

**NOTICE of FUNDING OPPORTUNITY**  
**Bureau of International Security and Nonproliferation – Office of**  
**Export Control Cooperation**  
**U.S. Department of State**

Announcement Type:	Cooperative Agreement
Funding Opportunity Title:	Advancing Strategic Trade Management in SE Asia
Funding Opportunity Number:	SFOP0009302
Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number:	19.901
Funding Amount:	\$1,481,481
Approximate Number of Awards:	3
Expected Period of Performance:	24 months
Key Dates:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Applications must be submitted by March 04, 2023 at 5:00 pm EST</li><li>2. Submit all questions by February 01, 2023 at 5:00 pm EST</li><li>3. Application review and selection expected in September 2023</li></ol>

**EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The Department of State’s Bureau of International Security and Nonproliferation, Office of Export Control Cooperation (ISN/ECC) is pleased to announce a new funding opportunity through this Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO). Under this NOFO, ISN/ECC seeks proposals to advance U.S. foreign policy and national security priorities by supporting initiatives that make decision-making structures and processes in fragile, conflict, or crisis-affected contexts more reflective of and responsive to the needs and perspectives of partner states to ensure strategic trade control systems meet international standards and by engaging on bilateral, regional and multilateral levels with foreign governments to aid in the establishment of independent capabilities to regulate transfers of weapons of mass destruction, WMD-related items, conventional arms, and related dual-use items, and to detect, interdict, investigate, and prosecute illicit transfers of such items.

ISN/ECC invites U.S. non-profit organizations, Domestic & Foreign For-Profit Organizations (must waive fee/profit), U.S. and foreign educational institutions,

international NGOs, and Public International Organizations to submit cooperative agreement proposals. ISN/ECC has approximately \$1,481,481 available to fund this NOFO.

Organizations that submit an application in response to this NOFO announcement acknowledge and accept all the requirements contained herein. The submission in response to this announcement is voluntary and does not obligate the Department of State to fund the proposal or proposal preparation costs. Please note: Receipt of this NOFO requesting a full application should not be construed as a guarantee of funding. All awards are subject to the availability of funds and the negotiation and finalization of the approved budget and award package.

Cooperative Agreement(s) not-to-exceed the amount of \$1,481,481 in FY 2022/2023 Nonproliferation, Antiterrorism, Demining, and Related Programs (NADR-EXBS) funding may be awarded under this NOFO with individual award ceilings identified under each line of effort. The initial period of performance will be for 24 months. Funding authority rests in the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended. All applicants should be familiar with 2 CFR Part 200 and 600.

Applicants should review all the terms and conditions and required certifications which will apply to this award before submitting an application to ensure that they will be able to comply. These include:

- 2 CFR 25 - UNIVERSAL IDENTIFIER AND SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT
- 2 CFR 170 - REPORTING SUBAWARD AND EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION INFORMATION
- 2 CFR 175 - AWARD TERM FOR TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS
- 2 CFR 182 - GOVERNMENTWIDE REQUIREMENTS FOR DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE (FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE)
- 2 CFR 183 - NEVER CONTRACT WITH THE ENEMY
- 2 CFR 600 – DEPARTMENT OF STATE REQUIREMENTS

In accordance with the Office of Management and Budget's guidance located at 2 CFR part 200, all applicable Federal laws, and relevant Executive guidance, the Department of State will review and consider applications for funding, as applicable to specific programs, pursuant to this notice of funding opportunity in accordance with the following:

- Guidance for Grants and Agreements in Title 2 of the Code of Federal Regulations (2 CFR), as updated in the Federal Register’s 85 FR 49506 on August 13, 2020, particularly on:
  - Selecting recipients most likely to be successful in delivering results based on the program objectives through an objective process of evaluating Federal award applications (2 CFR part 200.205),
  - Prohibiting the purchase of certain telecommunication and video surveillance services or equipment in alignment with section 889 of the National Defense Authorization Act of 2019 (Pub. L. No. 115—232) (2 CFR part 200.216),
  - Promoting the freedom of speech and religious liberty in alignment with *Promoting Free Speech and Religious Liberty* (E.O. 13798) and *Improving Free Inquiry, Transparency, and Accountability at Colleges and Universities* (E.O. 13864) (§§ 200.300, 200.303, 200.339, and 200.341),
  - Providing a preference, to the extent permitted by law, to maximize use of goods, products, and materials produced in the United States (2 CFR part 200.322), and
  - Terminating agreements in whole or in part to the greatest extent authorized by law, if an award no longer effectuates the program goals or agency priorities (2 CFR part 200.340).

In accordance with the Executive Order on Advancing Racial Equity and Underserved Communities, proposals should demonstrate how the program advances equity with respect to race, ethnicity, religion, income, geography, gender identity, sexual orientation, and disability. The proposal should also demonstrate how the program will further engagement in underserved communities and with individuals from underserved communities. Proposals should demonstrate how addressing racial equity and underserved communities will enhance the program’s goals and objectives, as well as the experience of participants.

The support of underserved communities will be part of the review criteria for this opportunity. Therefore, proposals should clearly demonstrate how the program will support and advance equity and engage underserved communities in program administration, design, and implementation.

Due to the determination made under the Trafficking Victims Protection Act (TVPA) for FY 2021, assistance that benefits the governments of the following countries may be subject to a restriction under the TVPA. The Department of State determines on a case-by-case basis what constitutes assistance to a government; the general principles listed below apply.

Assistance to the government includes:

- All branches of government (executive, legislative, judicial) at all levels (national, regional, local);
- Public schools, universities, hospitals, and state-owned enterprises, as well as government employees;
- Training, equipment, services, or other assistance provided directly to the government, assistance provided to an NGO or other implementer for the benefit of the government, and assistance to government employees.

Applications that do not meet the eligibility criteria and do not contain all required information will not be considered.

## **A. BACKGROUND & PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

ISN/ECC administers the Export Control and Related Border Security (EXBS) Program. The EXBS Program Mission is to enhance U.S. national security by preventing proliferation of WMD and illicit trade in conventional weapons, and to strengthen partner countries' capabilities to comply with international strategic trade control norms and enforcement best practices. EXBS trains border security personnel and law enforcement officials to detect, interdict, investigate, and prosecute illicit transfers of conventional weapons and to ensure that international ports of entry have adequate equipment to screen suspicious cargo. EXBS also assists partner countries in the establishment of independent strategic trade control authorities to regulate transfers of technologies and material that could be used for WMD, related delivery systems, or advanced conventional weapons. To strengthen compliance with international strategic trade control norms and U.N. sanctions resolutions, EXBS also conducts outreach to the private sector to help industry better understand its nonproliferation obligations.

The purpose of this NOFO is to strengthen development and implementation of legal regulatory frameworks that regulate trade and transfers of goods, technologies, materials, and expertise that could be used for WMD, related delivery systems, or advanced conventional weapons in Cambodia, Laos, Philippines, Thailand, and Vietnam. Further, this NOFO will protect sensitive and emerging technologies from exploitation, especially semiconductors and related supply chains in the Philippines and Vietnam.

### **PROPOSED WORK**

EXBS requires a series of legal/regulatory, technical consultations, and associated events to assist the Governments of Cambodia, Laos, Philippines, Thailand, and Vietnam to develop strategic trade management (STM) legal regulatory foundations, licensing processes, industry outreach mechanisms, enforcement capabilities, interagency

coordination, and/or intra-regional collaboration. In addition, EXBS proposes to strengthen technology control policies with partners in the Philippines and Vietnam. The grantee will share international and regional best practices, techniques, protocols, and processes in these areas; draw upon national, regional, and international case studies, as well as their own implementation experience; draw from resources provided by the multilateral export control regimes; and provide illustrative models of relevant national STM systems that partners can emulate in developing their own. The experts engaged under this project will expose partner governments to a diverse array of viewpoints that incorporate inputs from other governments and regional/international organizations.

Successful proposals will emphasize advocacy of international (global and not region-specific) standards for STM, licensing, industry outreach, and enforcement, including best practices for controlling all licensable items; catch-all provisions for those items not covered by a control list, but destined for WMD or military end-uses or end-users of concern; controls over deemed exports, intangible transfers of technology, brokering, and exploitative technology acquisition; among others.

ISN/ECC seeks applicants that have the capability to provide both in-person and distance learning engagements, with in-person engagements preferred. Virtual engagement can take various forms e.g., one-on-one meetings, small group consultations, webinars, and video conferences, among others. EXBS seeks partners with a proven ability to manage and report on multiple sources of funding simultaneously as part of one project.

See more information and requirements for each country below.

**Line of Effort #1: STC Strengthening in Cambodia, Laos, and Thailand**  
**Approximate amount available \$429,630**

**1) Cambodia**

Cambodia is exposed to proliferation risks due to its strategic location in Southeast Asia and is vulnerable to the transit and transshipment of illicit goods. Although Cambodia is not an exporter of nor is known to produce any dual-use or proliferation-sensitive-commodities, its proximity to other countries with developed strategic industries creates a potential proliferation risk. Moreover, the large surplus of arms and land mine fields from Cambodia's civil war could potentially impact the illegal arms market.

The Government of Cambodia (GoC) recognizes this risk and endeavors to establish a STM system that addresses the security challenges associated with dual-use trade and reduces the likelihood of irresponsible transfers of military goods. EXBS will partner with the GoC to establish an Interagency Working Group (IWG) among the government

agencies responsible for STM to consolidate existing authorities and develop a comprehensive STM law for Cambodia. EXBS therefore requires 1) a series of legal/regulatory and technical consultations to assist the IWG to draft and begin implementation of a roadmap for new STM legislation and its implementing regulations; 2) a Senior Officials Dialogue (SOD) to kick-off the IWG and clarify its value; and 3) a regional International Visitor's Program (IVP) to highlight successful regional models of STM.

These activities will build on previous STM legal regulatory engagements conducted in 2021-2022 that analysed existing authorities and provided recommendations to address gaps.

### **Deliverables/Activities**

ISN/ECC envisions the grantee will:

- a) Provide legal regulatory consultations to the GoC to facilitate development and begin implementation of a roadmap for the adoption of STM legislation and implementing regulations. To this end, the grantee will engage a subject matter expert (SME) with demonstrated recent experience advising the GoC on STM, including a review of existing authorities and drafting recommendations to establish a STM system. This SME will have significant experience working with the EXBS program and advising foreign governments on strategic trade legal regulatory foundations. The grantee will provide logistics support to the SME to perform the following tasks:
  - i) Maintain regular contact with the IWG (at least quarterly consultations with two per year in person and lasting three days).
  - ii) Develop a clear implementation roadmap for adoption of STM legislation, in consultation with the IWG, with defined milestones and deliverables harmonized with Cambodia's legislative process.
  - iii) Consult with the IWG on development of a STM system appropriate to the Cambodian context and provide analysis, recommendations, and guidance on issues such as national control lists, transit and transshipment controls, foreign direct investment (FDI) screening, catch-all, brokering, technology transfers, industry outreach, licensing and enforcement matters.
  - iv) Ensure that GoC understands the context of any proposed legislative measures so that they can fully meet international standards and best practices.
- b) Organize a one-day SOD in-person kick-off event in Cambodia. The SOD will include senior Cambodian officials, U.S. Embassy personnel, EXBS representatives, and the SME to highlight the mission of the IWG. Logistical

arrangements will include venue rental, A/V support, translation of materials, interpretation, and catering for up to 25 people.

- c) Provide logistics support and organize, in consultation with EXBS, a one-week regional IVP to Malaysia and the Philippines for four senior GoC representatives from the interagency to examine successful regional examples of STM. The visit should include two full days of substantive meetings, site tours, and consultations in each location, plus travel time. The implementers will be required to provide ground transportation for in-country meetings and airport transfers, and interpretation during meetings. The implementer will also arrange for international airfare, accommodations, and per diem for all Cambodian travelers.

## **2) Laos**

Laos is neither an exporter nor a producer of dual-use or proliferation-sensitive-commodities; however, its proximity to other countries with developed strategic industries creates a potential proliferation risk. Laos is a landlocked country strategically located in SE Asia in the heart of the Greater Mekong Region. Laos aims to capitalize on its geography, abundant natural resources, and growing transportation infrastructure to position itself as a regional logistics hub. The Government of Laos (GoL) has developed special economic zones (SEZ) with tax incentives to attract foreign investors and stimulate its economy. These drivers of economic activity and strategic location present risks for illicit smuggling in and through these zones and the region.

The GoL recognizes this risk and is poised to pass a decree to control trade in dual-use goods. A GoL interagency working group is spearheading this effort with support from the EU Partner-to-Partner (P2P) Programme. EXBS seeks to complement the work of the GoL and EUP2P and will coordinate execution of the roadmap with them. EXBS, therefore, requires 1) a series of legal/regulatory and technical consultations to assist the GoL to implement new STM legislation; and 2) a series of workshops to assist in the development of STC-related capabilities, such as industry outreach, enforcement, and licensing.

### **Deliverables/Activities**

ISN/ECC envisions the grantee will:

- a) Provide legal regulatory consultations to the GoL. The grantee will engage SMEs with experience developing STM systems in SE Asia. The SMEs will have experience working with the EXBS program and assisting foreign governments to develop STM in such areas as transit and transshipment controls, licensing, control lists, STM enforcement, and interagency and international coordination.

The grantee will provide logistics support to the SME in support of the following tasks:

- i) Maintain regular contact with the GoL (at least quarterly consultations, three of which should be in person and of at least three days in duration).
  - ii) Mentor GoL officials on practical implementation of strategic trade controls appropriate to the Lao context and provide analysis, recommendations, and guidance on topics such as national control lists, transit and transshipment controls, brokering, technology transfers, licensing and enforcement matters.
  - iii) Advocate for steps necessary to build and maintain effective trade controls on proliferation sensitive items particularly as they relate to transit and transshipment.
  - iv) The SME will ensure that GoL understands the context of any proposed regulations or implementing mechanisms so that they can fully meet international standards and best practices.
- b) Provide logistics support and organize, in consultation with EXBS, two three-day in-person workshops in Laos to develop STM capabilities. Workshop topics will be determined in consultation with EXBS and will be complementary to the EUP2P roadmap. For planning purposes, implementers should assume providing interpretation, material translation and printing, venue rental and A/V support, and catering for up to 20 local participants, two SMEs, and five EXBS/U.S. Embassy personnel.

### **3) Thailand**

Thailand is a regional shipping hub in SE Asia with a deep seaport in Laem Chabang, international airports in Bangkok, and position as a major transit/transshipment hub for land-based and riverine trade with Mekong countries. Such hubs make transshipment trade particularly vulnerable to the diversion of sensitive items to unlawful purposes. Thailand is also a growing producer of dual-use chemical, biological, radiological/nuclear research and electronics manufacturing, including semiconductors.

In January 2020, Thailand's Countering Weapons of Mass Destruction (TCWMD) Act ("the Act"), came into force. While the Act regulates trade in strategic items (military goods, radioactive materials, hazardous items, and other dual-use items) and aims to prevent the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction (WMD), it remains largely unenforced. The lead agency for the TCWMD Act, the Department of Foreign Trade (DFT) relies upon industry's self-regulation through internal compliance programs and, to a lesser extent, on catch-all controls as its primary implementation mechanisms.

EXBS requires a series of legal/regulatory and technical consultations to expand implementation of TCWMD in such areas as development of licensing procedures, industry outreach to strengthen ICPs, incorporation of proliferation risk review criteria in trade licensing processes, and trade risk analysis, among others.

These activities will build on previous EXBS engagements of legal/regulatory and practical implementation matters.

### **Deliverables/Activities**

ISN/ECC envisions the grantee will:

- a) Provide legal regulatory consultations to the Government of Thailand (GoT). The grantee will engage SMEs with demonstrated recent experience advising the GoT on STM, including review of existing authorities and drafting recommendations to expand implementation of their STM system. The SMEs will have significant experience working with the EXBS program and advising foreign governments on strategic trade legal regulatory foundations. The grantee will provide logistics support to the SMEs in support of the following tasks:
  - i) Maintain regular contact with the DFT and other Thai interagency stakeholders (at least quarterly consultations, two of which are in person and lasting three days onsite).
  - ii) The SMEs will mentor the GoT on its current focus on industry compliance programs and catch-all-controls, while encouraging expanded enforcement of TCWMD through development of licensing requirements, procedures and practices; expanding the scope of regulation to include all items on the EU control list; regular meetings of the TCWMD Committee; and consultations with the Thai interagency to clarify members' roles in regulating dual-use items, and industry outreach, among others.
  - iii) The SME will ensure that GoT understands the context of any proposed legislative measures so that they can fully meet international standards and best practices.
  - iv) The SMEs will conduct a sectoral risk analysis to identify which companies are most vulnerable to TCWMD and sanctions violations and engage with industry on how to meet the law's requirements and avoid sanctions violations.

### **Line of Effort #2: STC Strengthening in Philippines**

**Approximate amount available \$543,210**

The Philippines is a maritime transit/transshipment hub for legitimate commercial and illicit goods and has a growing strategic goods industry sector. The semiconductor and electronics industry manufactures 62% of Philippine exports, has more than 500 active companies, and employs 3.2 million people. The country's archipelagic geography makes

it difficult to police and monitor its maritime borders. The porous nature of the Philippines (with over 7,000 islands), proximity to other countries struggling with potential proliferation issues, growing strategic goods sector, and active terrorist and militant groups, particularly in the south, make the Philippines high-risk for proliferation activities.

The Government of the Philippines (GoP) is working to fully implement the Strategic Trade Management Act (STMA) and adopt related legislation and implementing regulations regarding counterproliferation finance and FDI screening. EXBS proposes to support these efforts and engage the Philippines to refine and share best practices and information related to combatting exploitative technology acquisition through export controls and investment screening. Legal regulatory consultations would enhance implementing regulations and enforcement of Philippines' Technology Transfer Act, which establishes intangible technology transfer (ITT) controls and IP protection measures. These and other legal regulatory developments require ongoing technical consultations from EXBS SMEs to ensure the drafters have the necessary technical reach back to fully implement the STMA and related legislation. EXBS requires: 1) a series of legal/regulatory and technical consultations to assist the Strategic Trade Management Office (STMO) to advance the STMA and related legislation; 2) SOD(s) to socialize legislation with key decisionmakers; and 3) joint industry outreach event(s) with Philippine industry and government stakeholders.

These activities will build on previous engagements of legal/regulatory and practical implementation conducted since 2017.

### **Deliverables/Activities**

ISN/ECC envisions the grantee will:

- a) Provide legal regulatory consultations to the GoP. The grantee will engage subject matter experts (SME) with demonstrated recent experience advising the GoP on STM, including review of existing authorities and drafting recommendations to fully implement STMA. The SMEs will have significant experience working with the EXBS program and advising foreign governments on strategic trade legal regulatory foundations. The grantee will provide logistics support to the SME in support of the following tasks.
  - i) Provide technical reach back support as required by the STMO and EXBS (at least quarterly in person consultations lasting at least three days each, supported by follow-up meetings online as required).
  - ii) Mentor Philippine officials on practical implementation of strategic trade controls, intangible technology transfers, deemed exports, intellectual property

protection, proliferation finance countermeasures, and FDI screening and provide analysis, recommendations, and guidance on national control lists, transit and transshipment controls, catch-all controls, brokering, technology transfers, industry outreach, licensing and enforcement matters, among others.

- iii) Provide technical consultations to the GoP to facilitate passage of impending counterproliferation finance legislation, and development of implementing regulations for FDI screening. Advocate for steps necessary to build and maintain effective financial and banking controls on proliferation sensitive items and FDI screening measures.
  - iv) The SME will ensure that GoP understands the context of any proposed legislative measures so that they can fully meet international standards and best practices.
- b) Organize at least two, one-day SOD in-person events in the Philippines. The SOD will include senior Philippines officials, U.S. Embassy personnel, EXBS representatives, and SMEs to exchange views on the value of STM and related legislation. Venue, A/V support, translation, interpretation, and catering will be required for up to 30 people.
  - c) Organize at least one Joint Industry Outreach event for the Philippine semiconductor industry inviting both Philippine government and private sector representatives. This three-day event in the Philippines will attract up to 100 participants and will raise awareness of the Philippine Technology Transfer Act and focus on best practices in intangible technology controls, IP protection measures, and closing potential loopholes for illicit access to leading-edge technology, among others. The grantee will work with EXBS, SMEs, and local stakeholders, including business associations as appropriate, to develop an agenda that is responsive to the Philippine context. The grantee is expected to provide comprehensive logistical support, including booking the workshop venue and lodging, arranging participant travel for up to 20 participants not local to the chosen city, making onsite logistical arrangements, communicating with participants and speakers in support of workshop attendance, and on-site conference support to the ISN/ECC team, participants, and presenters.

**Line of Effort #3: STC Strengthening in Vietnam**

**Approximate amount available \$395,062**

Vietnam presents proliferation risks given its lack of a STM system compounded by its growing status as a regional transit-transshipment hub for proliferation-sensitive items and producer of dual-use/strategic goods and technologies, including semiconductors. Large multinational corporations are investing heavily in Vietnam's semiconductor

production capacity, as the country strengthens its design, fabrication, assembly, and testing capabilities. Vietnam has expressed interest in regulating strategic trade under legislation for prevention of WMD currently in development under the Ministry of National Defense (MND). To support this effort, EXBS has developed a legal regulatory roadmap in partnership with MND to provide clear milestones for passage of such legislation.

EXBS requires a series of legal/regulatory and technical consultations to assist the MND to draft new WMD prevention legislation. These activities will build on previous STC legal regulatory engagements conducted in 2021-2022 that analysed existing authorities and provided recommendations and a roadmap to develop new legislation. EXBS requires 1) a series of legal/regulatory and technical consultations to assist MND to refine and implement the roadmap and draft WMD prevention legislation; and 2) a subaward to a Vietnamese nongovernmental organization to support legal drafting and review. Consultations may also touch on intellectual property (IP) protection to ensure appropriate safeguarding of sensitive technologies.

### **Deliverables/Activities**

ISN/ECC envisions the grantee will:

- i) Provide legal regulatory consultations to the Government of Vietnam (GoV). The grantee will engage SMEs with demonstrated recent experience advising the GoV on STM, including review of existing authorities and drafting recommendations to establish a STM system. The SMEs will have significant experience working with the EXBS program and advising foreign governments on strategic trade legal regulatory foundations. The grantee will provide logistics support to the SME in support of the following tasks.
  - i) Maintain regular contact with the MND and other GoV stakeholders (at least quarterly in person consultations lasting up to two weeks each, supported by follow-up meetings online as required).
  - ii) The SME will continue to refine the implementation roadmap in consultation with MND for development and passage of WMD prevention legislation that is appropriate for the Vietnam context.
  - iii) The SME will provide guidance on issues such as national control lists, transit and transshipment controls, FDI screening, catch-all, brokering, technology transfers, industry outreach, IP protection measures, licensing, enforcement matters, and other topics of interest to MND.
  - iv) The SME will ensure that GoV understands the context of any proposed legislative measures so that they can fully meet international standards and best practices.
- b) Provide a subaward to a Vietnamese nongovernmental organization to support legal drafting and review of the legislation. For planning purposes, assume the sub-award will not exceed \$80,000. The

implementer will be responsible for sub-award monitoring to ensure compliance with 2 CFR 200.

### **Goals and Objectives**

ISN/ECC expects that the Activities and Outcomes of this Award will work towards the following ISN Goals and EXBS Program Objectives:

#### ISN Goals

- Prevent and Respond to Proliferation of WMD, Missiles, and Destabilizing Conventional Weapons and Technologies
  - Disrupt or Deter Proliferation by State or Non-State Actors that Threaten International Security
  - Strengthen Other States' Capabilities to Counter Proliferation
  - Strengthen the Multilateral Export Control Regimes and Promote Global Nonproliferation Action
- Promote Diversity, Equity, Inclusion, and Accessibility in Bureau Operations and Programs

#### EXBS Objectives – Strategic Trade Management

- Increase the number of countries that have adopted strategic trade controls legislation, including penalties
- Increase the number of countries that have implemented control lists
- Increase mechanisms for partner industry outreach
- Improve capacity for trade compliance enforcement, investigations, and prosecutions
- Strengthen partner sanctions implementation, including counter proliferation finance measures
- Improve partner regulation of transit and transshipment of dual-use goods and sensitive technology
- Improve partner inter-agency coordination and information sharing

Additionally, ISN/ECC expects the implementer will coordinate closely with the Program Manager and Regional Advisor prior to contacting partner country governments. Keep locally employed EXBS program coordinators apprised of all in country activity so that they can assist with coordination with host government officials and participants. The implementer must coordinate with the advisor on the timing of each in-country event.

## **Indicators**

Application proposals must include well-designed indicators that can be used to monitor project progress and measure actual results to assist ISN/ECC assess the success and impact of activities and project outcomes, as well as facilitate effective monitoring and evaluation.

## **Substantial Involvement**

ISN/ECC expects to be substantially involved during implementation of the program. Examples of substantial involvement may include, but are not limited to the following: ISN/ECC expects to be substantially involved during the implementation of the program. Examples of substantial involvement may include, but is not limited to the following:

1. Reviewing and approving the engagement outline, draft agenda, and a list of supplemental materials.
2. Reviewing and approving draft course content and any proposed revisions.
3. Reviewing and approving list of proposed participating.
4. Reviewing and approving the scheduling and related logistical arrangements for each engagement.
5. Reviewing and approving all final training materials prior to submission.

## **Risk Assessment**

Proposals must include a risk assessment and a plan for monitoring and mitigating the risks identified. Risks to project implementation may include a variety of political, environmental, and other factors. A few examples include outbreak of violent conflict, elections that change government partners, cybersecurity / hacking, misuse of personally identifiable information (PII), and diversion of financial or non-financial support to prohibited parties (terrorist financing).

The assessment should also identify risks to staff, implementers, participants, beneficiaries, or their communities. Besides political and environmental factors, risks may include online or in-person potential physical, social, psychological, economic, and/or reputational backlash to beneficiaries as a result of their participation. The proposal should include a participatory needs assessment and explain how its implementers will engage with local actors throughout its lifecycle. Strong proposals will also describe strategies to sustain the activities beyond ISN/ECC funding, or alternatively, how applicants will co-design a responsible exit strategy with local partners and in consultation with beneficiaries.

## **Action Plan**

The Recipient shall submit to ISN/ECC within 30 days of award a draft action plan that includes a description of planned activities and projected timeframes for accomplishing them. ISN/ECC will review the plan in consultation with appropriate U.S. government and partner country officials, then provide feedback to the Recipient detailing necessary revisions/adjustments to the plan.

The Recipient shall revise the plan in accordance with ISN/ECC feedback and provide to ISN/ECC within 15 working days of receiving that feedback.

## **In-Country Consultations and Training**

The Recipient shall consult with the Grants Officer Representative (GOR) and the Program Manager prior to engaging in any consultations with foreign experts, U.S. Government multilateral/international organizations, or EXBS partner government officials.

## **Logistics**

The Recipient will be responsible for making, and paying for, all arrangements (e.g., airline travel, airport transfers, ground transport, lodging, meals, incidentals, travelers' insurance) to undertake activities pursuant to this cooperative agreement. Similarly, the Recipient shall facilitate interactions conducted by telephone, email, videoconferencing, and/or other electronic media.

## **Government-Furnished Information (GFI)**

ISN/ECC can provide a limited amount of GFI as part of the project if it is determined to be critical towards the success of the project but expects that the Recipient of the Award will utilize publicly available information to create project-related materials.

For additional information on ISN/ECC and the EXBS program, please visit:

<https://www.state.gov/export-control-and-related-border-security-program/>

## **B. FEDERAL AWARD INFORMATION**

### **1. Available Funding and Legislative Authority**

The source of this funding is Nonproliferation, Anti-terrorism, Demining, and Related Programs-EXBS. Final award is contingent upon the availability of funds.

## 2. Summary of Award Information

Type of Award:	Cooperative Agreement
Appropriated Fiscal Year of Funds:	FY 22/23 Foreign Assistance Act
Approximate Total Funding:	\$1,481,481
Approximate Number of Awards:	3
Anticipated Award Date:	September 2023
Anticipated Project Completion Date:	24 months from start

## 3. Deadline

Deadline for Applications:	March 04, 2023 at 5:00 PM EST
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## C. ELIGIBILITY INFORMATION

Applicants should be knowledgeable of existing strategic trade control programs and best practices, including programs funded by the U.S. Government in this area, and current international trends and developments, in order to capitalize on ongoing work, and not duplicate efforts.

Applications by organizations, which do not meet the eligibility by the time of the application deadline, will result the application not being reviewed.

1. Eligibility for this NOFO is limited to educational and research institutions and U.S. not-for-profit/non-governmental organizations (NGOs) subject to section 501 (c) (3) of the U.S. tax code, foreign educational and research institutions, Domestic & Foreign For-Profit Organizations (must waive fee/profit) and foreign not-for-profits/NGOs and international NGOs and PIOs. For a list of PIOs, visit <https://www.usaid.gov/sites/default/files/documents/308maa.pdf>
2. Domestic & Foreign For-Profit organizations are eligible to apply. For-profit organizations applying to this NOFO will agree to forgo their profit margins to be eligible for this competition.
3. Cost-Sharing or Matching: Providing cost sharing, matching, or cost participation is not an eligibility requirement for this NOFO.

When cost sharing is offered, it is understood and agreed that the applicant must provide the amount of cost sharing as stipulated in its proposal and later included in an approved agreement. Cost sharing may be in the form of allowable direct or indirect costs. For accountability purposes, you must maintain written records to support all costs that are claimed as your contribution, as well as costs to be paid by the Federal government. Such records are subject to audit. The basis for determining the value of cash and in-kind contributions must be in accordance with the Office of Management and Budget's Circular 2 CFR Parts 200 and 600, entitled the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. In the event you do not provide the minimum amount of cost sharing as stipulated in the approved budget, ISN/ECC's contribution will be reduced in like proportion.

4. Other: Organizations should have existing, or the capacity to develop, requisite technical expertise, and partnerships with international entities and relevant stakeholders, including foreign government officials with broad expertise in strategic trade controls implementation. Organizations should endeavor to apply DEIA principles in their selection of partners and interpretation of stakeholders or target audience.
5. Organizations may form consortia and submit a combined proposal. However, one organization should be designated as the lead applicant. Organizations should submit separate proposals for each line of effort/sub-section/project identified in the NOFO.

## **D. APPLICATION AND SUBMISSION INFORMATION**

### **1. Address to Request Application Package**

This NOFO contains all information and links necessary for potential applicants to apply. This NOFO and all required forms can be accessed through SAMS Domestic

Organizations can submit multiple applications to this NOFO, and each could be awarded, but each application must have a distinct application number (SAPP000XXXXX)

**Applications must be submitted through SAMS Domestic**

[\(<https://mygrants.servicenowservices.com>\)](https://mygrants.servicenowservices.com)

Both a valid Unique Entity Identifier (formerly DUNS) number and a SAM.gov registration are required prior to submitting an application. Please register with SAM.gov before you apply for this announcement; if your organization is already registered with SAM.gov, please ensure that your account is active.

Organizations should verify that they have a Unique Entity Identifier number or take the steps needed to obtain one as soon as possible. Instructions for obtaining a Unique Entity Identifier number can be found at [www.sam.gov](http://www.sam.gov).

Applicants will receive a validation email from SAMS Domestic upon successful submission of an application. Additionally, you must save a screenshot of the checklist showing all documents submitted in case any document fails to upload successfully.

Late applications are neither reviewed nor considered unless the ISN/ECC point of contact listed in Section G of the proposal request is contacted prior to the deadline and is provided with evidence of system errors caused by SAMS Domestic that is outside of the applicants' control and is the sole reason for late submission.

Applicants cannot submit multiple applications in a single entry on SAMS Domestic. Each application has to be submitted independently.

The applicant should not expect a notification from ISN /ECC upon receipt of their application.

For assistance with SAMS Domestic, please call the ILMS Help Desk at 1-888-313-4567 or email [ILMS@state.gov](mailto:ILMS@state.gov). The ILMS Help Desk is available 24 hours a day, seven days a week, except federal holidays.

For a list of federal holidays visit:

<https://www.opm.gov/policy-data-oversight/snow-dismissal-procedures/federal-holidays/>

**Application Deadline:**

All applications must be submitted by March 04, 2023 at 5:00 p.m. EST. Applications submitted after 5:00 p.m. EST will be ineligible for consideration. We recommend that applicants begin the application process early, as this will allow time to address any technical difficulties that may arise in advance of the deadline. Faxed proposals will not be accepted at any time. Late applications will not be considered. It is the applicant's responsibility to ensure that proposals are submitted on time.

## 2. Content and Form of Application Submission

Please read the entire NOFO and follow the guidelines for proposal preparation below. Applicants must include the following in the proposal submission. **All submissions must be in English.**

- a. **Table of Contents** that lists application contents and attachments (if any).
- b. **Forms:** Completed and signed SF-424, SF-424A and SF424B, as directed in SAMS Domestic. The Certifications and Assurances that your organization is agreeing to in signing the 424 are available at <https://www.grants.gov/forms/sf-424-family.html>;
- c. **Mandatory Disclosures:** If your organization engages in lobbying activities, a Disclosure of Lobbying Activities (SF-LLL) form is required.
- d. **Proposal Narrative** (not to exceed 12 pages, single-spaced, 12-point Times New Roman font in Microsoft Word, at least one-inch margins), following the structure described below. The proposal narrative should identify inputs, outputs, and outcomes of the proposal activities, timelines, and any qualitative or quantitative targets, and impact. A portion of the program should include compiling, analyzing, and disseminating program results and lessons learned. Applicants should outline a learning plan that demonstrates how the program will be monitored and how monitoring will be analyzed to adapt implementation to support effectiveness and avoid unintended consequences. Some form of independent evaluation must be included in proposals responding to this NOFO. Please elaborate on the type (quasi-experimental, developmental, outcome harvesting, process tracing, etc.). While the type of evaluation is flexible within Department of State guidance, it must be independent.
- e. **One page Diversity, Equity, Inclusion, and Accessibility (DEIA) Plan**  
DEIA Plans should address the following categories, the pursuit of which should not take precedence over a proposal's core goals. See Appendix A for definitions of key concepts.
  - *Support staff DEIA:* Consider a diverse pool of potential implementers and sub-implementers to afford employment opportunities to as diverse and inclusive a population as is feasible
  - *SME DEIA:* To the extent possible, consider a diverse population of subject matter experts to deliver training, lead discussions, and present technical information. This may include engaging local and regional experts as trainers. (Note: applicants should not discuss proposals directly with local partners without the explicit approval of ISN.)
  - *Audience DEIA:* Consider how to engage a diverse, representative cross-section of the target-audience population while taking into account the objectives of the engagement. This might include considering local representation disparities that are not immediately apparent to those from another culture.

- *Accessibility:* Consider how to actively reduce or eliminate obstacles that would impede participation by people with disabilities.

### **Plan contents and submission**

Applicants may use DEIA Plans to describe how proposals will achieve one or more of the DEIA objectives identified above. Plans need not include specific performance targets, but they should outline any concrete steps or key partners the implementer would leverage to achieve the objectives. Plans may also include information about the applicant’s past performance on DEIA-related metrics, both as an employer and as an implementer, and any country specific gender analysis to be conducted. Plans may consist of two separate elements as noted below; implementers can submit one or both elements as part of their proposal. The first element is the project-specific DEIA statement, and the second element is the standalone DEIA summary document.

The first element is project specific language to be integrated into their project proposal consistent with the objectives above. This could consist of actions to be completed as part of the project, demographic targets for participants, key partners that will assist with delivery/implementation, and outside any organization to be engaged if the project is funded. Integrated DEIA Plans should be no more 250 words per project. If the applicant chooses to integrate DEIA Plans into their proposals, they should do so in accordance with the template provided as part of the Notice for Funding Opportunity.

The other element is a standalone document (one per proposal). The standalone DEIA Plan should identify proposal-wide actions, highlight past performance, highlight staffing information that will impact the performance of the projects, or articulate examples of previous steps taken consistent with the objectives above. Standalone document should be no longer than one page on standard letter paper with one-inch margins and 12-point Times New Roman font.

- f. **Risk Assessment described in section A above.**
- g. Single –page Scope of Work (includes all proposed program components and links each of these to the specific goal(s) it addresses. This document is not a narrative. It must be in outline form and capture all proposed work to be funded by this project. This includes each proposed program component with a brief statement that links each component to the corresponding goal it supports. SOWs that contain quantitative estimates of expected outputs, outcomes and indicators of success for each component will be considered more competitive.

- h. A detailed agenda for engagement and representative sample materials, so that evaluations can be made about course substance. This may be included as an addendum.
- i. **A list** which identifies by name, title, and experience, the subject matter experts it intends to use to implement the projects.
- j. **Summary and detailed Budget** in USD submitted in Excel, budget totals must be rounded up to whole dollars, (not to exceed 6 pages) that includes an explanation for each line item in the spreadsheet, as well as the source and description of all cost. **The total budget should not exceed the caps identified in each Line of Effort.** The budget must identify the total amount of funding requested, with a breakdown of amounts to be spent in the following budget categories:
  - Personnel;
  - Fringe benefits;
  - Travel;
  - Equipment;
  - Supplies;
  - Consultants/contracts;
  - Other direct costs; and
  - Indirect costs.

- A budget template may be found here: <https://www.state.gov/wp-content/uploads/2019/05/Budget-Guidance-for-Applicants-%E2%80%93-New-Award-Budget-Sample.xlsx>
- Travel costs must be further broken down to reflect transportation expenses and per diem, with per diem reflecting correct rates for destination cities. For further information and current foreign per diem rates, please visit: [https://aoprals.state.gov/web920/per\\_diem.asp](https://aoprals.state.gov/web920/per_diem.asp)
- Applicants must adhere to the requirements of 2 CFR 200.474 when proposing and conducting travel.
- Applicants should budget for lodging site must be at a four-star (or higher) rated hotel within USG per diem rates. ISN/ECC finds Mobil and AAA hotel ratings acceptable. If a four-star hotel is not available within per diem, Implementer may propose a three-star hotel within per diem rates. If proposing a three-star hotel, implementer must provide accompanying rationale explaining why a four-star hotel is not proposed. The lodging sites should be located convenient to the training locations as well as to

local restaurants, etc. (For proposal preparation purposes, Implementer should assume that delegates will arrive the day before the training exchange commences and depart the day after it concludes. The Implementer will be responsible for lodging costs only, with delegates personally responsible for incidental charges such as mini bar, pay television, long distance phone calls, room service, etc.). ISN/ECC strongly prefers that the lodging site be co-located with the training exchange venue. All rooms and hotel facilities shall comply with the current Federal, State, and Local health, fire, and safety regulations and codes.

- k. **Detailed Budget Narrative** (word document separate from the proposal but part of the application): Following the Detailed Budget, please include a Budget Narrative. The budget narrative should elaborate on the detailed budget, not simply repeat with words what is stated numerically in the budget. The narrative is the place to communicate any information that might not be readily apparent in the budget. For example, in the budget narrative the applicant may:
  - a. Explain how the expense relates to meeting program goals and objectives;
  - b. Explain differences in fares among travelers on the same routes (e.g., project staff member traveling for three weeks whose fare is higher than that of staff member traveling for four months);
  - c. Explain why the number of participants traveling to a program event is different than the number of participants in the program (e.g., fewer participants are traveling to the workshop because they reside in the same location where the workshop will be held);
  - d. Elaborate on staff salaries and benefits, as warranted. For example, if a program is multi-year, explain any changes in staffing patterns from one year to the next.
- l. **Monitoring and Evaluation Plan** (word document separate from the proposal but part of the application) detailing how the project's impact and effectiveness will be monitored and evaluated throughout the project.
- m. **Attachments may be included** (letters of commitment from the applicant institution and sub-award partners, CVs of key personnel, project experience, sample agendas, etc.) but should not be unreasonably lengthy; see NOFO for details on required attachments, if any.
- n. **NICRA: If your organization has a negotiated indirect cost rate agreement (NICRA)** and includes NICRA charges in the budget, include your latest NICRA as a pdf file.
- o. **Audit:** A PDF file copy of your organization's most recent A-133 audit.
- p. Please Number all pages, including budget and addenda.

Applicants under consideration for an award will likely be subject to a pre-award survey to determine fiscal responsibility and ensure adequacy of financial controls. This survey contains a list of criteria for determining whether the applicant's accounting system meets the minimum standards to be eligible for U.S. government funding. These standards include appropriate accounting software and written financial management policies and accounting procedures. The pre-award survey will involve assessing the extent to which these are in place within an organization and being actively implemented.

### 3. Unique Entity Identifier and SAM.gov

All prime organizations, whether based in the United States or in another country, must have a Unique Entity Identifier (UEI), formerly referred to as DUNS, and an active registration with the SAM.gov **before submitting an application**. ISN/ECC may **not** review applications from or make awards to applicants that have not completed all applicable UEI and SAM.gov requirements. A UEI is one of the data elements mandated by Public Law 109-282, the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA), for all Federal awards.

The 2 CFR 200 requires that sub-grantees obtain a UEI number. Please note the UEI for sub-grantees is not required at the time of application but will be required before the award is processed and/or directed to a sub-grantee.

***Note: The process of obtaining a SAM.gov registration may take anywhere from 4-8 weeks. Please begin your registration as early as possible.***

- Organizations **based in the United States** or that pay employees within the United States will need an Employer Identification Number (EIN) from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). A Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code and a UEI number are issued through SAM.gov. Once received continue with the remainder of the SAM.gov registration.
- Organizations **based outside of the United States** and do not pay employees within the United States do not need an EIN from the IRS
- Organizations based outside of the United States and that do not pay employees within the United States do not need an EIN from the IRS, but do need a UEI number prior to registering in SAM.gov. **Please note that as of December 2022, organizations based outside of the United States that do not intend to apply for U.S. Department of State (DoS) awards are no longer required to have a NATO CAGE (NCAGE).**

All organizations applying for grants (except individuals) must obtain these registrations. All are free of charge:

- NCAGE/CAGE code (if applicable)
- [www.SAM.gov](http://www.SAM.gov) UEI and registration

**If you are an organization based outside the U.S. and plan to do business with the Department of Defense:**

Step 1: Apply for an NCAGE number

NCAGE Homepage:

<https://eportal.nspa.nato.int/AC135Public/sc/CageList.aspx>

NCAGE Code Request Tool (NCRT):

<https://eportal.nspa.nato.int/Codification/CageTool/home>

For NCAGE help from within the U.S., call 1-888-227-2423

For NCAGE help from outside the U.S., call 1-269-961-7766

Email [NCAGE@dliis.dla.mil](mailto:NCAGE@dliis.dla.mil) for any problems in getting an NCAGE code.

Step 2: After receiving the NCAGE Code, proceed to [www.SAM.gov](http://www.SAM.gov) to obtain a UEI and complete registration. SAM registration must be renewed annually.

**If you are an organization based outside the U.S. and DO NOT plan to do business with the Department of Defense:**

Step 3: Proceed to SAM.gov to obtain a UEI and complete the registration. SAM registration must be renewed annually.

All prime organizations must also continue to maintain active SAM.gov registration with current information at all times during which they have an active Federal award or application under consideration by a Federal award agency. SAM.gov requires all entities to renew their registration once a year in order to maintain an active registration status in SAM. It is the responsibility of the applicant to ensure it has an active registration in SAM.gov and to maintain that active registration. If an applicant has not fully complied with the requirements at the time of application, the applicant may be deemed technically ineligible to receive an award and use that determination as a basis for making an award to another applicant.

**Note: SAM.gov is not the same as SAMS Domestic. It is free to register in both systems, but the registration processes are different. Any content shown from SAM.gov is not owned by DOS and applicants need to refer to SAM.gov for the latest.**

*Information is included on the SAM.gov website to help international registrations. Please note, guidance on SAM.gov and the guidance on GSA's website about requirement for registering in SAM.gov is subject to change and currently being updated. Applicants should review the website with each NOFO for the most up-to-date guidance.*

- **Please see attached “UEI and SAM.gov FAQs” for additional guidance.**

#### **APPLICATION PROCESS:**

#### **4. Submission Method and Dates**

Completed applications must be submitted electronically through SAMS Domestic. Faxed proposals will not be accepted at any time. **Please follow all NOFO instructions carefully and start early to ensure you have time to collect all the required information.** All applications must be submitted by 5:00 pm EST on March 04, 2023. Applications received after the deadline will not be considered.

For assistance with SAMS Domestic, please call the ILMS Help Desk at 1-888-313-4567 or email [ILMS@state.gov](mailto:ILMS@state.gov). The ILMS Help Desk is available 24 hours a day, seven days a week, except federal holidays.

#### **5. Funding Restrictions**

The awards will be funded from money appropriated under the “Nonproliferation, Anti-terrorism, Demining, and Related Programs-EXBS Fund” (NADR) heading in the Department of State, Foreign Assistance Act of 1961. Chapter 9 – Non-Proliferation and Export Control Assistance, Section 582. The limitations contained in section 573(a) of this Act apply to this chapter.

Any funds provided under this agreement must be used in a manner fully consistent with U.S. law. No funds provided by this award shall be used to lobby for or against abortion. No funds provided by this award shall be used to pay for the performance of abortion as a method of family planning or to motivate or coerce any person to practice abortions.

The following cost elements will not be reimbursed and are not allowable in this program:

- Program Staff Training.
- Construction projects.
- Direct support or the appearance of direct support for individual or single party electoral campaigns.
- Direct support or the appearance of direct support for any religious organization, to include repair or building of structures used for religious purposes.
- Military assistance of any kind, including weapons buy back or rewards programs.
- Purchase of firearms, ammunition, or removal of unexploded ordnances.

- Para-police (i.e., militias, neighborhood watch, security guards) and prison-related projects. This restriction includes no funding of any secondary need in a law-enforcement organization.
- Payments for any partner government, military or civilian government employee salary or pension.
- Duplication of services immediately available through municipal, provincial, or national government.
- Vehicle purchases to include motorcycles. (However, transportation costs will be considered.)
- Medical and psychological research or clinical studies.
- Medical/health services.
- Funds for market research, advertising (unless public service related to grant program) or other promotional expenses.
- Entertainment, social activities, alcohol, ceremonials, hospitality and activities relating hereto. Meal costs associated with an overall project are allowable (i.e., working meal).
- Expenses listed as miscellaneous.

Expenses made prior to the approval of a proposal or unreasonable expenditures will not be reimbursed.

## **E. APPLICATION REVIEW INFORMATION**

Criteria: The State Department will review all proposals for technical eligibility. Proposals will be deemed ineligible if they do not fully adhere to the guidelines stated herein. The Program Office, a State Department award review panel, will review all eligible proposals. The State Department's Office of the Legal Adviser and/or other Department entities also may review proposals. The final decision to recommend an applicant for funding is at the discretion of the Director of ISN/ECC. Final signatory authority resides with the State Department's Grants Officers in the Office of Acquisitions Management (AQM) and if applicable in ISN/ECC. Each application will be evaluated and scored on the four-part Proposal Components using a 100-point scale by a peer review committee (the Panel) of Department of State officials and other experts, as appropriate.

Proposal Narrative: The Panel will score each of the five sections of the Proposal Narrative for a maximum total score of 100 points based on how completely the sections address the points described in the Proposal Narrative guidance below. The importance of each section is indicated by the maximum score as follows:

- Organizational Profiles

- Program Design and Linkages
- Budget
- Results or Benefits Expected
- Innovation and Sustainability

## **Criteria Components**

### 1. Organizational Profile (15 points):

The organization has sufficient depth of experience, capacity, and talent to implement the proposed program as described in this announcement. The organization has the capacity to collaborate with other entities (government, private sector, and international organizations) to the extent required for project success. Where collaborators are proposed, the applicant describes the rationale for the collaboration, each partner's respective role, and how the partnership will enhance the accomplishment of the project goals. In all cases, the applicant describes joint planning consultation efforts undertaken. The staff of the organization is well qualified.

### 2. Project Design and Linkages (30 points):

The applicant must demonstrate that the project addresses both the technical requirements of the EXBS Objectives and the situational requirements of the country/countries involved and the status of their strategic trade controls and border controls efforts. The applicant must demonstrate that the project strategy and design are likely to achieve the proposed results; that proposed activities and timeframes are reasonable and feasible. The proposal describes in detail how project requirements will be accomplished and reasonably outlines the potential for the project to have the positive impacts in the EXBS Objectives that the project seeks to address. ISN/ECC will also evaluate the implementation plan in terms of the extent to which the project outcome is sustainable.

### 3. Budget (15 points points):

The budget provided with the application must be sufficient to address the project Objectives specified in the NOFO and the proposed activities. Costs must be allowable, allocable, and reasonable, per federal regulations. Costs must fit within the budget ceiling identified in the NOFO.

### 4. Results or Benefits Expected (25 points):

The applicant clearly describes the results and benefits to be achieved. The applicant identifies how program results will be measured by specifying key indicators and providing program milestones indicating progress. Proposed outcomes are tangible and achievable within the period of performance.

5. Innovation and Sustainability (15 points):

Applications will be evaluated on the likelihood of sustainable results that will endure beyond the period of performance.

**F. FEDERAL AWARD ADMINISTRATION INFORMATION:**

**1. Federal Award Notices**

The cooperative agreement(s) shall be administered by the Grants Officer (GO) and Grants Officer Representative (also known as the GOR) and signed by the GO. The Grants Officer is the Government official delegated the authority by the U.S. Department of State Procurement Executive to write, award, and administer grants and cooperative agreements. The assistance award agreement is the authorizing document, and it will be provided to the Recipient electronically via the SAMS Domestic system. Unsuccessful applicants will be notified in writing.

Issuance of this NOFO does not constitute an award commitment on the part of the Government nor does it commit the Government to pay for costs incurred in the preparation and submission of proposals. Furthermore, the Government reserves the right to reject any or all proposals received.

**2. Administrative and National Policy Requirements**

Prior to submitting an application, applicants should review all the terms and conditions and required certifications that will apply to this award to ensure they will be able to comply. The terms and conditions are available on the State Department's procurement website at: <https://www.state.gov/m/a/o/e/index.htm>

Applicants should also be familiar with the federal regulations that will apply to this federal assistance award: OMB Uniform Guidance: Cost Principles, Audit, and Administrative Requirements for Federal Awards (2 CFR Chapter I, Chapter II, Part 200, et al.)

**3. Diversity, Inclusion, Equity, Inclusion, & Accessibility (DEIA)**

The DEIA Plan is an optional proposal document, evaluated separately from the overall project. Any points earned from the DEIA Plan will be added to the base evaluation as a bonus points.

Reviewers will award points using the following scale:

1. Plan is either not submitted or the reviewers deem it unlikely to achieve any of the targeted objectives.
2. Reviewers assess that the submitted Plan has a moderate chance of achieving one or more of the targeted objectives.
3. Reviewers assess that the submitted Plan has a high chance of achieving one or more of the objectives.

If an implementer submits both elements noted above, it may be possible for an implementer to receive a total of four bonus points.

**Appendix A: Definitions (from Executive Order [14035](#)):**

The term “diversity” means the practice of including the many communities, identities, races, ethnicities, backgrounds, abilities, cultures, and beliefs of the American people, including underserved communities.

The term “equity” means the consistent and systematic fair, just, and impartial treatment of all individuals, including individuals who belong to underserved communities that have been denied such treatment.

The term “inclusion” means the recognition, appreciation, and use of the talents and skills of employees of all backgrounds.

The term “accessibility” means the design, construction, development, and maintenance of facilities, information and communication technology, programs, and services so that all people, including people with disabilities, can fully and independently use them.

The term “underserved communities” refers to populations sharing a particular characteristic, as well as geographic communities, who have been systematically denied a full opportunity to participate in aspects of economic, social, and civic life.

**4. Reporting Requirements**

The Recipient, at a minimum, shall provide quarterly financial and progress reports, and final reports for the same. The Recipient shall track all funding by country using a template provided by ISN/ECC. Please note that all substantiating documentation supporting reporting and data collected, including survey responses and contact information, must be maintained for a minimum of three years and provided to the Department of State upon request. All reports must be written in English.

**i. Financial Reports**

The Recipient is required to submit quarterly financial reports throughout the project period, using Form FFR SF-425, the Federal Financial Report form. Form FFR (SF-425)

can be found on OMB's website here: <https://www.grants.gov/forms/post-award-reporting-forms.html>. Financial reports are due 30 days after the end of each fiscal year quarter.

**ii. Progress Reporting**

While the Recipient will be in frequent contact with the ISN/ECC GOR concerning the project details, the cooperative agreement is required to submit quarterly program progress reports. The Recipient shall also track all funding by country and provide quarterly reports detailing funds expended and funds remaining. Additional templates may be suggested by the Grants Officer Representative (GOR) in consolidation of Grants Officer Progress reports are due 30 days after the end of the quarterly reporting period.

Q1 (October -December) due January 30;

Q2 (January-March) due April 30;

Q3 (April-June) due July 30; and

Q4 (July-September) due October 30

**iii. Reporting & Invoicing:**

ISN/ECC and AQM shall hold a kick-off meeting upon signing of the award. ISN/ECC will provide programmatic and financial templates for monthly updates. The Recipient must track project costs according to the template, which follows ISN/ECC's allotment of funds by country. The reporting should be uploaded into SAMS Domestic, as well as emailed to the GOR and [ECC\\_Grants@state.gov](mailto:ECC_Grants@state.gov). Recipient should invoice ISN/ECC through the PMS system monthly.

**iv. Final Report**

The final report will be due no later than 120 days after completion or termination of all project activities. The Final Program Report shall include the following elements: executive summary, successes, outcomes, how the project will impact industry compliance and STC enforcement capacities when implemented, and how the project has addressed the ISN Goals and EXBS Objectives. A final financial report (SF-425), marked as final, will also be required.

**G. AGENCY CONTACT**

For questions regarding the contents of requirements of this NOFO, please contact:

ISN/ECC Grants Team

E-mail: [ECC\\_Grants@state.gov](mailto:ECC_Grants@state.gov)

Note that once the Notice of Funding Opportunity deadline has passed, Department of State staff in Washington, D.C. may not discuss this competition with applicants until the review process has been completed.

**COMMITMENT and AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS:**

Issuance of this NOFO does not constitute an award commitment on the part of the Government nor does it commit the Government to pay for costs incurred in the preparation and submission of proposals. Furthermore, the Government reserves the right to increase or decrease amount announced in the NOFO based on availability of funding or reject any or all proposals received.

Final awards cannot be made until funds have been allocated and committed through applicable State Department procedures. ISN/ECC and AQM will ensure that all applicable requirements have been met prior to the commitment of funds.