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Office of Elementary and Secondary Education
Congressionally Funded Community Projects
Washington, D.C. 20202-6200**

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**Application for
Congressionally Funded Community Projects
Assistance Listing Number 84.215K**



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Paperwork Burden Statement

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless such collection displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 1894-0006. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 16 hours per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. The obligation to respond to this collection is required to obtain or retain benefit ([34 C.F.R. § 75.104\(a\)](#)).

If you have comments or concerns regarding the status of your individual submission of this application please email k12earmarks@ed.gov directly.

Note: Please do not return the completed application to this address.

United States Department of Education
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION
CONGRESSIONALLY FUNDED COMMUNITY PROJECTS

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Why Prepare an Application for a Congressionally Funded Community Project Grant

Entities named as potential congressionally directed grant (hereafter Congressionally Funded Community Projects (CFCP) grant) recipients in appropriation acts often ask, “Our organization received grant money in the appropriations act. When do we get the check?” Before the U.S. Department of Education (Department) can respond fully to a request for funds, and before your organization can gain access to funds that have been “directed” for your organization, you must submit an official application, as required by [34 C.F.R. § 75.104\(a\)](#), that meets applicable requirements and otherwise is approvable. The application:

- Provides a means for your organization to demonstrate to the Department that its proposed grant activities are consistent with the language in the Department’s appropriations act. By law, the Department cannot award your organization these grant funds for any other purpose and must ensure that the application meets all applicable requirements;
- Allows both your organization and the Department to determine that your plan to spend the funds is in accordance with applicable Federal laws and regulations;
- Establishes clear objectives for the proposed program; and,
- Describes the activities your organization will carry out in order to meet the objectives and applicable requirements.

We hope, too, that preparing an approvable application will help you focus the goals and objectives of the project on allowable activities and will allow us to gain information needed to award the grant. Based on questions that grantees have raised in the past, we provide extensive information on the following topics in this application package:

- Proposed project dates, which clarify limitations on one-time no-cost extensions for those few projects that may last longer than 12 months;
- Human subjects;
- Protection of Pupil Rights Amendment;
- Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act;
- Requirements for the project narrative;
- Indirect costs; and
- Unique Entity Identifier

In addition, we have included a sample budget justification in Attachment B to help applicants provide sufficient details on the planned use of the grant funds in the application. Also, the post-award section includes information so that applicants will know at the beginning of the process what is expected by the Department during the post-award phase.

Completing the application will be easier if you first read these instructions carefully and in their entirety. Following these instructions should help your organization shorten the time that it will take to prepare an approvable application, and thus, the time before your organization can gain access to the funds and begin its activities. **If the Department determines that your organization’s application meets all applicable requirements and is approved, your**

organization will receive instructions on opening an electronic account (if needed) through which your organization can begin to draw down the grant funds. We know this might seem like a lot of information and directions to follow, but we will support you every step of the way!

An application will not be evaluated for funding if the applicant does not comply with all the procedural rules that govern the submission of the application or the application does not contain the information required ([34 C.F.R. §75.216](#) (b) and (c)).

How to Prepare an Application for an CFCP Grant

The remainder of this package provides specific details on the application necessary for you to receive the funds for your organization as described in the appropriations act. To apply for these CFCP funds, use the government-wide website [Grants.gov](#). We encourage you to familiarize yourself with [Grants.gov](#) and register or identify who has access to registration within your organization and become a user or clarify roles for submitting the application using [Grants.gov](#).

The Department's *Common Instructions for Applicants to Department of Education Discretionary Grant Programs*, published in the Federal Register and revised on December 7, 2022, may be a resource for you as you complete your application: [2022-26554.pdf](#) ([govinfo.gov](#)).

Registration in the System for Award Management (SAM.gov): As noted in the [Common Instructions](#) referenced above, to do business with the Department and to submit your application electronically using Grants.gov, you must (a) have a Unique Entity Identifier (UEI) and a Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN); (b) be registered in the System for Award Management ([SAM.gov](#)), the Government's primary registrant database; (c) provide your UEI and TIN on your application; and (d) maintain an active SAM registration during the project period.

- **If your organization is currently registered in SAM.gov with either an active or inactive registration, you have been assigned a UEI.** Your UEI is viewable on your entity's registration record in [SAM.gov](#). To learn how to view your UEI, see this guide: [How can I view my unique entity identifier \(UEI\)?](#)
 - If you have an inactive registration or need to update your registration in [SAM.gov](#), you must ensure that your renewal or updates occur on time and as required. If your registration has expired, you can access instructions addressing how to renew your organization's registration at: [How to Renew or Update an Entity](#).
 - You must update your SAM registration annually. This may take three or more business days.
- **If your organization does not already have a registration in SAM.gov,** register in [SAM.gov](#) by clicking on the "Get Started" link under the "Register Your Entity..." heading in [SAM.gov](#). Grantees, and other entities wanting to do business with the Department (e.g., entities applying for a grant), that are not already registered in [SAM.gov](#) must complete the "Register Entity" registration option and **NOT** the "Get a

Unique Entity ID” option. The “Get a Unique Entity ID” option, which is not a full registration, is only available to entities for reporting purposes.

Failing to complete the “Register Entity” option may result in inability to apply for funding in Grants.gov, loss of applicant eligibility, and/or delays in receiving a grant award. To further assist you with registering in SAM.gov or updating your existing [SAM.gov](#) registration, see the [Quick Start Guide for Grant Registrations](#) and the Entity Registration Video at <https://sam.gov/content/entity-registration>.

- Note: The SAM registration process takes approximately 7 to 10 business days, but may take longer, depending on the completeness and accuracy of the data you enter into the SAM.gov database. The Department recommends that you register early, at least 10 to 14 business days before the application deadline.

Once your SAM.gov registration is active, it may be 24 to 48 hours before you can access the information in, and submit an application through, Grants.gov.

- Information about SAM is available at <https://sam.gov/content/home>. To further assist you with registering in SAM.gov or updating your existing SAM registration, see the [Quick Start Guide for Grant Registrations](#) and the [Entity Registration Video](#).
- **To submit successfully in [Grants.gov](#)**, you must provide the UEI on your application that was used when you registered as an authorized organization representative (AOR) on [Grants.gov](#). This UEI is assigned to your organization in [SAM.gov](#) at the time your organization registers in [SAM.gov](#). If you do not enter the UEI assigned by [SAM.gov](#) on your application, [Grants.gov](#) will reject your application.

Visit our CFCP grant website [here](#) for further information, resources, and updates. If you have any technical questions after reviewing the application package, email k12earmarks@ed.gov.

I. General Information

This section includes information on relevant law, regulations, and guidance. No costs can be covered by the grant unless they are directly related to the purposes set forth by Congress in the appropriations act for your grant. In addition, CFCP funds must be used consistent with the Education Department General Administrative Regulations ([EDGAR](#)), and government-wide requirements, including the [Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, And Audit Requirements For Federal Awards](#) (Uniform Guidance) (2 C.F.R Part 200) and [2 C.F.R Part 3474](#). The Uniform Guidance establishes uniform administrative requirements, cost principles, and audit requirements for Federal awards to non-Federal entities. Note that construction is not allowed unless specifically authorized in the appropriations language for your CFCP grant.

Deadlines

Your organization must submit its application by May 15, 2023 in order for the Department to ensure that your organization is able to receive the grant. We will begin review of the applications prior to the closing date, so the earlier you submit, the earlier you may be able to access your grant funds. Before your organization submits its completed application, check to make sure that it adequately addresses all of the requirements. Use of the checklist in the next section of this document should help with this crucial step. Grant money that is not formally awarded by the end of the Department's fiscal year on September 30, 2023, cannot be awarded to your organization, and ultimately will be returned to the U.S. Treasury.

Declining a CFCP Grant

Organizations identified in the appropriations act as potential recipients of CFCP grants may choose to decline the award. Typically, this occurs for one of three reasons: 1) changes in the organization's priorities since the organization originally expressed interest in the grant; 2) the organization has a policy against acceptance of directed awards; or 3) the award is too small to enable the organization to accomplish its intended goal. There may be several reasons for declining an award; however, whatever the reason, email k12earmarks@ed.gov if your organization is no longer interested in applying for the CFCP grant.

Application Overview

Applications must be submitted through the [Grants.gov](#) system; applications submitted via email will not be accepted. For more information, including how to submit a paper application in cases in which electronic submission is not possible, please read the [Common Instructions](#) referenced earlier. The Department will review your application for completeness in addressing the application requirements.

Among the other application components described below, a complete application must include a project narrative. The project narrative is the central component of the application and should include the following: 1) a detailed description of the project design that includes goals and objectives, activities to be completed to meet the goals and objectives, and a timeline on which the activities will be implemented; 2) a list of the names and positions of project personnel; 3) a management plan; and 4) the performance measures your organization will use or determine progress and gauge overall impact. We recommend the project narrative be 5 to 20 double spaced pages.

Note that your organization's application must address and be consistent with the appropriations act language specifying the purpose of your organization's grant (as stated in the confirmation email sent to you to verify your organization's contact for this grant), address the program requirements, and outline a level of expenditures that is consistent with the amount specified in that email. The Federal share of the cost for the proposed scope of work may not exceed the amount available under the CFCP.

Technical Assistance Webinar for CFCP Grant Recipients

The Department will host one technical assistance webinar for CFCP recipients on how to complete the required application, the review and award process and post-award activities. The PowerPoint presentation and an audio recording of the webinar will be posted on the program website [here](#). The webinar will be January 31, 2023 from 3:00 to 4:30 pm EST.

II. Application Submission Procedures

As noted above, the deadline for submission of your application through [Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov) is 11:59:59 pm ET on May 15, 2023. To facilitate your use of [Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov), this section includes important submission procedures you need to be aware of to ensure your application is received in a timely manner and accepted by the Department.

Application Transmittal Instructions

You must submit an application for your organization's CFCP grant through [Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov) and follow the [Common Instructions](#) referenced earlier and which contains requirements and information on how to submit an application. Find additional training resources on navigating [Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov), including video tutorials, [here](#).

Browser Support

The latest versions of Microsoft Internet Explorer (IE), Mozilla Firefox, Google Chrome, and Apple Safari are supported for use with [Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov). However, these web browsers undergo frequent changes and updates, so we recommend you have the latest version when using [Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov). Legacy versions of these web browsers may be functional, but you may experience issues. [Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov) no longer provides support for Microsoft Internet Explorer 9 or below. For additional information or updates, please see the [Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov) browser information in the [Applicant FAQs](#).

ATTENTION – Workspace, Adobe Forms and PDF Files

[Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov) applicants can apply online using Workspace. Workspace is a shared, online environment where members of a grant team may simultaneously access and edit different web forms within an application. For each funding opportunity announcement, you can create individual instances of a workspace. See [here](#) for access to complete instructions on how to apply for opportunities using Workspace and [here](#) for additional training resources, including video tutorials

Helpful Reminders

- 1) **REGISTER EARLY** – [Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov) registration involves many steps including registration on [SAM.gov](https://www.sam.gov), which usually takes approximately 7 to 10 business days, but can take longer, depending on the completeness and accuracy of the data entered into the SAM.gov database by an applicant. You may begin working on your application while completing the registration process, but you cannot submit an application until you complete all of the registration steps. Note: Once your SAM.gov registration is active, it will take 24-48 hours for the information to be available in [Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov), and before you can submit an application through [Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov). For detailed information on the registration steps, go to: <http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/register.html>. Note: Your organization will need to update its SAM.gov registration annually.

Information about [SAM.gov](https://www.sam.gov) is available at [www.SAM.gov](https://www.sam.gov). To further assist you with registering in [SAM.gov](https://www.sam.gov) or updating your existing [SAM.gov](https://www.sam.gov) registration, see the [Quick Start Guide for Grant Registrations](#) and the [Entity Registration Video](#).

- 2) **SUBMIT EARLY** – We strongly recommend that you do not wait until the last day to submit your application. [Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov) will put a date/time stamp on your application and then process it after it is fully uploaded. The time it takes to upload an application will vary depending on a number of factors including the size of the application and the speed of your Internet connection, and the time it takes [Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov) to process the application will vary as well. If Grants.gov rejects your application (see step three below), you will need to resubmit successfully to Grants.gov.
- 3) **VERIFY SUBMISSION IS OK** – You will want to verify that [Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov) received your application submission on time and that it was validated successfully. To see the date/time your application was received, log in to [Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov) and click on the Track My Application link. For a successful submission, the date/time received should be earlier than 11:59:59 pm ET, on the deadline date, AND the application status should be: Validated, Received by Agency, or Agency Tracking Number Assigned. Once the Department receives your application from [Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov), an Agency Tracking Number (PR/award number) will be assigned to your application and will be available for viewing on [Grants.gov's](https://www.grants.gov) *Track My Application* link.

You will know your application has been successfully received when the status is “Validated.” If your application has a status of “Received” it is still awaiting validation by [Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov). Once validation is complete, the status will either change to “Validated” or “Rejected with Errors.” If the status is “Rejected with Errors,” your application has not been received successfully. Some of the reasons [Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov) may reject an application can be found on the Grants.gov site [here](#). For more detailed information on troubleshooting Adobe errors, you can review the Adobe Reader Software Tip Sheet [here](#). If you discover your application is late or has been rejected, see the instructions below. Note: You will receive a series of confirmations both online and via e-mail about the status of your application. Do not rely solely on e-mail to confirm whether your application has been received timely and validated successfully.

Submission Problems – What should you do?

If you have problems submitting to [Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov) before the closing date, please contact Grants.gov Customer Support at 1-800-518-4726 or email at: <mailto:support@grants.gov> or access the Grants.gov [Self-Service Knowledge Base web portal](#).

Helpful Hints When Working with Grants.gov

[See](#) for help with [Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov). For additional tips related to submitting grant applications, refer to the Grants.gov Applicant FAQs [here](#) as well as additional information on Workspace [here](#).

Dial-Up Internet Connections

When using a dial up connection to upload and submit your application, it can take significantly longer than when you are connected to the Internet with a high-speed connection, e.g., cable modem/DSL/T1. While times will vary depending upon the size of your application, it can take a

few minutes to a few hours to complete your grant submission using a dial up connection. **If you do not have access to a high-speed connection, you may want to consider following the instructions in the [Common Instructions](#) to obtain an exception to the electronic submission requirement no later than two weeks before the application deadline date.** Send notification to the contact person identified in your confirmation email.

Attaching Files – Additional Tips

- You must upload any narrative sections and all other attachments to your application as files in either PDF or Microsoft Word. Although applicants have the option of uploading any narrative sections and all other attachments to their application in either PDF or Microsoft Word, we **recommend** applicants submit all documents as read-only flattened PDFs, meaning any fillable PDF files must be saved and submitted as non-fillable PDF files and not as interactive or fillable PDF files.
- [Grants.gov](#) cannot process an application that includes two or more files that have the same name within a grant submission. Therefore, each file uploaded to your application package should have a unique file name.
- When attaching files, applicants should follow the guidelines established by [Grants.gov](#) on the size and content of file names. Uploaded file names must be fewer than 50 characters, and, in general, applicants should not use any special characters. However, [Grants.gov](#) does allow for the following UTF-8 characters when naming your attachments: A-Z, a-z, 0-9, underscore, hyphen, space, period, parenthesis, curly braces, square brackets, ampersand, tilde, exclamation point, comma, semi colon, apostrophe, at sign, number sign, dollar sign, percent sign, plus sign, and equal sign.
- Applicants should limit the size of their file attachments. Documents submitted that contain graphics and/or scanned material often greatly increase the size of the file attachments and can result in difficulties opening the files. For reference, the average discretionary grant application package with all attachments is less than 5 MB. Therefore, you may want to check the total size of your package before submission.

Electronic Application Submission Checklist (Part 1-6)

We recommend that you organize your electronic application in the following manner and include the following parts in order to expedite the review process. You can find instructions for all parts and forms of the application either on the following pages or individually for each form on [Grants.gov](#) or [here](#) on the Department's Grant Application and Other Forms website.

Review your electronic application to ensure you have completed the following forms and sections:

Part 1: Preliminary Documents

- [Application for Federal Assistance \(Form SF 424\)](#) – *Note: must complete this form first*
- [ED SF 424 Supplement](#)

Part 2: Budget Information

- [ED Budget Information Non-Construction Programs \(ED Form 524\)](#)
- Budget Narrative ([Budget Narrative Attachment Form](#))

Part 3: Project Abstract

- [ED Abstract Form](#)

Part 4: Application Narrative

- [Project Narrative Attachment Form](#)

Part 5: Other Attachments (Other Attachments Form)

- Copy of Indirect Cost Rate Agreement, if applicable (See Appendix A for information on indirect costs.)
- [Optional Performance Measures Form](#)

Part 6: Assurances and Certifications

- Disclosure of Lobbying Activities ([Standard Form LLL](#)), if applicable
- [Grants.Gov Lobbying Form](#) – “Certification Regarding Lobbying” (ED 80-013 Form)
- General Education Provisions Act (GEPA) Requirements – Section 427 ([ED GEPA427 form](#))

Part 1: Preliminary Documents

These forms require basic identifying information about the applicant and the application.

❑ Application for Federal Assistance (Form SF 424)

Find the Application for Federal Assistance SF 424 and instructions to complete it [here](#). Form SF 424 provides background information about each grant applicant. [Complete Form SF 424 first](#). [Grants.gov](#) will automatically insert the correct Assistance Listing Number/Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance and program name automatically wherever needed on other forms.

See below answers to the most commonly asked questions about filling out this form. The instructions accompanying form SF 424 include more detailed information for completing this form. *NOTE: Do not attach any narratives, supporting files, or application components to form SF 424. Although this form accepts attachments, the Department will only review materials/files attached in accordance with the instructions provided within this application.*

- Legal name (8a.): This is the name of your organization, the one named in the appropriations act (or accompanying report) as the grant recipient. It is not the name of a person.
- TIN number (8b.): This is the taxpayer's identification number (TIN) assigned to your organization by the Internal Revenue Service. Your organization must have a TIN before it can officially receive its award.
- Organizational Unique Entity Identifier (UEI) (8c.): Enter your UEI. The UEI is an identification number assigned by [SAM.gov](#) to organizations wishing to do business with the Federal government. The Department requires a valid UEI in order to establish the electronic account needed for you to draw down funds.
- Proposed project dates (17a. and 17b.): If your organization's application is approved, the official date on which your organization can start the project must be after the grant is awarded. The end date, if appropriate and practical, should generally be within 12 months after the start date. If your organization intends to apply to have the project period last longer than 12 months, your organization should provide an appropriate justification for the proposed length of the project.
 - Pre-award costs: Grantees may, under certain circumstances, charge to their grants some pre-award costs incurred within 90 calendar days before the project start date. However, it may be particularly risky for CFCP grantees to incur such costs, since all pre-award costs are incurred at the "recipient's risk" (*i.e.*, the Secretary is under no obligation to reimburse these costs if for any reason the recipient does not receive an award, if the award is less than the anticipated amount and inadequate to cover these costs, if the pre-award costs are for unallowable costs, or if there is some other significant problem with the grant or with the costs). (See 2 C.F.R. § 200.308(e)(1) and [2 C.F.R. § 200.458](#) of the Uniform Guidance.) If your organization has any specific or general questions about pre-award costs, you may wish to contact the assigned program officer, whose name and address are in the confirmation email, for guidance.

- Your organization may also ask permission to use grant money for pre-award costs incurred in excess of 90 days before the project start date (but not earlier than the enactment of the appropriations act) but will need to provide a very specific justification for these costs. We only approve such pre-award costs in unusual circumstances. If your organization wants to request reimbursement for such costs, it may submit such a request with its application, explaining the unusual need to be reimbursed for such costs incurred more than 90 days prior to the grant. Remember that pre-award costs must be documented carefully, be reasonable and necessary to carry out the current grant, and meet all other requirements for allowability under the Uniform Guidance. Claims for pre-award costs cannot be for any costs that may have been incurred under a prior grant even if the new grant is for the same or similar purpose.
- Executive Order 12372 (19.): Check block c in item 19 because the requirement pertaining to intergovernmental review of Federal programs does not apply to your organization if you become the recipient of an CFCP grant.

ED SF 424 Supplement

ED SF 424 Supplement provides additional background information about each applicant for a grant and potential research activities involving human subjects. The instructions accompanying form ED SF 424 Supplement include more detailed information for completing this form. Key points include:

- New Potential Grantee or Novice applicant (2a.): There is no Notice Inviting Applications (NIA) for these CFCP grants, so you will mark “No” to this question.
- Qualified Opportunity Zones (3): Leave blank.
- Protection of Human Subjects in Research (34 C.F.R Part 97) (Human Subjects Research) (4.): Many grant recipients conduct research involving people, most often by surveying or interviewing students or using their records. In accordance with 34 C.F.R. § 97.102(1) *“research means a systematic investigation, including research development, testing and evaluation, designed to develop or contribute to generalizable knowledge. Activities that meet this definition constitute research for purposes of this policy, whether or not they are conducted or supported under a program that is considered research for other purposes. For example, some demonstration and service programs may include research activities.” All human subjects research funded or sponsored by the Department is subject to the requirements of 34 C.F.R. Part 97, Protection of Human Subjects in Research. No covered human subjects research can be conducted under the grant until it has the Department’s protection of human subjects clearance.*
 - For an applicant that proposes research involving human subjects, the Department will review the proposed research. If research that is not exempt under [34 C.F.R. Part 97](#) is proposed, the applicant must (1) submit to the Department information demonstrating that the grantee has a Federal Wide Assurance (FWA) and (2) obtain approval of the research by an authorized Institutional Review Board (IRB). If you

have an FWA and/or IRB approval for the research, include that information in the application.

- If we determine that the applicant will not be conducting research covered by the regulations, you will not be required to provide the FWA or IRB approval.
- The Department determines whether a proposed activity constitutes covered human subjects research. If a study is covered by [34 C.F.R. Part 97](#), written parental consent and child assent are required unless modified (*e.g.*, recorded oral consent) or waived by the IRB. The regulations on Human Subjects in [34 C.F.R. Part 97](#) specify the elements of informed consent that must be included. If you believe your organization's project is exempt from review and approval under the regulations, the application needs to identify which, if any, exemptions the organization believes apply to the research, and provide a brief narrative explaining why the exemption(s) applies. If nonexempt research is proposed, you should include in the application immediately following the page titled "Supplemental Information Required for Department of Education" a research narrative describing the proposed study.
- Applicants proposing a project and budget for more than 12 months need to be aware that IRB approval is required on at least an annual basis if the study extends beyond the initial IRB approval period.
- Grant recipients collecting data on students also need to be aware of **two** other laws with which their activities must comply if applicable. These requirements, explained below, may necessitate that your organization include additional information with its application. Note: The Department will review your organization's application and, if your organization's grant is awarded, monitor its activities in accordance with these applicable regulations administered by the Department's Student Privacy Policy Office (SPPO).
 - (1) The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) (20 U.S. Code § 1232g - Family educational and privacy rights; 34 C.F.R. [Part 99 Family Educational Rights and Privacy](#)) is a Federal law that protects the privacy rights of parents and students in regard to education records maintained by educational agencies and institutions that are the recipient of Department funds or by persons acting for such agencies or institutions.
 - (2) The Protection of Pupil Rights Amendment (PPRA) ([20 U.S.C. § 1232h](#); [34 C.F.R Part 98](#)) affords parents and students with rights concerning certain marketing activities, the administration or distribution of certain surveys to students, the administration of certain physical examinations or screenings to students, and parental access to certain instructional materials.

We provide a more thorough explanation of FERPA and PPRA in the annual notice SPPO provides to State educational agencies and local educational agencies regarding their obligations under these two laws [here](#). Send questions regarding these laws to FERPA@ED.Gov or PPRA@ED.Gov, respectively. For additional information please visit the [SPPO website](#).

Part 2: Budget Information

Grant money must be spent to carry out the goals and activities presented in your organization's application and consistent with the applicable requirements and the appropriations act language specifying the purpose of your organization's grant. The Federal share of your organization's budget cannot exceed the amount appropriated. Also, the amount given in the confirmation email is the amount that you are applying for and is the amount your budget should be less than or equal to. Check the math in the budget to ensure its accuracy before submitting it.

ED Budget Information Non-Construction Programs (ED Form 524)

Find ED Budget Information Non-Construction Programs (ED Form 524) and instructions to complete it [here](#) (instructions at the end of the document).

- **ED Form 524 - Section A Non-Construction Programs:** On this section of the form, please enter figures showing how much your organization plans to spend on each line item. See below tips for completing each line item in ED Form 524-Section A Non-Construction Programs.

Name of Institution/Organization: Enter the name of the applicant in the space provided.

Personnel (line 1): Enter project personnel salaries and wages only. Include fees and expenses for consultants on line 6.

Fringe Benefits (line 2): The institution's normal fringe benefits contribution may be charged to the program. Leave this line blank if fringe benefits applicable to direct salaries and wages are treated as part of the indirect cost.

Travel (line 3): Indicate the travel costs of employees and participants only. Include travel of persons such as consultants on line 6.

Equipment (line 4): Indicate the cost of tangible, non-expendable personal property that has a usefulness greater than one year and acquisition costs that are the lesser of the capitalization level established by the applicant organization for financial statement purposes or \$5,000 per article. Lower limits may be established to maintain consistency with the applicant's policy.

Supplies (line 5): Show all tangible, expendable personal property. Direct supplies and materials differ from equipment in that they are consumable, expendable, and of a relatively low unit cost. *Supplies purchased with grant funds should directly benefit the grant project and be necessary for achieving the goals of the project.*

Contractual (line 6): The contractual category should include all costs specifically incurred with actions that the applicant takes in conjunction with an established internal procurement system. Include consultant fees, expenses, and travel costs in this category if the consultant's services are obtained through a written binding agreement or contract.

Construction (line 7): Construction is not allowed unless specifically authorized in the appropriations language for your CFCP grant.

Other (line 8): Indicate all direct costs not covered on lines 1-6. For example, include costs such as space rental, required fees, honoraria and travel (where a contract is not in place for services), training, and communication and printing costs. *Do not include costs that are included in the indirect cost rate.*

Total Direct Costs (line 9): The sum of lines 1-8.

Indirect Costs (line 10): Indicate the applicant's approved indirect cost rate, per 34 C.F.R. §§ [75.560 – 75.564](#). For additional information on indirect cost rates, see Appendix A.

Training Stipends (line 11): As applicable based on the appropriations language for your CFCP grant.

Total Cost (line 12): This should equal to sum of lines 9-11 (total direct costs + indirect + stipends). The sum for column one, labeled *Project Year 1 (a)*, should also be equal to item 15a on the application cover sheet (SF Form 424).

- **Form ED 524 - Section B Non-Federal Funds**: On this section of the form, your organization should show how much in non-federal funds it has allocated for each line item. **Note: Section B is not required unless your organization proposes to supplement the Federal award by contributing costs above the amount of Federal funds requested in its application.**
- **Form ED 524 - Section C Budget Narrative**: The budget narrative fulfils the requirement of Form ED 524 -Section C Budget Narrative. Find information below on completing the budget narrative.

❑ **Budget Narrative**

This section should be attached as a **single** document to the [Budget Narrative Attachment Form](#) in accordance with the instructions found on [Grants.gov](#). As noted above, this narrative meets the requirements for ED Form 524 Section C. The budget narrative includes a detailed “breakdown” of the items in your organization’s budget and a description telling how these costs relate to the proposed grant activities. Use the same budget categories listed on the ED 524 form Section A. If any salaries are to be covered by the grant, indicate the percentage of each person’s time, the base annual salary, and the amount to be charged to the grant. Even if not included in the grant budget, the percentage of time that each key staff will devote to the grant project should also be noted in the budget narrative.

This justification needs to provide information about the Federal share of your organization’s budget. In accordance with [34 C.F.R. § 75.232](#), Department staff perform a cost analysis of each recommended project to ensure that costs relate to the activities and objectives of the project, are reasonable, allowable, and allocable. We suggest that you use the format in the attached sample budget justification in Attachment B, which gives applicants an idea of the level and type of details that you should provide. Note: If your organization contributes costs to the project, those must meet the standards for allowability under the cost principles applicable to your organization. Also, if your project period will extend over one year, please provide a breakdown of each year's budget in the budget justification.

Note: Applicants are encouraged to review the Uniform Guidance’s Cost Principles ([2 C.F.R. subpart E](#)) in preparing their budget and budget narrative.

Suggested Guidelines for the Budget Narrative

To facilitate the review of your Budget Narrative, we encourage each applicant to include the following information for each year of the project. Example of a Budget Narrative can be found in Attachment B.

1. Personnel

- Provide the title and duties of each position to be compensated under this project.
- Provide the salary for each position under this project.
- Provide the amounts of time, such as hours or percentage of time to be expended by each position under this project.
- Explain the importance of each position to the success of the project.
- Provide the basis for cost estimates or computations.

2. Fringe Benefits

- Give the fringe benefit percentages of all personnel included under Personnel.
- Provide the rate and base on which fringe benefits are calculated.

3. Travel

- Explain the purpose of the travel, how it relates to project success, how it aligns with the project goals and objectives and which program participants or staff will participate.
- Submit an estimate for the number of trips, points of origin and destination, and purpose of travel.
- Submit an itemized estimate of transportation and/or subsistence costs for each trip.

- Provide the basis for cost estimates or computations.

4. Equipment

- Indicate the estimated unit cost for each item to be purchased.
- Identify each type of equipment.
- Provide adequate justification of the need for items of equipment to be purchased.
- Explain the purpose of the equipment, and how it relates to project success.
- Provide the basis for cost estimates or computations.

5. Supplies

- Provide an itemized estimate of materials and supplies by nature of expense or general category (e.g., instructional materials, office supplies, etc.).
- Explain the purpose of the supplies and how they relate to project success.
- Provide the basis for cost estimates or computations.

6. Contractual

- Provide the purpose and relation to project success.
- Describe the products to be acquired and/or the professional services to be provided.
- Provide a brief justification for the use of the contractors selected.
- Identify the name(s) of the contracting party, including consultants, if available.
- Provide the cost per contractor.
- Provide the amount of time that the project will be working with the contractor(s).
- For professional services contracts, provide the amounts of time to be devoted to the project, including the costs to be charged to this proposed grant award.
- Provide a brief statement that you have or will comply with the procedures for procurement under: [2 C.F.R. §§ 200.317-200.327](#).
- Provide the basis for cost estimates or computations.

7. Construction

APPLICABLE IF CFCP LANGUAGE FOR YOUR ORGANIZATION AUTHORIZES CONSTRUCTION:

Special Instructions for Applications Including Construction Costs

If Congress has expressly authorized the use of FY22 CFCP grant funds for construction, your CFCP funds will be used for this purpose. 34 CFR §§ [75.600 through 75.617](#) outline specific requirements for grants including construction. Please consult the Department on your specific project to make sure you are aware of all applicable requirements. Please review these provisions when applying for funds. Among other Federal requirements, applicants are required to adhere to the following:

- The applicant has or will have title or other interest in the project site, including right of access, and that the site will continue to be used for educational purposes after the completion of the project.
- Sufficient funds are available to meet any share of the costs of the repair, renovation, or construction of projects that are not part of this grant.
- Competent architectural engineering supervision and inspection will be maintained at the project's site to ensure that the work conforms to the drawings and specifications for the

approved project. Actual construction of the project should begin and end within a reasonable amount of time and in accordance with the approved specifications.

- Grant projects will be functional, economical and not elaborate in design or extravagant in the use of materials, compared with the facilities of similar type constructed by the State or other applicable geographical area. An applicant may make reasonable provisions, consistent with the other uses of the structure, for areas within the facility to be adaptable for artistic and other cultural activities. However, no more than one percent (1%) of the cost of the project may be used for the inclusion of works of art.
- Standards under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (Pub.L. 91-576), or State and local codes, if they are more stringent, will be observed in the design and completion of the projects.
- Proposed projects shall comply with any applicable requirements under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 regarding accessibility for the disabled.
- To the extent practicable, a grantee must design and construct facilities to maximize the efficient use of energy. A grantee must comply with the most current standards of the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) (for example, Standard 90.1) in their construction project.
- Grantees are expected to assess the probable effects of any proposed construction on any district, site, building, or structure that is included or eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places.
- It will follow the “Earthquake Hazards Reduction Act of 1977” (Pub.L. 95-125) and Executive Order 12699, “Seismic Safety of Federal and Federally-Assisted or Regulated New Building Construction.”
- The facilities will be operated and maintained in accordance with applicable Federal, State, and local requirements.
- For construction projects over \$2,000, all laborers employed by contractors or subcontractors shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on similar work projects in your locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act.
- Build America, Buy America Act: This program is subject to the Build America, Buy America Act (Pub. L. 117-58) domestic sourcing requirements. Accordingly, under this program, grantees and their subrecipients (subgrantees) and contractors may not use their grant funds for infrastructure projects or activities (e.g., construction, remodeling, and broadband infrastructure) unless--(a) All iron and steel used in the infrastructure project or activity are produced in the United States; (b) All manufactured products used in the infrastructure project or activity are produced in the United States; and (c) All construction materials are manufactured in the United States. Grantees may request waivers to these requirements by submitting a Build America, Buy America Act Waiver Request Form. For more information, including a link to the Waiver Request Form, see the Department’s Build America Buy America Waiver website at: <https://www2.ed.gov/policy/fund/guid/buy-america/index.html>.

8. Other

- List and identify items by major type or category (e.g., communications, printing, postage, equipment rental, etc.).
- Provide the cost per item (printing = \$500, postage = \$750).

- Provide the purpose for the expenditures and relation to project success.
- Provide the basis for cost estimates or computations.

9. Total Direct Costs

- The amount that is the sum of expenditures, per budget category, of lines 1-8.

10. Indirect Costs (see Attachment A for information on indirect costs.)

- Identify indirect cost rate (if the applicant will charge indirect costs to the grant)
- Note: As applicable, remember to provide a copy of the most recent approved indirect cost agreement in the Other Attachments form section of the application.

11. Training Stipends (as applicable)

12. Total Costs

- Sum of direct costs, indirect costs, and stipends.
- Please provide total costs for each year of the project as well as grand total cost for the entire project.

Budget Dos and Don'ts

Applicants often want to know whether they can spend grant money on certain items. Below are some guidelines that address commonly raised questions.

Allowable Expenses: In addition to the limits set by the specific provision for the CFCP in the appropriations act, CFCP funds must be used consistent with the requirements in EDGAR and Uniform Guidance. Additionally, Federal money may generally be spent according to the categories found on the form ED 524 Section A, except for construction. However, as discussed below, some of the budget categories have special issues:

- **Travel:** The costs of travel to and from conferences and meetings directly related to approved grant activities, and reasonable and necessary for the operation of the project, are allowable. These costs should be economical and not extravagant. In the past, some CFCP grantees have had travel expenses disallowed or had to repay funds because of extravagant travel expenses. We advise your organization ensure that it is careful to avoid these potential problems. You must adhere to the travel policy established by your organization.
- **Equipment and Supplies:** Equipment is defined in [2 C.F.R. § 200.1](#) of the Uniform Guidance as any one item (including information technology systems) having a useful life of more than one year and a unit cost of \$5,000 or more. Also, if your organization uses a threshold dollar level that is less than \$5,000, which applies generally to equipment purchased by your organization, you must use that threshold for equipment you plan to use under the CFCP grant for which you are applying. Every other item should be listed under supplies. If equipment is to be purchased for the purpose of the grant, grantees must comply with the requirements governing the purchase and use of equipment found in EDGAR at 34 C.F.R. §§ [200.313](#) and [200.439](#) which require grantees to comply with certain disposition instructions from the Department. However, if your

activities require a large piece of equipment that will not be used when the grant ends and your organization is not an institution of higher education, we will not permit you to purchase the equipment. Instead, we will require you to lease, and not purchase the equipment.

- Contracts: Grantees planning to use grant funds to contract for services must be cognizant of the Uniform Guidance requirements found in 2 C.F.R. §§ [200.317-200.327](#) and the provisions in Appendix II to Part 200—Contract Provisions [for Non-Federal Entity Contracts Under Federal Awards](#). The Uniform Guidance contains detailed specifications for procurement actions that grantees undertake with grant funds, including requirements for codes of conduct for grantee staff, competition, cost and price analysis, record-keeping, contractor compliance with certain Federal laws and regulations, and various mandatory provisions that must be included in contracts and subcontracts. Under 2 C.F.R. [200.317](#), States are required to follow the procurement rules the State has established for purchases funded by non-Federal sources and comply with 2 C.F.R. §§ [200.321](#), [200.322](#), and [200.323](#) and ensure that every purchase order or other contract includes any clauses required by [200.327](#). Other grantees must comply with the requirements in 2 C.F.R. §§ [200.318-200.327](#).

Ideally, if your organization intends to use another agency or person(s) to help work on its grant activities, your organization would establish this arrangement through a contract in accordance with the Uniform Guidance requirements in [2 C.F.R. §§ 200.317-200.327](#), which requires open and free competition. Under these regulations, grantees may not include anti-competitive requirements in their requests for proposals, such as placing unreasonable requirements on firms in order for them to qualify to do business; requiring unnecessary experience and excessive bonding; organizational conflicts of interest; and specifying only a “brand name” product instead of allowing “an equally effective” product to be offered.

Generally, grantees should not procure goods and services non-competitively except in situations where small purchase procedures, sealed bids or competitive proposals are infeasible and, after solicitation from a number of sources, your organization determines that competition is inadequate to purchase the goods or services it needs to support the grant or the good or service is available from only one source. [2 C.F.R. § 200.320\(c\)](#). In all cases where goods or services are procured non-competitively, your organization needs to document the basis for the determination to use sole source procedures. See also 34 C.F.R. § [75.135](#).)

- Sub-grants: Under [34 C.F.R. § 75.708](#), sub-grants are only allowed when authorized by statute, such as the appropriations act, or by the Department through a [Federal Register Notice](#). The Department has determined that where necessary and in limited circumstances, to effectively conduct some of the CFCPs, subgrants may be an appropriate and necessary approach to meet the purposes of the program rather than procuring services under a contract as detailed above. Accordingly, the Department authorized CFCPs grantees to make CFCP subgrants in compliance with the following:
 - Under [34 C.F.R. 75.708\(b\)](#), if the grantee uses this subgranting authority, the grantee has the authority to award subgrants only to eligible entities: a local educational

- agency (LEA), an educational service agency, an institution of higher education, or a nonprofit organization, as defined in 34 C.F.R. 77.1.
- Further, under [34 CFR 75.708\(d\)](#), grantees must ensure that: (1) subgrants are awarded on the basis of the approved budget only to directly carry out project activities described in the grantee's approved application and all applicable Federal statutory, regulatory, and other requirements; (2) every subgrant includes all conditions required by Federal statutes and Executive orders and their implementing regulations; and (3) subgrantees are aware of the requirements imposed upon them by Federal statutes and regulations, including the Federal anti-discrimination laws listed in [34 C.F.R. 75.500](#), and enforced by the Department. Additionally, as is true with any expenditures incurred under the Department's grant programs, CFCP expenditures must satisfy the Federal cost principles in [2 C.F.R. part 200](#), subpart E. Therefore, any subgrant and subgrantee expenditures must comply with the Federal cost principles and grantees, as pass-through entities, must comply with the procedures for making subawards described in [2 C.F.R. 200.332](#).
 - **Indirect Costs:** If your organization prefers to use all of its grant funds for direct project activities, your organization **is not required to charge the grant for indirect costs**. However, costs normally recovered through the application of the indirect cost rate may not be "shifted" to direct cost claims. If your organization wishes to charge indirect costs, please follow the instructions located in Attachment A to assist with the calculation of the indirect cost portion of your organization's budget. (Read these instructions carefully as more applicants make mistakes in this area than in any other.)
 - **Membership Dues:** (See C.F.R. § [200.454](#)) The following costs that are directly related to the purposes of this grant, and that are reasonable and necessary for the operation of the project, **are allowable**: (a) Costs of the non-Federal entity's membership in business, technical, and professional organizations; (b) Costs of the non-Federal entity's subscription to business, professional, and technical periodicals; or (c) Costs of membership in any civic or community organization with prior approval by the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity.

The following costs are **not allowable**: (a) Costs of membership in any country club or social or dining club or organization; and (b) Costs of membership in organization whose primary purpose is lobbying. See also C.F.R. [§ 200.450](#).

Unallowable Expenses: Federal money generally cannot be spent on:

- **Construction Costs:** These are generally not allowed unless specified in the appropriations act language for your organization's particular grant. Similarly, grant funds may not be used for mortgage payments or real estate, which like construction costs, are prohibited under 34 C.F.R. § [75.533](#). However, some funds may be used for the costs of minor renovations that are reasonable and necessary for the operation of the project. "Minor remodeling means minor alterations in a previously completed building. The term also includes the extension of utility lines, such as water and electricity, from points beyond the confines of the space in which remodeling is undertaken but within the confines of the previously completed building. The term does not include building

construction, structural alterations to buildings, building maintenance, or repairs.” (34 C.F.R. § [77.1\(c\)](#))

- **Food and entertainment:** Rarely are these expenses allowed. There are some exceptions. For example, it would be appropriate to spend a small amount of money for food if necessary to encourage low-income parents to attend a school event that is needed to reach the goals of your organization’s grant program and is scheduled over the lunch hour. However, for example, it would not be appropriate to buy balloons and food for a banquet celebrating the one-year anniversary of a new school technology center paid for with grant money. Only in rare instances should grant funds be used to cover the cost of lunches at a conference in which teachers or other professionals are in attendance. If food and entertainment expenses are planned, the budget narrative must explain your organization’s rationale for including them. Spending grant money on alcoholic beverages is never allowed.
- **Fund-raising:** (See 2 C.F.R. § [200.442](#)) Costs of organized fund-raising, including financial campaigns, endowment drives, solicitation of gifts and bequests, and similar expenses incurred solely to raise capital or obtain contributions are not allowed.
- **Lobbying:** (See 2 C.F.R. § [200.450](#).) No Federal appropriated funds may be paid by or on behalf of the applicant to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of an agency of the Federal government, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement. The same restrictions apply to attempts to influence the introduction or amendment of any legislation before Congress, except under specific exceptions described in the cost principles.

Institutions of higher education and nonprofit organizations are also limited under the cost principles from using Federal funds to influence the introduction or amendment of State or local legislation. However, there are recognized exceptions to these general requirements, so your organization should consult the cost principles applicable to your organization for more detailed information on these limitations (See 2 C.F.R. [200.450](#).)

If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the applicant must complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, “Disclosure of Lobbying Activities,” in accordance with its instructions.

- **Religious Activities:** In accordance with EDGAR, in [34 C.F.R. § 75.532](#), no grantee may use its grant funds to pay for any of the following: 1) religious worship, instruction, or proselytization; 2) equipment or supplies to be used for any of these activities.

- Other: Other costs that may be unallowable using grant funds include the cost of advertising or public relations; capital expenditures; defense and prosecution of criminal and civil proceedings, claims, appeals and patent infringement; interest; and lobbying.

Part 3: Project Abstract

This section should be attached as a single document to the [ED Abstract Form](#) in accordance with the instructions found on [Grants.gov](#).

□ Project Abstract

The abstract should provide a one-page summary that includes the name of your organization, the name of your organization's project, and a brief overview that directly addresses the appropriations act language authorizing this project and how your organization intends to carry out a project consistent with the appropriation act language. Include the following information:

- What your organization wants to accomplish with the grant money;
- How your organization plans to carry out its goals;
- The target numbers of schools and teachers involved, and students and grade levels to be served; and
- How your organization will determine progress and gauge overall impact that may further understanding of a particular educational policy or practice.

Note: [Grants.gov](#) may include a note that indicates that the project abstract may not exceed one page; however, an abstract of more than one page may be uploaded.

Part 4: Project Narrative

This section should be attached as a **single** document to the [Project Narrative Attachment Form](#) in accordance with the instructions found on [Grants.gov](#) and should be organized in the following manner and include the following parts in order to expedite the review process.

Table of Contents

The Table of Contents shows where and how the important sections of your proposal are organized and should not exceed **one** double-spaced page.

Application Narrative

This is the major part of your organization's application in which you describe in detail what your organization plans to accomplish. The narrative should be approximately 5 to 20 double-spaced pages. **Your organization's application must address and be consistent with the appropriations act language specifying the purpose of your organization's grant, as stated in the confirmation email sent to you to verify your organization's contact for this grant, address the program requirements, and outline a level of expenditures that is consistent with the amount specified in that email.** The Federal share of the cost for the proposed scope of work may not exceed the amount available under the CFCP.

Your organization's narrative must include the following:

Project Design

- Clearly state your organization's goals and objectives and the outcomes to be achieved by the project.
- Describe the activities your organization will implement to meet those goals and objectives.
- Include a timeline for when the activities will be completed.
- Describe how your organization will measure progress made towards achieving the stated objectives, including quantitative and qualitative data that you will collect that relate to the intended outcomes of the project.
 - Include clear performance measures for each objective **either here OR in the optional performance measure form** described below in Part 5 of this application package. For example, if one of the project objectives is to support student reading achievement through an out-of-school-time program, you might have performance measures such as # of staff hired, # of students served, average # of hours served for each student.
- How your organization will use the data referenced above to engage in continuous improvement.

Project Personnel

- List the names of the people who will administer and be most involved in your organization's CFCP funded grant activities.
- Describe the responsibilities assigned to each of them with regard to the project.
- Tell us approximately what percentage of each key person's work time will be devoted to grant activities. *This information is mandatory in order to process your organization's application.*
- Enclose brief resumes for each of the following staff that describe the qualifications and relevant training and experience of the project personnel:

- a) The project director;
 - b) Other key personnel, including those working on fiscal accountability matters; and
 - c) Project consultants and contractors.
- If a position is not yet filled, please provide a brief description of that position. Further, once the position is filled, please send the person's resume to your program officer for review and approval.

Management Plan

- Describe the management plan that will enable your organization to achieve the goals and objectives of the proposed project on time and within the budget constraints, including clearly defined responsibilities, timelines, and milestones for accomplishing project tasks.
- Describe the extent to which the time commitments of the key personnel listed above, including the project director, are appropriate and adequate to meet the objectives of the proposed project.

Part 5: Other Attachments

Copy of Indirect Cost Rate Agreement, as applicable

See Appendix A for information on indirect cost rate agreements. If applicable, attach a copy of your organization's indirect cost rate agreement to the [Other Attachments Form](#) on [Grants.gov](#). Note: Consistent with 2 C.F.R. § [200.414\(f\)](#), no documentation is required to justify the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate. Entities using this rate should notify their program point of contact and include a declaration in their audited financial statement footnotes if applicable.

OPTIONAL Performance Measures Form

For each project objective described in the project narrative, add a performance measure and accompanying information on the [ED Grant Application Form for Project Objectives and Performance Measures Information](#). For example, if one of the project objectives is to support student reading achievement through an out-of-school-time program, you might have performance measures such as # of staff hired, # of students served, average # of hours served for each student.

Note: You can choose to complete this optional form for your performance measures **OR** you can include this information in the project narrative as described above in Part 4 of this application package.

Part 6: Assurances and Certifications

Applicants are required to include several forms and statements in their applications indicating that they will comply with Federal laws and regulations. Be certain to complete all required assurances and certifications in [Grants.gov](https://www.grants.gov) and include all required information in the appropriate place on each form. Certain assurances, including those in [Standard Form 424B](#) regarding federal grants are made when registering and submitting information into Sam.gov. The assurances and certifications forms included in grants.gov and required to be submitted are:

- Disclosure of Lobbying Activities (SF-LLL Form), as applicable**
See instructions below. Form SF-LLL should be submitted if your organization pays an individual or another organization to lobby for you. Instructions on the form define “lobbying.” Note: According to the ED 80-0013 cited below, grant funds cannot be used to pay for lobbying activities.
- Grants.Gov Lobbying Form – “Certification Regarding Lobbying” (ED 80-013 Form)**
This form must be signed, dated, and returned with your organization’s application. By doing so your organization is certifying that it will not spend Federal grant money for lobbying, and we expect that you and your organization will not violate the certification.
- General Education Provisions Act (GEPA) Requirements – Section 427**
See explanation and examples [here](#).

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETION OF SF-LLL, DISCLOSURE OF LOBBYING ACTIVITIES

This disclosure form shall be completed by the reporting entity, whether subawardee or prime Federal recipient, at the initiation or receipt of a covered Federal action, or a material change to a previous filing, pursuant to title 31 U.S.C. section 1352. The filing of a form is required for each payment or agreement to make payment to any lobbying entity for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with a covered Federal action. Complete all items that apply for both the initial filing and material change report. Refer to the implementing guidance published by the Office of Management and Budget for additional information.

1. Identify the type of covered Federal action for which lobbying activity is and/or has been secured to influence the outcome of a covered Federal action.
2. Identify the status of the covered Federal action.
3. Identify the appropriate classification of this report. If this is a follow up report caused by a material change to the information previously reported, enter the year and quarter in which the change occurred. Enter the date of the last previously submitted report by this reporting entity for this covered Federal action.
4. Enter the full name, address, city, State and zip code of the reporting entity. Include Congressional District, if known. Check the appropriate classification of the reporting entity that designates if it is, or expects to be, a prime or subaward recipient. Identify the tier of the subawardee, e.g., the first subawardee of the prime is the 1st tier. Subawards include but are not limited to subcontracts, subgrants and contract awards under grants.
5. If the organization filing the report in item 4 checks "Subawardee," then enter the full name, address, city, State and zip code of the prime Federal recipient. Include Congressional District, if known.
6. Enter the name of the federal agency making the award or loan commitment. Include at least one organizational level below agency name, if known. For example, Department of Transportation, United States Coast Guard.
7. Enter the Federal program name or description for the covered Federal action (item 1). If known, enter the full Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance/Assistance Listing Number (CFDA/ALN) number for grants, cooperative agreements, loans, and loan commitments.
8. Enter the most appropriate Federal identifying number available for the Federal action identified in item 1 (e.g., Request for Proposal (RFP) number; Invitations for Bid (IFB) number; grant announcement number; the contract, grant, or loan award number; the application/proposal control number assigned by the Federal agency). Included prefixes, e.g., "RFP-DE-90-001."
9. For a covered Federal action where there has been an award or loan commitment by the Federal agency, enter the Federal amount of the award/loan commitment for the prime entity identified in item 4 or 5.
10. (a) Enter the full name, address, city, State and zip code of the lobbying registrant under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 engaged by the reporting entity identified in item 4 to influence the covered Federal action.
(b) Enter the full names of the individual(s) performing services and include full address if different from 10(a). Enter Last Name, First Name, and Middle Initial (MI).
11. The certifying official shall sign and date the form, print his/her name, title, and telephone number.

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act, as amended, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control Number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is OMB No. 4040-0013. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 10 minutes per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (4040-0013), Washington, DC 20503.

III. Reporting and Accountability

Successful Applicants with multi-year grants must submit an **annual performance report (APR)** demonstrating their progress in meeting approved project objectives. Grantees must also provide the most current financial and performance measure data for each year of the project. At the end of the project period, applicants will also be required to submit a **final performance report (FPR)**.

34 C.F.R. §§ [75.110](#) and 2 C.F.R. § [200.329](#) require all grantees to provide information to the Department that describes the extent to which the funded project has achieved its goals and objectives. Annual progress reports are required for CFCP projects that exceed 12 months and are due on a date that will be specified in your organization's grant award document. Also, your organization will be required to submit a final report to the Department 90 days after the end of its grant.

If a performance report or other sources of information, including program monitoring, shows problems with the grant, the grant award may be amended to include special conditions or other administrative actions, such as the withholding of funds or the termination of the grant, may be taken by the Department. The assigned Department program officer will send the grant recipient projects a reminder when reports are due.

For specific requirements on grantee reporting, please go to the ED Performance Report Form 524B at <http://www.ed.gov/fund/grant/apply/appforms/appforms.html>.

IV. What Comes Next

Still Need Help?

If you have questions, don't be shy about contacting us—preferably sooner, rather than later. The team can be reached at k12earmarks@ed.gov.

All Done with the Application—Now What?

You've finished your application. Now what?

- **Review:** After the Department receives your organization's application, Department staff will review it to determine if your organization's application information meets the CFCP funding requirements, is complete, and adheres to the guidelines provided in this application package. The Department will contact your organization prior to the awarding of your organization's grant or if your organization needs to answer any questions or revise any portions of the application.
- **Grant Awarded:** The Department will send you an email containing a link to access an electronic version of your Grant Award Notification (GAN). This email will include information about how to set up the electronic account through which your organization draws down its funds, if necessary.
- **Special Conditions and "High-Risk" Designations:** In accordance with [2 C.F.R. § 200.208](#), a grant award may contain specific conditions if an applicant's performance or use of funds under a previous award under any Department program was not satisfactory or if other issues or problems exist that need special attention. Specific conditions may also be applied if an applicant failed to submit a performance report or its submission of a performance report was of unacceptable quality under any Department program. Additionally, in accordance with the provisions of [2 C.F.R. § 200.208](#) and [2 C.F.R. § 3474.10](#), your organization may be designated a "high-risk" grantee at any time during the grant period.
- **Post-Award Call:** After the Department awards the grant, the Department program contact assigned to your organization will be in contact with your organization to conduct a post-award call. The call's main purpose is to begin building a constructive relationship between your organization and the Department, learn of any special problems or concerns that you or your organization may have, or identify any assistance that you or your organization might need.
- **Administrative Requirements:** Grantees are required to comply with all applicable CFCP, requirements, including those in in EDGAR, Uniform Guidance, and its approved application. Grantees must use funds in accordance with these documents. Other administrative responsibilities of grantees include:
 - Directly administering or supervising the administration of the project;

- Using sufficient fiscal control and fund accounting procedures that insure proper disbursement of and accounting for Federal funds;
 - Using grant funds only for allowable expenditures; and
 - Using grant funds only for appropriate obligations made during the grant period.
- **Fiscal Requirements:** (See [2 C.F.R. § 200.302](#).) Grantees must “use fiscal control and fund accounting procedures that insure proper disbursement of and accounting for Federal funds.” In general, grantees are required to have financial management systems that:
 - Provide for accurate, current, and complete disclosure of results regarding the use of funds under grant projects;
 - Provide adequate source documentation for Federal and non-Federal funds used under grant projects;
 - Enable the grantee to maintain effective internal control and fund accountability procedures, e.g., requiring separation of functions so that the person who makes obligations for the grantee is not the same person who signs the checks to disburse the funds for those obligations;
 - Provide for a comparison of outlays with budget amounts;
 - Contain written procedures to minimize the time elapsing between the transfer of funds to the recipient from the U.S. Treasury and the issuance or redemption of checks, warrants or payments by other means for program purposes;
 - Contain written procedures to determine the allowability, allocability, and reasonableness of obligations and expenditures made by the grantee; and
 - Have accounting records including cost accounting records that are supported by source documentation. (See 2 C.F.R. §§ [200.302](#) and [75.702](#).)

State systems must account for funds in accordance with State laws and procedures that apply to the expenditure of and the accounting for a State’s own funds. A State’s procedures, as well as those of its sub recipients and cost-type contractors, must be sufficient to permit the preparation of reports that may be required under the award as well as provide for the tracing of expenditures to a level adequate to establish that award funds have not been used in violation of any applicable statutory restrictions or prohibitions.

- **Accounting and Grant Records Requirements:** Grantees need to keep and maintain records regarding use of grant funds, compliance with program requirements, and records demonstrating the effectiveness of the grant in meeting its objectives. The financial records need to show the amount and source of all funds used to run the grant, including any matching funds that were promised in the initial application. The records also must document how those funds were used. These records are used to demonstrate to program staff and independent auditors that all funds have been used for allowable costs.

In addition, grantees are required, under the record retention and access provisions in the Uniform Guidance at [2 C.F.R. 200.334 -200.338](#) which require, among other things, that grant records be maintained for three years after the completion of the activities for which grant funds were used, and until any audits, claims, and or litigation are completed and resolved.

- Internal Controls: (See [2 C.F.R. § 200.303](#).) Grantee organizations are required to have management systems that enable the grantee to maintain the effective administration of internal control and fund accountability procedures. Two key elements in meeting criteria for internal control and accountability are meeting documentation and approval standards for the expenditure of grant funds. A significant number of findings noted in audit and monitoring reports focus on these areas. Therefore, recipient entities are encouraged to carefully review the information in this section.

An effective plan of internal control should include, but not be limited to:

- Maintain documented internal controls policy and procedures that are updated on a regular basis.
- Ensure that everyone in the organization understands their role in the internal control process and in maintaining the process to assure accountability.
- Maintain a documented conflict of interest policy and a process to ensure compliance.
- Prepare documented strategic, operations, and financial plans and conduct timely performance reviews.
- Ensure adequate separation of functions in obligating, authorizing, processing, recording, disbursing and reconciling grant expenditures.
- Maintain records to accurately document and account for all transactions in accordance with documented organization's policy.
- Have a documented procurement process that requires properly approved purchase requisitions, purchase orders, and competitive bidding procedures, where appropriate, and ensures compliance. The process must provide for the effective review of vendor invoices and contract deliverables as part of the payment approval process to control the risk of improper payments.
- Maintain an asset management system inclusive of inventory controls for equipment and other assets purchased with grant funds.
- Maintain a time and attendance system that records and distributes staff time and activities and accurately distributes costs to the various project activities.

Internal control policies and procedures must be clearly documented and available for examination. The documentation should appear in management directives, administrative policies, or operating manuals and may be in paper or electronic form. All documentation and records should be properly managed, maintained, and updated timely. During the course of each project period, a Department project officer will include a discussion and review of internal controls as a part the monitoring process as will any auditors that review organization performance.

- Data Quality: To ensure successful implementation and positive outcomes as a result of the project, grantees should use the information described in the narrative to monitor progress of the funded project and provide accountability information about success at the initial site and, if appropriate, effective strategies for replication in other settings. We encourage applicants to devote an appropriate level of resources to evaluate/assess the progress of their projects towards achieving their goals and objectives, including sufficient resources to collect

quantitative and qualitative data. Grantees should ensure that all data, both programmatic and fiscal, reported to the Department are timely and accurate.

- Monitoring and Auditing by the Department: After the Department issues a grant award, your organization should expect to be contacted on a regular basis by Department program staff or other Department representatives, and the Department may conduct an on-site visit to your organization's project. Your organization must maintain adequate documentation and records to demonstrate that the project is operating in a manner that is fully consistent with all applicable laws. The Department expects that your organization will be fully cooperative with the Department representatives, fully responsive to their requests for relevant information, and will provide access to project personnel and others connected to the project. The Department's Office of Inspector General (OIG) may also audit the project, and your organization must ensure that it fully cooperates with the OIG and other auditors.
- Single Audit: If your organization is a governmental or not-for-profit organization that expends \$750,000 in federal funds in your organization's fiscal year, whether from this grant alone or in conjunction with other federal funds, you are subject to the audit requirements of [2 C.F.R. § 200.501](#), and must arrange for an organization-wide audit that meets certain requirements and be conducted by an independent auditor; this audit is known as a "single audit." The OMB Compliance Supplement that covers specific compliance requirements the auditor must cover in a single audit can be found at this site: <https://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/office-federal-financial-management/>. Part 7 of the Compliance Supplement provide guidance for auditing programs not included in the compliance supplement, which would include all CFCP awards, which would include CFCP awards.

As noted earlier on page 23 of this application package, the Department has determined that, to effectively conduct some of the CFCPs, subgrants may be an appropriate and necessary approach to meet the purposes of some programs. Accordingly, the Department authorized CFCPs grantees to make CFCP subgrants in compliance with all applicable statutes and regulations. Subrecipients that are governmental or not-for-profit entities are subject to the requirements of [Subpart F of 2 C.F.R. Part 200](#) if they expend \$750,000 of Federal funds whether from your organization's subgrant alone, or in conjunction with other federal funds. Your organization may enter into contracts with outside vendors to provide services related to your organization's grant; however, your organization must be sure to retain responsibility for making all substantive decisions with respect to implementation of its grant. Expenditures related to vendors must be covered in your organization's single audit.

Thank you for your and your organization's diligence in completing the application and being prepared to properly implement a grant. We look forward to working with you and your organization.

Attachment A: Instructions for Charging Indirect Costs

Introduction

What are indirect costs and what is an Indirect Cost Rate (ICR)? Unlike direct costs ([2 C.F.R. 200.413](#)), indirect costs ([2 C.F.R. 200.414](#)) cannot be readily identified with a particular final cost objective and provide equitable benefit to both Federal and non-Federal programs. Indirect costs are those costs that are incurred for common or joint objectives and are often classified as “management and general expenses.” Examples of common items charged as indirect costs, when the organization has multiple sources of funding, include:

1. The costs of operating and maintaining facilities, equipment, and grounds (equitable portion of “facilities costs”);
2. Depreciation of equipment that supports indirect activities, bought by the grantee using its own funds; and
3. Salaries of executive and administrative personnel and services such as payroll, accounting, auditing, human resources, etc.

An ICR is the ratio, expressed as a percentage, of accumulated or “pooled” indirect costs divided by a direct cost base. An ICR and its supporting documentation serve as the financial blueprint (for organizations charging costs to Federal awards) in the following ways:

1. Provide management information.
2. Establish compliance with Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Uniform Guidance [2 C.F.R. 200](#).
3. Legislative and program requirements (such as the Education Department General Administrative Regulations 34 C.F.R.)
4. Furnish documentation for auditors.

The Department reimburses grantees for its portion of the indirect costs that a grantee incurs on projects funded by the grant program. To charge indirect costs to a grant, a grantee must do one of the following: (1) use the de minimis ([2 C.F.R. 200.414\(f\)](#)) indirect cost rate (for programs that do not have the legislative requirements for restricted indirect cost rates ([34 C.F.R. § 75.563](#) and [76.563](#)) or regulatory requirements for training indirect cost rates ([34 C.F.R. 75.562](#)); (2) use a currently approved Negotiated Indirect Cost Rate Agreement (NICRA); or (3) use the temporary rate of 10% of budgeted salaries and wages. If a grantee elects (3), the grantee must submit a proposed indirect cost rate agreement within 90 days after the date your grant is awarded, as required by [34 CFR § 75.560](#).

De minimis ICR

Institutions of Higher Education (IHEs), federally recognized Indian Tribes, State and Local Governments receiving less than \$35 million in direct federal funding, and nonprofit organizations, if they do not have a current negotiated (including provisional) rate, and are not subject to the Department’s training rate or restricted rate (supplement-not-supplant provisions) may elect to charge a de minimis indirect cost rate of 10% of modified total direct costs (MTDC). This rate may be used indefinitely.

MTDC eligible costs include all direct salaries and wages, applicable fringe benefits, materials and supplies, services, travel, and any contracts or subawards up to the first \$25,000 of each contract or subaward (i.e., subgrant). MTDC **excludes** equipment, capital expenditures, charges for patient care, rental costs, tuition remission, scholarships and fellowships, participant support costs and the portion of each contract or subaward in excess of \$25,000. Other items may be excluded when necessary to avoid a serious inequity in the distribution of indirect costs (see definition of MTDC at [2 C.F.R. § 200.1](#)).¹

Additionally, the de minimis rate may not be used by grantees that are subject to the Department's training indirect cost rate ([34 C.F.R. § 75.562](#)) or restricted indirect cost rate. The de minimis rate may be used indefinitely. However, if a grantee chooses to use the de minimis rate to recover indirect costs, it must do so for all of its Federal awards until such time as the grantee negotiates an indirect cost rate with its cognizant agency. Once a grantee obtains a federally recognized indirect cost rate that is applicable to this grant, the grantee may use that indirect cost rate to claim indirect cost reimbursement.

The de minimis indirect cost rate only allows the grantee to recover indirect costs incurred on or after the date the beginning of the project period.

Negotiated Indirect Cost Rate Agreement (NICRA)

Any grantee charging indirect costs to a grant under this program that does not elect or is ineligible to use the de minimis ICR must have a NICRA with and approved by its cognizant agency for indirect costs, i.e., either (1) the Federal agency from which it has received the most direct funding, subject to indirect cost support; (2) the particular agency specifically assigned cognizance by OMB; or (3) the Recipient ([2 C.F.R. 200.1](#)) that is the Passthrough ([2 C.F.R. 200.1](#)) entity that provides subawards to the grantee ([2 C.F.R. 200.332\(a\)\(4\)](#)).

You and your organization should pay special attention to specific questions, on the application budget form (ED 524), about your organization's cognizant agency and the ICR that your organization is using in its budget.

If your organization does not have an ICR already established and approved, step one is to determine your eligibility for the de minimis ICR, step two elect the de minimis ICR if applicable or establish a ICR that it can use to charge indirect costs, and propose that rate to your organization's cognizant agency. To establish a NICRA, your organization should determine which of the following categories apply to your organization and then follow the guidance associated with that category.

Category I - CFCP recipient's Federal funding includes the Department CFCP and direct assistance, that is not an CFCP, from another Federal agency.

¹ Note: Make sure to use the MTDC in calculating the allowable amount of funds going toward indirect costs rather than calculating 10% of the total award.

Guidance – Your organization may elect the de minimis rate or obtain an NICRA from the Federal agency that provides the majority of direct assistance or the agency that is designated as your organization’s cognizant agency.

Category II - The CFCP recipient’s Federal funding includes only the Department CFCP and other direct assistance from the Department that is not an CFCP.

Guidance – Your organization may elect the de minimis rate or obtain an approved NICRA from the Department’s Indirect Cost Division (ICD). Review and follow the final regulations published at De minimis [2 C.F.R. 200.414\(f\)](#), and NICRA [34 C.F.R. 75.560](#). The rules applicability of the depends on the grantee program types.

Category III - The CFCP recipient is a “for profit” commercial firm and the CFCP is the sole Federal award to the organization, but the organization has other sources of revenues.

Guidance – Your organization may elect the de minimis rate or obtain an approved, ICR from the Department’s Indirect Cost Division. Please refer to the guidance given above for Category II.

*Commercial Entities must be mindful that their applicable cost principles unless otherwise agreed to are located in the Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR) [48 C.F.R. 31.201-31.205-52](#) Contract Cost Principles and Procedures.

Category IV- The CFCP recipient is a nonprofit organization and the Department CFCP represents the organization’s only direct Federal assistance.

Guidance – Your organization must use its most recent IRS Form 990. The IRS Form 990 will serve as the basis for the indirect cost rate calculation, in lieu of a formal indirect cost proposal tied to audited financial statements. Generally, the Department’s program office will accept the “fixed indirect cost rate” calculated using the IRS 990 financial information for the performance period of each individual CFCP.

Online Resources

Indirect Cost Division Training (<https://www2.ed.gov/rms-training/indirect-cost-fy-21/story.htm>)
Indirect Cost Division Website (<http://www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocfo/fipao/icgindex.html>)

To obtain instructions for preparing an indirect cost rate proposal, please send a request to Indirect Cost Division’s e-mail address: indirectcostdivision@ed.gov.

Please note the following:

1. If your organization receives funding under an CFCP and does not have a currently approved ICR with your organization’s cognizant agency as a result of current or previous funding, the Department will require your organization to obtain an approved ICR within 90 days after the

date of the grant award. As noted above, the Department is very often *not* the cognizant agency for its own grantees. Rather, the Department accepts the currently approved ICR established by the appropriate cognizant agency.

2. Your organization is encouraged to use its accountant (or CPA) to calculate a proposed ICR using information in the IRS Form 990, audited financial statements, or actual cost data. Applicants should use this proposed rate in their application materials and indicate which of the above methods was used to calculate the rate. Guidance for using the IRS 990 financial information or creating a model cost policy statement can be found [here](#).

If you and your organization have questions about using an ICR under the grant program, please contact the program contact person contained in the confirmation email.

Please remember, when filing your organization's application, to let us know which of the categories listed above that your organization is using. If your organization is using a previously approved negotiated rate, please enclose a copy of the negotiated rate agreement showing with whom it was established, when it was established, and the rate.

Additional Indirect Cost Information and Example for Training Grants

If you are applying for a discretionary grant that the U.S. Department of Education considers to be a "Training grant," your indirect cost reimbursement is limited. See the Education Department General Administration Regulations (EDGAR), [34 C.F.R. 75.562](#), Indirect cost rates for educational training projects.

Indirect cost reimbursement on ED training grants is limited to the grantee's actual indirect costs as determined by the grantee's negotiated indirect cost rate agreement or 8% of a modified total direct cost base, **whichever is less**. Indirect costs in excess of the 8% limit may not be charged directly, used to satisfy matching or cost-sharing requirements, or charged to another Federal award.

For the purposes of calculating indirect costs for training grants, [34 C.F.R. 75.562\(c\)](#), defines a modified total direct cost base as:

"total direct costs less stipends, tuition and related fees, and capital expenditures of \$5,000 or more."

Note: This limitation on indirect cost reimbursement for training grants does not apply to agencies of State or local governments, including federally recognized Indian tribal governments. However, the 8% limit applies to cost-type contracts under grants, if these contracts are for training as defined in [34 C.F.R. 75.562\(a\)](#).

Example of Budget Form using de minimis rate

Below is a simplified example for calculating indirect costs using the de minimis rate and the budget categories from the ED 524 form, Budget Information – Non-construction Programs. The

ED 524 and Instructions can be found at:

<http://www.ed.gov/fund/grant/apply/appforms/appforms.html>.

For the purposes of this example, the de minimis rate of 10% of a modified total direct cost base is used to calculate indirect costs.

1. Personnel			174,000
2. Fringe Benefits			50,000
3. Travel			10,000
4. Equipment			8,200
5. Supplies			920
6. Contractual			54,900
7. Construction			-
8. Other (Tuition)			5,400
9. Total Direct Costs			303,420
Calculate Modified Total Direct Cost Base			
Total Direct Costs		303,420	
Less:			
Equipment	8,200		
Tuition	5,400		
Contract funds excess of \$25,000	29,900		
		43,500	
Modified Total Direct Cost Base:		259,920	
Multiply \$259,920 by 10%:		25,992	
10. Indirect Costs			25,992
11. Total Costs			329,412

Attachment B: Sample Budget Justification

This sample is intended to provide guidance only. Each applicant is expected to follow the format but tailor the budget request and justification to the entity's specific project.

Personnel

Robin Doe, Project Director (\$75,000 x .20 FTE) The project director will have oversight of the program and provide supervision, recruitment and training of the program liaisons.	\$ 15,000
Chris Que, Project Coordinator (\$48,000 x 1.0 FTE) The Coordinator will be responsible for day-to-day project activities.	\$ 48,000
Program Liaisons (2 x \$35,000 x 1.0 FTE) The program liaisons will be responsible for day-to-day school/ community outreach activities.	\$ 70,000
1 Support staff (\$24,000 x .40 FTE)	\$ <u>9,600</u>
Total Personnel	\$142,600

Fringe Benefits

100% of medical, dental, vision, life, and disability for full-time employees is covered at 18.25% of annual salary.

Project Director (\$15,000 x 0.1825)	\$ 2,738
Project Coordinator (\$48,000 x 0.1825)	\$ 8,760
2 Program Liaisons (\$70,000 x 0.1825)	\$ 12,775
1 Support staff (\$9,600 x 0.1825)	\$ <u>1,752</u>
Total Fringe Benefits	\$ 26,025

Travel

Funds are requested for travel for the Director and Coordinator to attend a meeting in Washington, DC, and for mileage for staff travel between the office and the local sites.

2 trips to Washington, DC	\$ 1,570
Hotel @ \$125/night x 2 nights x 2 people = \$500	
Round trip airfare = \$230 x 2 people = \$460	
Ground transportation = \$80 x 2 people = \$160	
Per Diem @ \$75/day x 3 days x 2 people = \$450	

Mileage reimbursement for local travel between project sites Estimated 350 miles x \$0.405	\$ <u>142</u>
Total Travel	\$ 1,712
Equipment (Only items with a useful life of more than one year and an Acquisition cost of \$5,000 or more per unit go here. However, if your organization has established a lower equipment threshold for general purposes, you must use that threshold in your budget. Please include a statement about your equipment threshold with your budget.)	-0-
Supplies	
3 Pentium-class computers @ \$1,100 each Each full-time staff person will be assigned a computer. (Note: if your organization has an equipment threshold of \$1,000, for example, then this item would have to be included in the budget for equipment.)	\$ 3,300
1 Laser color printer for training and workshop materials	\$ 800
General office supplies Includes paper, pens, pencils, and other desk supplies.	\$ <u>1,500</u>
Total Supplies	\$ 5,600
Contractual	
External Project Evaluator Shawn Mars has been hired to conduct evaluations of other activities for this agency and will conduct the evaluation for this project and produce the report as discussed in the narrative section.	\$ 20,000
Other	
Photocopier lease at \$300/month x 12 months	\$ 3,600
Telephones @ \$170/month x 12 months (If not covered under your indirect cost rate agreement)	\$ 2,040
Postage @ \$50/month x 12 months	\$ <u>600</u>
Total Other	\$ 6,240
Total Direct Costs	\$202,177
Indirect Cost at de minimis rate of 10%	\$ <u>20,217</u>
Project Total	\$222,395