the general public.

After each peer review panel has completed its deliberations, the responsible program staff of NIFA will recommend that your project is either approved for support from currently available funds or declined due to insufficient funds or unfavorable review.

NIFA reserves the right to negotiate with the PD/PI and/or the submitting organization or institution regarding project revisions (e.g., reductions in the scope of work, funding level, period, or method of support) prior to recommending any project for funding.

After the review process has been completed, NIFA sends copies of reviews, <u>not</u> including the identity of reviewers, and a summary (if applicable) of the review panel comments to the PD.

Conflicts of interest. NIFA takes extreme care to prevent any actual or perceived conflicts of interest that may influence the review or evaluation (see <u>NIFA Peer Review Process for</u> <u>Competitive Grant Applications</u>).

B. Evaluation Criteria

NIFA will use the following criteria to evaluate this RFA:

A reviewer's written evaluation entails two levels of assessment. First, the reviewer summarizes how well the application addressed each evaluation criterion. After the application has been assessed for strengths and weaknesses of each criterion, the reviewer then evaluates the overall likelihood that the project will have significant outcome and impact. The written reviews are used to begin panel discussions with other reviewers serving on the peer review panel. Through these discussions, peer review panelists come to consensus on the final ranking of the applications. A complete description of NIFA's peer review process can be found on the <u>NIFA</u> <u>Peer Review Process for Competitive Grant Applications page</u>.

Detailed evaluation criteria for each project type, grant type, and centers of excellence are found in the "AFRI Review Criteria" PDF in the attachments list on the <u>AFRI RFA Resources page</u>. We will use the appropriate evaluation criteria to review applications submitted in response to this RFA.

C. Centers of Excellence

In addition to evaluating applicants using the criterion listed in <u>Part V § B</u>, NIFA will use the COE standards described in this RFA to evaluate applicants that rank highly meritorious and requested to be considered as a COE. In instances where applicants are found to be equally meritorious with the application of a non-COE applicant, NIFA will prioritize the COE applicant meeting the COE criteria. NIFA will effectively use the COE prioritization as a "tie breaker." Applicants that rank highly meritorious but who did not request consideration as a COE or who are not deemed to have met the COE standards may still receive funding.

Applicants that meet the COE requirements will have the COE designation in their notice of award. Entities recognized as COE will maintain that distinction for the duration of their period of performance or as identified in the terms and conditions of that award.

D. Organizational Management Information

Applicants must submit specific management information prior to an award and update the information as needed. Applicants may only need to provide an update if there was a change in previously provided information under this or another NIFA program. NIFA provides the requisite forms during the pre-award process. Although an applicant may be eligible for award under this program, there are factors that may exclude an applicant from receiving federal financial and nonfinancial assistance and benefits under this program (e.g., debarment or suspension of an individual, or a determination that an applicant is not responsible).

E. Application Disposition

Applicants may withdraw at any time before NIFA makes a final funding decision. NIFA will retain all applications, including withdrawn applications and unfunded applications.

PART VI. AWARD ADMINISTRATION

A. General

Within the limit of funds authorized, the NIFA awarding official will make grants to responsible and eligible applicants whose applications are judged most meritorious under the procedures set forth in this RFA. The date specified by the NIFA awarding official as the effective date of the grant must be no later than September 30 of the federal fiscal year in which the project is approved for support and funds are appropriated for such purpose, unless otherwise permitted by law. The project need not be initiated on the grant effective date, but as soon thereafter as practical so that project goals may be attained within the funded project period. All funds granted by NIFA under this RFA may be used only for the purpose for which they are granted in accordance with the approved application and budget, regulations, terms and conditions of the award, applicable federal cost principles, USDA assistance regulations, and <u>NIFA General Awards Administration Provisions, 7 CFR Part 3430</u>, subparts A through E.

Award Notice. The award document will provide pertinent instructions and information as described in <u>2 CFR 200.211</u> (see <u>NIFA's Terms and Conditions</u>).

B. Administrative and National Policy Requirements

Several federal statutes and regulations apply to grant applications and the projects outlined in this RFA (some are listed here: <u>Federal Regulations</u>). Unless specifically noted by statue or award-specific requirements, <u>NIFA Policy Guide</u> applies to all NIFA awards.

PART VII. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Use of Funds and Changes in Budget

Delegation of fiscal responsibility. Unless the terms and conditions of the award state otherwise, awardees may not in whole or in part delegate or transfer to another person, institution, or organization the responsibility for use or expenditure of award funds.

Changes in Budget or Project Plans. In accordance with <u>2 CFR 200.308</u>, awardees must request prior approval from NIFA for the following program or budget-related reasons (the awardee is subject to the terms and conditions identified in the award):

- 1. Change in the scope or the objective of the project or program without prior written approval (even if there is no associated budget revision requiring).
- 2. Change in a key person specified in the application or the federal award.
- 3. Disengagement from the project for more than three months, or a 25 percent reduction in time devoted to the project.
- 4. Inclusion of costs that require prior approval in accordance with <u>2 CFR 200 Subpart E</u> (Cost Principles), or <u>45 CFR Part 75 Appendix IX</u>, (Principles for Determining Costs <u>Applicable to Research and Development under Awards and Contracts with Hospitals</u>), or <u>48 CFR</u>, unless waived by the federal awarding agency,
- 5. <u>48 CFR Part 31, Contract Cost Principles and Procedures;</u>
- 6. Transfer of funds budgeted for participant support costs to other categories of expense (2 CFR 200.456 Participant support costs);
- 7. Sub-awarding, transferring or contracting out of any work under a federal award, including fixed amount sub-awards (see <u>2 CFR 200.333</u>, Fixed Amount Sub-awards), unless described in the application and funded in the approved federal awards. This provision does not apply to the acquisition of supplies, material, equipment, or general support services.
- 8. Changes in the approved cost-sharing or matching provided by the non-federal entity; and
- 9. The need for additional federal funds to complete the project.

B. Confidential Aspects of Applications and Awards

When an application results in an award, it becomes a part of NIFA transaction records, which are available to the public. Information that the Secretary of Agriculture determines to be confidential, privileged, or proprietary in nature will be held in confidence to the extent permitted by law. Therefore, applicants should clearly mark any information within the application they wish to have considered as confidential, privileged, or proprietary. NIFA will retain a copy of an application that does not result in an award for three years. Such an application will be released only with the consent of the applicant or to the extent required by law. An applicant may withdraw at any time prior to the final action thereon.

C. Regulatory Information

This program is not subject to the provisions of Executive Order 12372, which requires intergovernmental consultation with state and local officials. Under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (<u>44 U.S.C. Chapter 35</u>), the collection of information requirements contained in this notice have been approved under <u>OMB Document No. 0524-0039</u>.

APPENDIX I: AGENCY CONTACT

AFRI Program Office: E-mail: <u>AFRI@usda.gov</u>

Dr. Dionne Toombs, Associate Director for Programs, National Institute of Food and Agriculture

Dr. Venu (Kal) Kalavacharla, Deputy Director, Institute of Food Production and Sustainability

Dr. Shoushan (Steve) Zeng, Acting Deputy Director, Institute of Food Safety and Nutrition

Dr. Rubella Goswami, Deputy Director, Institute of Youth, Family, and Community

Dr. Kevin Kephart, Deputy Director, Institute of Bioenergy, Climate, and Environment

Specific questions pertaining to technical matters may be directed to the appropriate Program Area Priority Contacts:

Program Area	Program Area Contacts
Plant Health and	Emmanuel Byamukama (605) 864-7808; emmanuel.byamukama@usda.gov
Production and	John Erickson (816) 283-6422; john.erickson@usda.gov
Plant Products	Victoria Finkenstadt (816) 520-8456; victoria.finkenstadt@usda.gov
	Erica Kistner-Thomas (816) 894-9283; erica.kistnerthomas@usda.gov
	Mathieu Ngouajio (202) 570-1915; mathieu.ngouajio@usda.gov
	Chris Philips, (216) 390-4211; christopher.philips@usda.gov
	Vance Owens (816) 283-6925; vance.owens@usda.gov
	Jessica Shade (831) 278-2073; jessica.shade@usda.gov
	Christian Tobias (610) 312-7619; christian.tobias@usda.gov
Animal Health	Kathe Bjork (816) 591-7415; kathe.e.bjork@usda.gov
and Production	Amber Campbell (816) 516-1608; amber.campbell@usda.gov
and Animal	Kamilah Grant (352) 805-8872; <u>kamilah.grant@usda.gov</u>
Products	Mark Mirando (202) 445-5575; mark.mirando@usda.gov
	Steven Smith (202) 445-5480; steven.i.smith@usda.gov
	Tim Sullivan (816) 527-5434; <u>timothy.sullivan@usda.gov</u>
	Angelica Van Goor (816) 584-5304; angelica.van.goor@usda.gov
Food Safety,	Hongda Chen (202) 445-5582; hongda.chen@usda.gov
Nutrition, and	Carinthia Cherry (816) 534-2276 or Carinthia.Cherry@usda.gov
Health	Kristopher Grimes (502)343-9259 or kristopher.grimes@usda.gov
	Junia Jean-Gilles Beaubrun, (301)852-1201 or
	Junia.Jean-GillesBeaubrun@usda.gov
	Mallory Koenings, (202) 604-1985 or mallory.koenings@usda.gov
	Jodi Williams, (202) 424-9722 or Jodi.Williams@usda.gov

Program Area Contacts

Program Area	Program Area Contacts
Bioenergy,	Carinthia Cherry (816) 534-2276 or Carinthia.Cherry@usda.gov
Natural	James Dobrowolski (202) 420-8918; james.dobrowolski@usda.gov
Resources, and	Victoria Finkenstadt (816) 520-8456; victoria.finkenstadt@usda.gov
Environment	Amy Ganguli (816) 642-0813; amy.ganguli@usda.gov
	Sandeep Kumar (816) 832-7235; sandeep.kumar@usda.gov
	Kaushlendra Tingi, (970) 657-6787; kaushlendra.tingi@usda.gov
	Adam Wilke (970) 829-6092; adam.wilke@usda.gov
	Diomides Zamora (202) 590-6049; diomides.zamora@usda.gov
Agriculture	Hongda Chen (202) 445-5582; hongda.chen@usda.gov
Systems and	James Dobrowolski (202) 420-8918; james.dobrowolski@usda.gov
Technology	Victoria Finkenstadt (816) 520-8456; victoria.finkenstadt@usda.gov
	Kelly Garbach (913) 574-7900; kelly.garbach@usda.gov
	Rachel Seman-Varner (850) 868-1184; rachel.seman-varner@usda.gov
	Gyami Shrestha (571) 202-2410; gyami.shrestha@usda.gov
	Steven Thomson (202) 603-1053; steven.j.thomson@usda.gov
Agriculture	
Economics and	Rachel Seman-Varner (850) 868-1184; rachel.seman-
Rural	varner@usda.govGyami Shrestha (571) 202-2410; gyami.shrestha@usda.gov
Communities	Charlotte Tuttle (612) 499-8966; <u>charlotte.tuttle@usda.gov</u>

Program Area	Program Area Contacts
Crosscutting	Emmanuel Byamukama (605) 864-7808; emmanuel.byamukama@usda.gov
Programs	Amber Campbell (816) 516-1608; amber.campbell@usda.gov
	Hongda Chen (202) 445-5582; hongda.chen@usda.gov
	Michelle Colby (202) 577-8815; michelle.colby@usda.gov
	James Dobrowolski (202) 420-8918; james.dobrowolski@usda.gov
	John Erickson (816) 283-6422; john.erickson@usda.gov
	Amer Fayad (816) 894-7228; amer.fayad@usda.gov
	Amy Ganguli (816) 642-0813; amy.ganguli@usda.gov
	Kristopher Grimes (502) 343-9259; kristopher.grimes@usda.gov
	Lydia Kaume (816) 642-4607; <u>lydia.kaume@usda.gov</u>
	Erica Kistner-Thomas (816) 894-9283; erica.kistnerthomas@usda.gov
	Mallory Koenings, (202) 604-1985 or mallory.koenings@usda.gov
	Sandeep Kumar (816) 832-7235; <u>sandeep.kumar@usda.gov</u>
	Bisoondat Macoon (601) 331-6023; <u>bisoondat.macoon@usda.gov</u>
	Mark Mirando (202) 445-5575; commodityboards@usda.gov
	Ashley Mueller (816) 412-7411; <u>ashley.mueller@usda.gov</u>
	Vijay Nandula (816) 894-7229; vijay.nandula@usda.gov
	Rachel Seman-Varner (850) 868-1184; rachel.seman-varner@usda.gov
	Jessica Shade (831) 278-2073; jessica.shade@usda.gov
	Gyami Shrestha (571) 202-2410; gyami.shrestha@usda.gov
	Maurice Smith (816) 518-1754; <u>maurice.smith2@usda.gov</u>
	Kaushlendra Tingi, (970) 657-6787; kaushlendra.tingi@usda.gov
	Steven Thomson (202) 603-1053; steven.j.thomson@usda.gov
	Charlotte Tuttle (612) 499-8966; <u>charlotte.tuttle@usda.gov</u>
	Angelica Van Goor (816) 584-5304; angelica.van.goor@usda.gov
	Diomides Zamora (202) 590-6049; diomides.zamora@usda.gov

For administrative questions related to

- 1. Grants.gov, see <u>Part IV</u>
- 2. Other RFA or application questions, please email grantapplicationquestions@usda.gov
- 3. Awards under this RFA, please email <u>awards@usda.gov</u>

U.S. Postal Mailing Address:

National Institute of Food and Agriculture U.S. Department of Agriculture P.O. Box 419205, MS 10000 Kansas City, MO 64141-6205

Courier/Package Delivery Address:

National Institute of Food and Agriculture United States Department of Agriculture 2312 East Bannister Road, MS 10000 Kansas City, MO 64141-3061

APPENDIX II: GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Glossary of Terms Agriculture and Food Research Initiative – AFRI Assistance Listing Number – ALN Authorized Representative - AR Agricultural Research, Extension, and Education Reform Act of 1998 - AREERA Coordinated Agricultural Project - CAP Centers of Excellence - COE Data Management Plan - DMP Established Program to Stimulate Competitive Research - EPSCoR Food and Agricultural Science Enhancement - FASE Indirect Costs - IDC National Institute of Food and Agriculture - NIFA Request for Application - RFA Research, Education, and Economics - REE United States Department of Agriculture - USDA

APPENDIX III: DEFINITIONS

Refer to <u>7 CFR 3430 Competitive and Noncompetitive Non-formula Federal Assistance</u> <u>Programs – General Award Administrative Provisions</u> for additional definitions.

Terms	Definitions
Applied Research	
	uncover practical ways in which new knowledge can be advanced to benefit
	individuals and society.
Continuation Award	An award instrument by which NIFA agrees to support a specified level of effort
	for a predetermined period of time with a statement of intention to provide
	additional support at a future date, provided that performance has been
	satisfactory, appropriations are available for this purpose, and continued support
	would be in the best interest of the federal government and the public.
Co-Project Director	Someone who could assume the project director's responsibilities if the project
	director steps out of that role prior to the completion of the project term. For
	those that do not meet these criteria they should use the terms co-investigator or
	co-collaborator.
Education Activity	Education activity or teaching activity means formal classroom instruction,
	laboratory instruction, and practicum experience in the food and agricultural
	sciences and other related matters such as faculty development, student
	recruitment and services, curriculum development, instructional materials and equipment, and innovative teaching methodologies.
Established Program	EPSCoR is a list of eligible states that are eligible for USDA EPSCoR funding
to Stimulate	which is determined every year by NIFA. This list includes states having a
Competitive Research	funding level no higher than the 38th percentile of all States based on a 3-year
	rolling average of AFRI funding levels, excluding FASE Strengthening funds
	granted to EPSCoR States and small-midsized and minority-serving degree-
	granting institutions. The current list is included in the "AFRI Grant Types" PDF
	in the attachments list on the AFRI RFA Resources page.
Extension Activity	Extension activity means an act or process that delivers science-based knowledge
	and informal educational programs to people, enabling them to make practical
	decisions.
Food and Agricultural	
Science Enhancement	capabilities of Project Directors, to help institutions develop competitive
Grants	scientific programs, and to attract new scientists into careers in high-priority
	areas of National need in agriculture, food, and environmental sciences. FASE
	awards may apply to any of the three agricultural knowledge components (i.e.,
	research, education, and extension). FASE awards include Pre- and Postdoctoral
Food Loss	Fellowships, New Investigator grants, and Strengthening grants.
FOOD LOSS	Food produced for human consumption that leaves the human food supply chain for any reason (and is not ultimately consumed by humans) between production
	up to, but not including, the retail sector.
Food Recovery	Collection of wholesome food that would have otherwise left the human food
	supply chain and redistributing it to feed people.

Torms	Definitions
Terms Food Waste	
Food waste	Food produced for human consumption that leaves the human food supply chain
	for any reason (and is not ultimately consumed by humans) at the retail, food
	service, or household sectors.
Fundamental Research	Fundamental research means research that (i) increases knowledge or
	understanding of the fundamental aspects of phenomena and has the potential for
	broad application; and (ii) has an effect on agriculture, food, nutrition, or the
	environment.
Limited Institutional	Limited institutional success means institutions that are not among the most
Success	successful universities and colleges for receiving Federal funds for science and
	engineering research. A list of successful institutions is provided in the "Table 2
	Least Successful Institutions" PDF in the attachments list on the AFRI RFA
	Resources page.
Matching	The process through which a grant recipient match awarded USDA funds with
	cash and in-kind contributions on a dollar-for-dollar basis. The matching funds
	must derive from non-Federal sources.
Minority	Minority means Alaskan Native, American Indian, Asian-American, African-
winnority	American, Hispanic American, Native Hawaiian, or Pacific Islander. The
	Secretary will determine on a case-by-case basis whether additional groups
	qualify under this definition, either at the Secretary of Agriculture's initiative, or
Min a nitra Stanzina	in response to a written request with supporting explanation.
Minority-Serving	Minority-Serving Institution means an accredited academic institution whose
Institution	enrollment of a single minority or a combination of minorities exceeds 50% of
	the total enrollment, including graduate and undergraduate and full- and part-time
	students. An institution in this instance is an organization that is independently
	accredited as determined by reference to the current version of the <i>Higher</i>
	Education Directory, published by Higher Education Publications, Inc., 6400
	Arlington Boulevard, Suite 648, Falls Church, Virginia 22042 (703-532-2300).
Multidisciplinary	A project on which investigators from two or more disciplines collaborate to
Project	
	integrate the biological, physical, chemical, or social sciences.
New Application	An application not previously submitted to a program.
Nutrition Security	Nutrition security means having consistent and equitable access to healthy, safe,
	affordable foods essential to optimal health and well-being.
Precision Nutrition	Nutrition tailored to different population subgroups based on the integration of
	data for that subgroup from several sources. These sources include data on
	dietary intake and food composition, genetics, epigenetics, microbiomes (gut
	health), cultural factors, physical activity, and health status.
Processed Food	A processed food is any food that has been physically, biologically, or chemically
	modified from its natural, raw state.
Project Director	The principal from a NIFA-funded organization, who is responsible for managing
	a grant project.
Renewal Application	A project application that seeks additional funding for a project beyond the
	period that was approved in an original or amended award.
Resubmitted	A project application that was previously submitted to a program, but the
Application	application was not funded.

Terms	Definitions
Resubmitted Renewal	A project application that requests additional funding for a project beyond the
Application	period that was approved in the original award. This is an application that had
	previously been submitted for renewal to but not funded.
Small and Mid-Sized	Academic institutions with a current total enrollment of 17,500 or less including
Institutions	graduate and undergraduate and full- and part-time students. An institution, in
	this instance, is an organization that possesses a significant degree of autonomy.
	Significant degree of autonomy is defined by being independently accredited as
	determined by reference to the current version of the Higher Education Directory,
	published by Higher Education Publications, Inc., 6400 Arlington Boulevard,
	Suite 648, Falls Church, Virginia 22042 (703-532-2300).
Strengthening Grants	Funds awarded to institutions eligible for FASE Grants to enhance institutional
	capacity, with the goal of leading to future funding in the project area, as well as
	strengthening the competitiveness of the investigator's research, education,
	and/or extension activities. Strengthening grants consist of Standard, Coordinated
	Agricultural Project and Conference Grant types as well as Seed Grants,
	Equipment Grants, and Sabbatical Grants.
Transdisciplinary	A team composed of investigators from multiple disciplines that cross boundaries
Team	using holistic approaches to address complex challenges that cannot be solved
USDA Established	using single-disciplinary approaches.
	EPSCoR States mean States which have been less successful in receiving funding
Program to Stimulate	from AFRI, having a funding level no higher than the 38th percentile of all States based on a 3-year average of AFRI funding levels, excluding FASE
Competitive Research States	Strengthening funds granted to state agricultural experiment stations and degree-
States	granting institutions in EPSCoR States and small, mid-sized, and minority-
	serving degree-granting institutions. The most recent list of USDA EPSCoR
	States is provided in the "AFRI Grant Types" PDF in the attachments list on the
	AFRI RFA Resources page.
L	<u>In the full for the public</u>

APPENDIX IV: OTHER AFRI RESOURCES

AFRI program information is available on the <u>NIFA AFRI website</u>. The following are among the materials available:

- 1. <u>Requests for Applications</u>
- 2. AFRI Annual Review
- 3. Frequently Asked Questions
- 4. Interagency Programs
- 5. AFRI RFA Resources
 - a. *Most Successful Universities and Colleges.* Any institution listed on this list, Most Successful Universities and Colleges Receiving Federals Funds, is not eligible for Strengthening Grants from the FASE program unless they are located in an EPSCoR state. See "Table 1 Most Successful Institutions" in the attachments list.
 - b. *Lowest One Third of Universities and Colleges Receiving Federal Funds.* The lowest one third of universities and colleges receiving Federal funds is used to determine eligibility for possible waiver of matching funds requirement for Equipment Grants (see "Table 2 Least Successful Institutions" in the attachments list).
 - c. *Flow Chart for Strengthening Grant Eligibility.* The Flow Chart for Strengthening Grant Eligibility will help to determine your eligibility to apply for strengthening grants (see "FASE Strengthening Grant Eligibility Flow Chart" in the attachments list).
- 6. AFRI Deadlines